THE TWELVE PAGES.

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,772—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 3-30 p.m.	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
12th Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
19th ,,	PERSIA	8000		
26th ,,	*MALOJA	12500	MACEDONIA	10500
2nd Nov.	CHINA	8000		
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
16th ,,	ARABIA	8000		
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
30th ,,	MEDINA	12500		
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	8000		
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000
28th ,,	PERSIA	8000		

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
11th ,,	MACEDONIA	10500		
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th ,,	ARABIA	8000		
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10500
8th ,,	CHINA	8000		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd Feb.	EGYPT	8000		
1st March	MOREA	11000		
8th ,,	PERSIA	8000		
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
19th ,,	†ARCADIA	7000		
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000		
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000		
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000		
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500		
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000		
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th ,,	PERSIA	8000		

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S. S. MACEDONIA.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p. m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD. INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	14th Oct.	11 a.m.*	P.D. and C.M.
Kasara	1195	Thurs.	17th Oct.	9 a. m.	† C. M.
Linga	2185	Friday	18th Oct.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.

* Porebander, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara" 1195 tons, on Thursday, 17th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Barala" 3200 tons, on Wednesday, 16th October, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons on Thursday 31st October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 19th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents,
Ballard Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY,
12th October, 1912.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Semiramis	3999	A. Bilaffer	16th Oct
Habsburg	3979	E. Sobarich	1st Nov
Leopolis	3105	P. Badewich	16th Nov
Semiramis	3999	A. Bilaffer	16th Dec

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS' SEASON 1913 ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Feb
Semiramis	3999	A. Bilaffer	16th ,,
Gablonz	3000	...	1st Mar
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chers'ch	1st April
Semiramis	3999	A. Bilaffer	16th ,,
Gablonz	8000	...	1st May
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st June

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
Vorwaerts	5990	...	28th Feb
F. Ferdinand	6016	...	28th Mar
Austria	7538	...	28th Apr

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

FIRST CLASS—
To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 500
To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 750
To London via Trieste ... ,, 579 to 644*
To London via Trieste and back ... ,, 903 ,, 1038*

SECOND CLASS—
To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 350
To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 525
To London via Trieste ... ,, 429 to 449†
To London via Trieste and back ... ,, 633 ,, 723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.
† Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS—
To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 675
To London via Trieste ... ,, 529 to 594*
To London via Trieste and back ... ,, 832 ,, 933*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by de Bothards, Taurea and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritim from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
Persia	5395	L. Ivanvich	9th Nov.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

E. STUPARICH,
Acting Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE).

Approximate sailings from Bombay and Karachi for Marseilles, Liverpool, &c.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1912	Due Bombay about 1912	Leave Bombay about 1912	Leave Karachi about 1912
*Merton Hall	4327	....	...	12 Oct.	...
City of Calcutta	7630	.....	...	..	22 Oct.
City of Paris	9232	.....	...	...	2 Nov.
City of Birmingham	7473	.....	21 Oct.	..	6 ,,
*Newby Hall	4388	....	29 ,,	..	13 ,,
City of Glasgow	6532	16 Oct.	7/8 Nov.	...	28 ,,
Trafford Hall	5824	23 ,,	16 ,,	...	6 Dec.
City of Athens	5594	31 ,,	23 ,,	...	13 ,,
City of Karachi	5466	8 Nov.	3 Dec.	...	21 ,,
					1913
City of Lahore	6875	30 ,,	23 ,,	..	14 Jan.
			1913		
City of Paris	9232	11 Dec.	2/3 Jan.	..	25 ,,

NOTE—All the above Steamers except the Merton Hall, Netherby Hall, Newby Hall, Locksley Hall and Trafford Hall have second class accommodation.

* These are "B" class steamers.

PARIS.	1st class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	646
London via Marseilles	653	1,041	489	809
Liverpool	606	937	462	...

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B.I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

JOINT SERVICE in connection with NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained.

Through Bookings to AMERICA in conjunction with the CUNARD LINE.

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd.

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

HOTELS.

LONDON HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
(*Near the Houses of Parliament.*)

FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the

PROPRIETOR.

Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

POLACEK'S CARLTON HOTEL.

LATE MATCHIN'S HOTEL, Outram Road, BOMBAY.

THIS is the Residental Family Hotel of Bombay per excellence. For Europeans only. It is constructed and fitted up on the most modern principles. Electric light and fans in every room, and it has besides the best sanitary arrangements with Hot and Cold baths laid on.

The cuisine in charge of an experienced chef is unsurpassed in Bombay. Suites of rooms or single rooms can be engaged by the day or month and the terms will compare favourably with other Hotels in Bombay.

For terms please apply to the

MANAGING PROPRIETOR.

OAKES' MADRAS CHEROOTS

Are recognised as the standards of excellence. They are hand-made, and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands:—

		Per 100 Rs.	A.
Orientals,	5"—Boxed 100	3	8
United Service,	6" ,, 50	7	0
Vishnus (Longs)	5" ,, 100	3	14
Vishnus (Shorts)	3½" ,, 100	2	12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd., Post Box 24, MADRAS.

SPORTS CUPS AND BOWLS IS ONE OF OUR LEADING LINES.

WE have now on view a handsome collection of PRESENTATION PLATE embracing the latest ideas and productions of the best Art. Apart from originality in design of the whole collection offered, there are many pieces, however, which can claim

ACTUAL "INDIVIDUALITY" of craftsmanship.

These special designs are of Hall-marked Sterling Silver and in accordance with our well-known reputation they have had added to them the characteristic feature of English sturdiness and the Highest Finish.

We undertake the engraving of INSCRIPTIONS, CRESTS and MONOGRAMS on gold and silver articles and guarantee the very best work and prompt execution of orders.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, and WATCH-MAKERS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Cholorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

A Rare and Refreshing Drink

One that you will appreciate for its delicious flavour, its purity, its real healthfulness, its absolute freedom from anything that will have a harmful effect

PETER WALKER LAGER

is the drink you have been waiting for. Always in fine, bright, sparkling condition

Sole Agents for Bombay & North-West India: TREACHER & CO. LTD., Bombay

BRITISH BREWED

BEST *in the* WORLD



Ask for "The Boy Brand" And see that you get it

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Steamer "CAPRI," from HONGKONG and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL on the 11th instant, and are requested to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their goods landed at Victoria Dock No. 16 Shed.

All claims for damages etc., to be presented and adjusted before the departure of the Steamer on the 16th instant.

No survey will be allowed after the removal of the goods from the Landing Shed.

G. FERRERO,
Agent, Societa N. Di. S. Marittimi.

Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

S. S. "CITY OF PARIS."
ARRIVED on 11th October, 1912.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the Docks. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, and within one week of their being landed otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS' AGENCY,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Bombay, 11th October, 1912.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.

DELHI AGENTS: KING, KING & CO.

MESSRS. PHIPSON & Co. beg to announce they have APPOINTED as their DELHI AGENTS MESSRS. KING, KING & Co., who will hold a stock of their Wines, etc., from the 10th October, 1912.

Address:
Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,
(Agents for Messrs. Phipson & Co.),
1, Kashmir Gate, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
O. O. C. J.
HIGH COURT.
Suit No. 36 of 1907.
NURBHAI ABDUL HUSAIN
Vs.
R. D. SETHNA.

THE Undersigned the Receiver appointed in the above Suit will put up FOR SALE in his Office, in High Court, on SATURDAY next, the 12th instant, at 4 p. m., the right, title, interest of the parties to the Consent Decree herein dated the 13th February, 1912, in the property Registered No. 88 in the Map marked Sheet C and situate in the Market Quarter of the City of Karachi, admeasuring about 650 Sqr. Yds. standing in the names of JEEWANJI and WALLIJI NURBHAI, the particulars and conditions of the sale whereof may be had either from the Undersigned or his Solicitors Messrs. MADHAWJI, KAMDAR and CHHOTUBHAI, at their Office in Meadows Street, Bombay.

B. N. LANG,
Receiver in Suit No. 36 of 1907.

High Court,
Bombay, 9th October, 1912.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

APOLLO RECLAMATION COTTON STORAGE GROUND.

FIRMS and individuals desiring to occupy land at the Apollo Reclamation Cotton Green for the Season 1912-13, are requested to make payment of the Season ground rent due on the plots by the 20th October, 1912. The rents should be paid at the Port Trust Fee Receiving Office at the Apollo Reclamation.

After the 20th October 1912, any plots not paid for, will be considered as vacant and rented out to applicants as they come forward.

A. PANTON,
Traffic Manager
Port Trust Bunders.

Bombay 2nd October 1912.

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND
AND IN
FRANCE, GERMANY, BELGIUM, and SWITZERLAND.

MESSRS. J. and J. PATON, having an intimate knowledge of the best SCHOOLS TUTORS, and FAMILIES throughout the British Isles and the Continent, will be pleased to aid parents in their choice of suitable Establishments for their Boy and Girls. Prospectuses and full information will be forwarded, free of charge, on receipt of detailed statement of requirements, age of pupil, district preferred, fees to be paid, &c.—Address J. and J. PATON, Educational Agents, 143, Cannon-street, London, E.C.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.,
DEALERS IN STATIONERY,
SURVEYING
ENGINEERING
AND
DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, ETC.
ARTISTS'
MATERIALS ETC.,
No 9-13 KANTA BUILDING,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.
A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA.
To be had from the 'Bombay Gazette."

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

BI-WEEKLY PROGRAMMES.

In response to the REQUESTS of a large Number of Visitors, the Management have decided to introduce BI-WEEKLY instead of WEEKLY PROGRAMMES, which will come into operation with effect from TO-NIGHT. Therefore TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME will be in force upto TUESDAY and the 2nd PROGRAMME will have effect from WEDNESDAY to SATURDAY, the NEXT CHANGE taking place on SUNDAY. Accordingly Wednesdays and Sundays will in future be the days for the BI-WEEKLY CHANGES of PROGRAMMES.

TO-NIGHT.
TWO SHOWS ONLY.
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 P. M.

AT 10 P. M.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
OF
THE COWEN COMEDY CO.
Positively the last night.

TO-MORROW NIGHT, SUNDAY,
THREE SHOWS AS USUAL.
7 to 8: 8-30 to 9-30: 10 to 11 P.M.
OUR FIRST BI-WEEKLY PROGRAMME
SATURDAY, to TUESDAY,
12th to 15th OCTOBER.

RESURRECTION
of NICK WINTER.

One of the most interesting, captivating, thrilling, and stupendous Detective films ever produced—spectator's attention never abates, passing from one incident to another.

A MODERN YARN:
cleverly illustrated on a school slate with chalk.

The drama "A Brute's Revenge" and the comic film "He wanted to see but—!!! with the Animated Gazette complete the first Bi-weekly programme."

WESTERN INDIA FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.
CIVIL vs. MILITARY
in aid of the funds of the
UNION JACK CLUB.
The best of three Games will decide.

FIRST GAME—SATURDAY 12th Oct.
St. Mary's Band will be in attendance and the Boys of St. Mary's High School will perform first Lance and Bar Bell Drill in costume second Drill on Stilts with Tableaux.

SECOND GAME—MONDAY 14th Oct.
By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Vaughan and Officers of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment the Regimental Band will play selections, the Regimental Drums will also be in attendance and a Gymnastic Display will be given by the members of the Regiment.

Each Night at 5 p. m.
Entrance to West Stand.....Re. 1
" East Enclosure.....As. 8

INSURANCES.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID	£ 29,500,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS...	13,000,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,550,000
BONUS DECLARED.....	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1¼ per cent. (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to
H. M. COOK,
Ag. Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 4,00,00,000

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply
R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER.
Oriental Building, Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.
150°
It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.
HAVE YOU TRIED
"SHELL"?
It is the finest American Case Oil.

150° "SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA. 150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn
SEE THAT YOU GET
"SHELL"
THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

IMPORTED BY
THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA) LD.,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

"SHELL" 150°

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)
GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)
GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)
GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)
GATEAU JAPONAIS—Pineapple Iced Cake.)
GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)
GATEAU IDEAL—(Cream Pastry Cake.)
GATEAU FLAMANDE—(Lemon and Almond Cake.)
GATEAU SUBLIME—(Very light apricot-flavoured Cake.)
GATEAU St. HONORE—(Whipped-cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET.
Telephone No. 325.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer.
SOFTSHELL NUTS for DESSERT such as WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS
HORS-D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and in Italy.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES. (Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, Annas 8, Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

PURE WHITE HONEY ready 2lbs tin U.P. P. Extra. HONEY-COMB FRESH in November 1-2-0—THE HONEY Co., CHAMBA, PUNJAB.

WANTED.—Fully competent ENGLISH NURSE, to take infant, from the mouth. Apply with testimonials stating salary to Box No. 371, Advertising Department, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A TELEPHONE OPERATOR—one who knows English. Apply Box No. 349, care of this Paper.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

GAZDAR AND CO.—MERCHANTS and CONTRACTORS, Church Gate Street. Large Stock best English and Italian flooring, Dado Wall Tiles, Majolica Mosaic, Hand Brand Cement, Marble, Lavatory Basins Closets, Bath Tubs, etc.

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ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
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CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... ,, 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. p. a. from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent p. a., for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

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Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
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CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
CAPITAL PAID UP .....Rs. 10,00,000.
RESERVED FUND .....Rs. 12,500.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. per annum and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

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FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months, 5 per cent and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

SALE TO-MORROW, SUNDAY 13TH OCTOBER.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY the 13th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 19 New Marine Lines, opposite Military Office, and General's bungalow valuable teak and blackwood house-hold furniture by John Roberts, Breslauer and others (also few pieces of artistic designed English furniture) such as sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror sideboard, dumbwaiters, show cupboard for silverware upholstered drawing-room, suites of sofas and chairs, carved blackwood furniture, handsome cabinets, marble top tables, Jost table fan, Gramophone Machine with selected Bell Gramophone records, Arthur Alison's grand cottage piano nearly new iron and brass double and single bedsteads, mirror door almyrah, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, chest-of-drawers, Treacher's rich glassware, Crown Derby porcelainware, ice box with Refregerator old Chinaware, bend chicks, oil pictures, brass standing lamps, table ornaments, etc.

The property of E. E. Savi, Esq. of Alliance Bank of Simla and others. Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 14th inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as chairs and cupboards, sofas, glass, and panel door cupboards, dressing, wash-hand and writing tables, phonographs, iron safes, &c.

1 iron frame grand cottage Piano by Winklemann.
1 fine Octave Chicago cottage harmonium by Soundy & Co.
1 Dynamo.

At 2-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 light rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 light rubber-tyred Victoria.
1 English made rubber-tyred malephaeton.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 12th October, 1912.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES one situate on the South side of Bibijan Street and on the West side of Nagdevi Street and the other at Dadar Main Road Dadar G. I. P. Railway (near Mr. Kathok's lodge.)

Under instructions from and by the order of Messrs Mulla and Mulla. Attorneys for the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors in exercise of the power of the sale given to the Mortgagee under an indenture of mortgage dated the 13th day of July, 1911 Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on and the respective days herein below mentioned the undermentioned properties at the premises.

SALE OF BIBIJAN STREET PROPERTY.

on MONDAY, 14th October 1912 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground whereof Krishnaji Bhao Vashudeo is the Fazendar and yearly rent whereof is Rs. 4-8 containing by admeasurement 144 5-9 square yards or thereabouts exclusive of the gully or passage on the South and West side thereof together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the South side of Bibijan Street and the West side of Nagdevi Street out of Fort Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No 6697 as stated by Meghji Vullabhdas and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 272 and Street Nos. 310 and 312 and bounded on the North by the aforesaid Bibijan Street on the East by the aforesaid Nagdevi Street on the South by a gully or passage which is about two feet and nine inches wide on the East side thereof and about one foot and nine inches on the West side thereof and beyond it by the house of Vasudeo Balajee (half of which said gully belongs to the premises described herein and the whole of which said gully is used in common by the occupiers of the premises described herein and of the said house of Vashudeo Balaji) and on the West by a gully or sweeper's passage which is about 5 feet wide on the North side thereof and about 4 feet wide on the South side thereof and beyond which is the house of Nagardass Sabhugdass and forms a part of New Survey No. 2196.

SALE OF DADAR MAIN ROAD PROPERTIES.

On WEDNESDAY, 16th October, 1912 at the premises at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.

Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold Salt Batty land or ground containing by admeasurement 2,498 3-4 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Dadar Main Road, out of Fort, Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 478, and 2001 and New No. 12485; and 12148 and New Survey No. 201 and bounded on the North by the vacant land formerly belonging to Daniel Francis Murzello and now belonging to the Mortgagors being property secondly hereinafter described, on the South by the vacant land now and formerly belonging to the said Daniel Francis Murzello on the East by the public road and on the West by the G. I. P. Ry. line and which said Salt Batty ground is at present in the occupation of the Mortgagors.

Secondly:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold Salt Batty land or ground containing by admeasurement 2789 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling-house standing thereon situate at Dadar Main Road out of Fort Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 489 and 2001 and New No. 12497 and New Survey No. 2001 and bounded on the North by the property of Bai Dinbai widow of Muncherji Bejonji, on the South by the vacant premises hereinbefore firstly described on the East by the public road and on the West by the G. I. P. Railway line and which Salt Batty ground is at present in the occupation of the Mortgagors and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F. Ward No. 522 (2) (3) (3A) and Street No. 155A 155B and 155 B. B.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE, & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 12th October, 1912.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

By order of Messrs. Viraji Thacriji & Co. and on account and risk of Thacker Dewji Naron.—

One gold mohanmala, about 13 1-2 tolas.
7 gold buttons, about 2 tolas.
One gold ring, set with diamond and sapphire.

By order of Marwadi Siremal Binraj and on account and risk of Rugunath Sukhdeo.

2 boras merta bati wool.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong English built rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature brougham by Windover, in very good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 handsome strong rubber tyred C. spring victoria by Stephens with a black waler mare and harness.

AUCTION SALE of Hosiery bobins with grey yarn, Machinery Purwinding and Sizing Frames, Machinery and piece-goods, etc., damaged by fire and water.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 3 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Knatau Makanji S. and W. Co., Mill's compound, at Byculla Bridge, Haines Road, on account of the Insurance offices concerned the following:—

One large lot of hosiery and sizing machinery, purwinding and sizing frames, machinery, hosiery bobins with grey yarn and also a large lot of piece-goods etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 percent will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Old Paradise Lodge, Powai Road, Malabar Hill," very valuable and handsome, French and English made artistic household furniture, such as large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side-board and dumb-waiters, large durrie carpets, wall clock, glass door, cupboard, drawing-room sofas and chairs by Roberts, one French writing Bureau and a small secret combination safe fitting the Bureau, one handsome sweet tone ebonized semi-grand piano by Pleyel Wolff & Co. Paris, large tapestry curtains, hall lamp, writing tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing, chests-of-drawers, clothes and gown presses, dressing and wash-hand tables, chival glass, one large English ice box, glass and crockeryware, China matting, copper utensils, one 15 H-P 4 cylinder, Limousine Body Panhard Levassor, etc. etc. The property of J. N. Metaxa, Esq., Manager, Ralli Bros.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view from the 19th instant.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 12th October, 1912.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

HOOK—Sept. 12, at Mount Pleasant, Poughill, N Cornwall, the wife of Lieut. A. Eustace M. Hook (retired), of a son.

BENN—Sept. 17, at 51 Festing Grove, Southsea, the wife of Engine Commander E. P. St. J. Benn, R. N. of a daughter.

EDWARDS—Sept. 20, at Elmhurst, Chippenham, the wife of Capt. Noel Edwards, 9th Lancers, of a daughter.

KIRKBRIDE—Sept. 17, at Needham Market, Suffolk, to Capt. and Mrs. T. W. Kirkbride, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

INGLISH—BLOOD—Sept. 25, at St. Georges Parish Church, Dublin, by the Rev. Fergus, W. Green M. A. Rector, Claude, C. Inglish P. W. D. Bombay, Youngest son of the late Sir Malcolm Inglish J.P., D. L., of Montrose Stillorgan Road, Dublin, to Vera, elder daughter of John R Blood 10a Russell St. Dublin.

BARROW—WOOLSEY-BUTLER—Sept. 17, at the Parish Church, Castlebellingham, Ireland, Ronald Edmund Barrow, captain 3 th Dogras, son of General Sir Edmund Barrow, G. C. B, aide-de-camp general, to Cecilia Frances, daughter of the late Mr. Cecil Butler and of Mrs. Woolsey-Butler, of Milestown, Castlebellingham.

FOSTER—PERFECT—Sept. 17, at St. Peter's Church, Stainforth, Settle, John Foster, son of the late Major Bryan Foster, 4th Essex Regt., to Alice Katherine, daughter of the late W. George Perfect, of Stainforth.

GIFFORD—OSTREHAN—Sept. 17, at udleigh Salterton, Ralph Eric, son of James William Gifford, Esq., of Oaklands, Chard, to Mildred Percivale, daughter of Lieut.-Col. Rodney Ostrehan, Indian Army.

O'BRIEN—TRYON—Sept. 18, at St. Nicholas Church, Bulwick, Northants, Capt. E. Stafford O'Brien, late 8th Hussars, of Cratloe Woods, Co. Clare, son of Mr. H. Stafford O'Brien, of Blatherwycke, to Violet Alice Grace, daughter of the late Col. Tryon, of Bulwick.

STEVENS MACE—Sept. 23, at St. Mary's Alverstoke, Capt. R. W. M. Stevens, Royal Irish Rifles, son of Col. G. M. Stevens, late Royal Art., to Gertrude Elizabeth, daughter of the late Rev. S. C. Mace, of Hawley, Hants.

DEATHS.

DAVIES—Sept. 18, at Watcombe, Hall, Torquay, Lieut.-Col. Sir Horatio David Davies, K. C. M. G., J. P., D. L. V. D., Alderman for the Ward of Bishopsgate, aged 70.

HILL—Sept. 19, at Priorhill, Lanarkshire, Alfred George Hill, Fleet-Paymaster, Royal Navy, aged 67.

PEEL—Sept. 19, at Mountville, Rock Ferry, Cheshire, Capt. Edmund Richard Peel, aged 76.

RITCHIE—Sept. 13, at Highlands, Shanklin, Isle of Wight, Sir J. Thomson Ritchie, Bart., aged 76.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly. Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11.

Maxim: "Watch the natural operations of trade and keep within them."—J. D. Rockefeller.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. to-day.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-20	21-16
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter. class).	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-25

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	17-0
Weekly Boat Express every Friday (from 18th October to 27th December 1912)		12-0

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Major C. Richardson, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Vols., will play the following programme, under the direction of Mr. Geo. W Salter, commencing at 6-15 p.m. this evening:—

March ......The Stars and Stripes ...Souza
Overture ......The Caliph of Bagdad ...Boieldieu
Valse ......Lysistrata ......Lincke
Selection ...The Orchid ......Caryll
Entracte ......Sweet Briar......Squire
Characteristique ......Babillage......Gillet
Selection ......The Runaway Girl ......Monckton
Two-Step ......Arrah Wanna......Morse

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col H R Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music, commencing at 5-45 p.m. this evening. With admission fee.

March......Nibelungen ......Richard Wagner
(On themes from Der Ring Des Nibelungen)
Valse ......The Passing of Salome ......Archibald Joyce
Selection ......The Girl in the Train ......Leo Fall
Cornet Solo ...The Lost Chord ......Arthur Sullivan
Selection ......The Quaker Girl ...Lionel Monckton
Movement de Valse ......Triste ......Jean Sibelius
Selection ......Princess Caprice ...Leo Fall
Two-Step ......Alexander's Rag-time Band ......Irving Berlin.

DROWNED.—While washing a plank in a well near his house, Gopal Sitaram (30), a Hindu mill-hand, slipped and fell in. The well was dragged and a diver was sent down by the police, but until late last night the body had not been recovered.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.—The Rev. A. N. Warner speak on "The Second Coming of Christ and its relation to Prophecy" at the Pleasant Sunday evening meeting to-morrow night at 9 p. m.

WOOD MERCHANT'S LOSS.—Suleman Haji Jooma, a wood merchant, living in Nagdevi Street, reports the loss of currency notes and cash of the total value of Rs. 635 from a cupboard in his room on the 9th instant. A female servant of his, named Gulpan, has since disappeared.

A BROKEN SAFE.—The office of a commission agent, named Venilal Vijbhukandas, on the second floor of a house in Bhoiwada, was broken into on the night of the 5th instant and a gold watch and money collectively valued at Rs. 1,907, were stolen from a safe. The complainant, who lives on the floor above, does not remember whether he locked the safe on the evening previous.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Lourenco Marques and other places in South Africa, per extra s. s. "Dunerio" via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on Monday the 14th instant. Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo, per extra s. s. "Fultala" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on Tuesday, the 15th instant.

THE GATHA SOCIETY.—At the weekly meeting of the Society to be held at 5-15 p.m. to-morrow, at the Dady Sett Agiari hall, Fort, Mr. S. N. Kanga, B.A., will read a paper entitled "Exposition of Myers' work, Human Personality and its survival of Bodily Death" with reference to points in the Zoroastrian religion. Summary of the first six chapters: Disintegration of Personality, Genius, Sleep, Hypnotism;" after which consideration will be given to a letter from the hon. secretaries of the Third Zoroastrian Conference asking the Society to appoint delegates for the Conference.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Sequel to St. Leger Sweep.

Before Mr. Justice Beaman, yesterday the suit filed by a Marwadi firm of Bhagwandas Purshottam to recover a sum of Rs. 90,763 from Burjorji Ruttonji Bomonji, came on for hearing.

The Hon. Mr. Jinnah with Mr R. D. Wadia, and Mr. Lindessay J. Robertson instructed by Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhoy and Company appeared for the plaintiffs. The Hon. Mr Jardine, with Mr. J. D. Davar, and Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, appeared for the defendant.

The plaintiffs stated that the defendant had appointed them his "pucca aditias" in respect to certain cotton, and linseed transactions. They sold on behalf of the defendant 2,000 bales of cotton, which resulted in a profit of Rs. 58,000, while a deal in 4,000 tons of linseed resulted in a loss Rs. 1,58,426. After giving the defendant credit for the profit in cotton, and for Rs. 61,000 which he had deposited with the plaintiffs, they claimed Rs. 90,763 with six per-cent interest from the defendant.

The defence was that the defendant had won Rs. 1,25,000 in the Calcutta St Leger Sweep. He deposited Rs. 61,000 with the plaintiffs as fixed deposit. He counter-claimed that amount with nine per cent. One of the transactions was forced upon him by the plaintiff's munim, Hargopal. All the transactions were wagering transactions, and there was no actual delivery of goods. Only the difference had to be dealt with. The munim exercised undue influence over him.

Nine issues were raised by Mr. Davar, and he contended that the burden of proof that the plaintiffs were the defendants "pucca aditias" lay on them. They also had to prove that the defendant agreed to sell them 2,200 tons of linseed of forward delivery

The Court upheld Mr. Davar's contention.

Mr Jinnah, in opening the case for the plaintiffs, read letters written by the defendant to show that the Rs. 61,000 paid to the plaintiffs was to be retained by them as security against the cotton and linseed business, which the defendants was going to start when the linseed market was getting dull, the munim actually advised the defendant to enter into cross-contracts in order to lessen the loss. But the defendant did not agree to the suggestion as he expected the market to rise.

The case is proceeding.

A NUNCUPATIVE WILL UPHELD.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of an appeal filed by Panbai, widow of Purshotamdas Gopalji, in which she prayed that either a probate of nuncupative will of her deceased husband or letters of administration of the estate of her deceased husband may be granted to her.

Mr. K. A. Padhya appeared for the appellant.

The petitioner stated that her husband died at Alibag on the 16th of August. 1902, leaving both movable and immovable property at Alibag. Her husband left no issue and the petitioner was the sole heir to that property. Her husband was ill one or two days prior to his death and asked the petitioner to manage the property and got a list of his property prepared by his karkun. The deceased had made preparation to make a written will through his pleader, but in the meanwhile owing to his death the will was left unexecuted. The property in question was worth about Rs. 12,579.

Mr. Advani, the District Judge of Thana, before whom the application was first presented, observed that the evidence adduced merely showed that the deceased intended to make a will in favour of the petitioner, and for the guidance of his pleader he drew up certain instructions. Before the pleader arrived he died suddenly of failure of the action of the heart. The Court was asked to regard the instructions to the pleader as a nuncupative will. The Judge however held that in this case the deceased had not even made an oral will, and that the paper containing instructions to his pleader could not be regarded as a draft will, and rejected the application.

After hearing counsel, their lordships set aside the order rejecting the petition and directed that lettters of administration to the estate of the deceased Purshotamdas Gopaldas be issued to the petitioner.

BANK SUIT ON A LAND MORTGAGE.

Before Mr. Justice Macleod, in the suit filedby the Bank of India against Naranji Dwarkadas Tejpal and others, the bank applied for a declaration that it was the assiguee of a debt due by Goverdhandas to his brother Naranji; and that the bank was entitled to the charge of equitable mortgage of the Parla property for the loan of Rs. 1,50,000 made to Goverdhandas. They prayed that the amount due might be ascertained and the Parla property declared to be security for the amount due with interest and costs of this suit. They further prayed that the first defendant might be ordered to pay to the bank Rs. 2,31,341 with interest and costs incurred subsequent to the 23rd of August, 1912. They contended that the Bank was entitled to sell the Parla property in liquidation of their claim.

The Hon. Mr. Jardine, with Mr. Lindessay J. Robertson, instructed by Messrs. Cragie, Blunt and Caroe, appeared for the Bank. The Hon. Mr. Jinnah, with Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker. Kanga and Girdharlal appeared for the second defendant. Mr. Kanga and Mr. Jaykar, instructed by Messrs. Motichand and Devidas appeared for Bai Mongibai, who claimed the Parla property in her own right. The Hon. Mr. Setalvad and Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company appeared for the fifth defendant Mulraj.

In their written statements the second and third defendants contended that the matters raised in this suit were res judicata as they had been raised in a former suit of 1910, between Mulraj Kuatao and Naranji Dwarkadas and Bai Monguibai and finally determined.

Mr. Jinnah, argued the question of res judicata, and his Lordship after hearing arguments on this preliminary point, reserved his judgment.

THE POLICE COURTS.

ACCIDENT TO MRS. MCBAIN.

NEGLIGENT MOTOR-DRIVER FINED.

Rao Bahadhur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, disposed of the case in which Joseph De Souza was charged by Inspector Guider with negligently driving a motor-car and running into a car occupied by Mrs. J. A. DMcBain and Mrs. R. J. Kent.

The circumstances of the case have been reported.

The Magistrate remarked that the circumstances called for a severe sentence, and his Worship had a mind to send the accused to jail.

Mr. Banaji, barrister, who appeared for the accused, pleaded for a lenient sentence. Counsel said that the employer of the accused had undertaken to pay Rs. 248 for the repairs to Mr. MacBain's car, and another motor-car had been placed at the disposal of Mr. MacBain until his car was repaired. All the expenses would be deducted from the accused's salary.

Taking these circumstances into consideration, his Worship fined the accused Rs. 100.

CARELESS TINDALS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Kenneth Kemp, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, fined Ragu Suar and two other tindals Rs. 5 each for sailing their prows without regulation lights.

The Third Presidency Magistrate fined Haji Ebrahim Rs. 60 for sailing with defective lights and running into the Port Trust Lightship.

Rs. 50 out of the amount of the fine were awarded to the Port Trust as compensation.

ALLEGED FALSE INFORMATION.

At Mazagon, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Bai Rehmanbai, a Mahomedan woman, appeared this afternoon in answer to a summons issued against her for alleged false information given to a bailiff of the Small Cause Court. The complainant was —Bai Hoorbhai, widow of one Elias Moosa.

The case against the accused was that she had taken the bailiff to execute a writ of possession against the complainant, while knowing that the decree in virtue of which the writ had been issued had been passed against the complainant's son, and not in respect of the premises occupied by his mother. Complainant had. therefore been wrongly ejected from her premises.

It was contended that the sanction accorded by the Registrar of the Small Cause Court to prosecute the two accused was irregular. It did not comply with the law, which required it to be definite and precise in terms, and to state the charges for which it was granted and the reasons thereof.

In the circumstances the prosecution applied for and obtained an adjournment to enable them to have the sanction amended.

THE KAPOLE KNIGHT.

Address and Dinner by the Caste.

At an informal meeting of the Kapole Banias of Bombay it was decided to present a congratulatory address to Sir Jugmohandas Varjivandas, the Sheth of the Kapole Bania caste, in honour of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor having conferred on him a knighthood on the occasion of the Delhi Durbar.

Sir Jugmohandas, it will be remembered, gave the sum of Rs. 2,20,000 for the establishment of a commerce chair. He is popular with the mercantile classes of Bombay. The Khoja community also assembled in the Danjibhai Club to do honour to Sir Jugmohandas and a congratulatory address placed in a silver casket was presented to him.

The Hindu Gymkhana, of which Sir Jugmohandas is a member, also gave an evening entertainment, and a caste dinner is arranged for the 17th instant, when men, women and children, about 3,000 in number, will be entertained in the Wadi.

EXCELSIOR CENEMATOGRAPH.

The programme of this evening, which will remain in force until and inclusive of Tuesday next, inaugurates a series of bi-weekly programmes, which the Excelsior management have decided upon adopting in the future, instead of weekly programmes as hitherto, Sundays and Wednesdays being the days fixed for the changes. The principal film in the current programme is the "Resurrection of Nick Winter," whose exploits and astuteness as a detective have won for him the admiration of the numbers who have had the opportunity of witnessing on the screen the illustrations of his successes. This film is. however, regarded as one of the most thrilling of Nick Winter's experiences, as the interest in it remains unabated and the spectator's mind passes from one emotion to another in the transition of events which follow one another in quick succession as a result of plot and counterplot, the tracked being conscious of and alive to the capacity and ability of their tracker: the plot and its developments are very clever, and worthy of the best efforts of a Sherlock Holmes.

The Animated Gazette will be of double its usual interest, as its omission in the last programme, owing to the parcel having missed the mail, will be supplied this week, and consequently two series will be exhibited.

"Albute's Revenge" is an excellent drama, and 'A Modern Yarn,' is told by the adroit manipulation of a piece of chalk on a school slate. An Itala comic film "He wanted to see, but—!!! completes a programme well worth seeing.

A GREAT LONDON SUCCESS.

It is seldom that a dramatic picture-play obtains such a favourable reception as has been given to the "Red Rose of the Apache," a film that was shown the week before last at the America-India Theatre, and is to be repeated in this week's programme. The critics at home have praised it warmly, and the reports of its remarkable success, which have been received lately, show that it deserves their praises. The manager of a leading London picture palace purchased the right of exhibiting this film at £1,500, and his enterprise was rewarded with crowded houses for weeks together. This unique production has been booked exclusively for the America-India in this country, and the distinct hit which it made with Bombay audiences has encouraged the management to run it for one week more. Those who have not taken the opportunity of seeing this fine drama are advised to do so now. With the exception of this star film, an entirely new programme has been arranged, containing several comic and noteworthy features.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 11th Oct., 1912.

236. Parades.—Saturday, 12th, Nos 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p. m. sharp and proceed to Middle Ground for 6 inch Mk VII Gun Drill

Dress:—Khaki and Forage Caps

237. Musketry—Sunday, 13th, Spoon Competition and practice at Ghat Koper, distances, 200, 500 and 600 yards.

Train will leave Victoria Terminus at 6-20 a.m.

228. Inspections—The Inspector of Volunteers in India will inspect Nos 1, 3 and E E Companies on Saturday, October 26th, at Middle Ground at 3-30 p.m. Details of parade will be published later.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

There will be a Smoking Concert held at Headquarters on Saturday, October 12th, commencing at 9-30 p m.

Admission 8 as. to cover expenses.

Members are requested to wear uniform.

VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 12th Oct., 1912.

587 Parades—"A" Company will parade at Custom House on Mondays and Thursdays at 5-30 p.m.

Dress—Mufti.

II "C" Company will parade on Wednesdays at 8 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

III "D" Company will parade on Mondays at 7 a.m. and Thursdays at 6 p. m. behind the Telegraph Quarters, commencing from Monday the 14th instant.

Dress—Mufti.

IV. "F" Company will parade on Monday the 14th instant, at St Mary's College, Byculla, at 6-15 p.m. (without arms). Mufti may be worn,

V "G" Coy Recruits will parade at the Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, on Monday the 14th instant at 7-30 a.m.

VI "G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana on Wednesday, the 16th instant at 7-30 a.m.

Dress.—Mufti.

588. Bugle Practice.—There will be Bugle practice on Tuesday, the 15th inst., at 6 p. m. at the Bo. Ed Society's School, Byculla.

589. Inspection.—The Inspector of Volunteers in India will inspect the Corps on Wednesday, the 30th instant.

590.—Viceroy's Competition—It is notified for information that the Viceroy's Competition, 1st Stage, will take place at Ghat Kopar on Sunday, the 27th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

591. Arms.—Arms will be issued to members at Head-Quarters from 9 a. m. to 4 p.m. daily from 12th instant (excepting Sundays).

Members are requested to draw them as early as possible.

(Sd.) E. G. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

I Rifle Club matches Nos 11 and 12 will be fired at Ghat Kopar on 21st instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

II A meeting of the Rifle Club members will be held at Head-quarters on Tuesday, the 22nd instant, at 6 p.m. Subject—Programme 2nd Series, Accounts, &c.

III Regimental Boxing Tournament will be held on the Oval on Saturday, 2nd November, commencing 9-30 p.m. sharp. Further particulars will be notified later.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE

Bombay, 12th Oct., 1912.

1 The next shoot of the Corps shooting Club at Colaba will be on Saturday afternoon the 26th instant. It is proposed to wind up with an Inter troop competition of team of 4. The competition will be open to as many teams per troop as care to compete, distance advancing from 400 to 150 yards at double by 50 yards stages. Object falling plates.

2 Practice for the annual Gymkhana Mounted Sports will be held on the maidan daily from 7 a.m.

3 There will be no Commanding Officer's parade on Tuesday, the 15th instant, owing to the Gymkhana Sports.

4 Members are kindly requested to draw their arms from Head-Quarters. Council Road, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

(Sd.) P. R. CADELL, Lt.-Col.,
B. V. R.
for O-Commanding Bombay L. Horse.

BOMBAY CHURCHES.

To-morrow's Services.

19th Sunday after Trinity.—13th October.

The Cathedral (S. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: Rev. W. A. Sawtell; Senior Presidency Chaplain and Rev. C. D. T. Mason.—7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral.—Woodward in E flat. Hymns—247, 273, 556, 270; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Chants; Hymns—266, 537, 31. Collections for Cathedral Choir Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, at 6-30 p.m. Choral Evensong.

Christ Church, Byculla—Clergy: Rev. W. J. Kennelly Acting Archdeacon, and Rev. J.B. Glass 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-45 a.m. Choral Matins; 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

S. John the Evangelist, Colaba.—Clergy: Rev. G. F. Harvey. 7-15 a. m. and at 8 a. m. Holy Eucharist; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Week days.—7-30 a.m., Thursdays and Holydays, Holy Eucharist. Daily 8 a. m. Matins; Daily 5 p.m. Evensong.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: Rev. C. W. Thorne, M. A.; Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, M. A.; Rev. T. W. Sharpley, B. A., Marathi, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi; Gujerathi, Rev. Luxmon Hari. Licensed Readers—English, Mr. F. Anderson, M. A., J. P.; Mr. F. J. Clark; Marathi, Mr. B. N. Athavle, B.A., LL. B., J.P., Dr. Lemuel L. Joshi, M.D., B.Sc., D.T.M.; Gujerathi, Mr. Visnram Das Parekh. Sunday Services—English, 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m. Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi, 9-30 a. m., Morning Prayer and Sermon. 1st and 3rd Sunday, Holy Communion; 2nd Sunday, Missionary meeting. Gujerathi, 2-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon N B—Daily Services, Bible Classes, Sunday's Schools and other meetings are held in connection with the respective congregations.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura, Foras Road:—Priest in charge, the Rev. Arthur French, M.A., Superintending Missionary S. P. G.; Assistant Priest, (Tamil Congregations), the Rev. Jas. Martin; Churchwardens: Hindustani, Vacant; Tamil, Mr. A. G. Joseph.—Sunday—7-45 a. m., Morning Prayer (Urdu); 8-30 a. m. Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Morning Prayer or Holy Communion, (Tamil); 3-30 p. m., Sunday School; 4-30 p.m., Evening Service (Urdu). Daily Services (Urdu), 7-30 a.m., and 5 p.m.; The Holy Eucharist is celebrated on Saint's Days and Holy Days at 7-30 a.m.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.—There will be no Service at this Church until further notice.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Clergy: Vacant.—8 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-45 a. m. Matins; 6-30 p. m. Evensong and Sermon.

S. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Docks. Chaplain Vacant.—11 a. m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; (Celebrant—Rev. W. Kennelly), 7 p. m., Evensong and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. C. W. Thorne, C. M. S.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy; Vacant—8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of ease to S. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. Jivan Londhe, 6-30 a.m. (English); 7-30 a.m. (Marathi); 9 a.m. (Gujrathi) 4 p.m (Canarese); 6-30 p.m (Marathi).

Church of the Good Shepherd, Dharavi.—Priest in charge, Rev. J Martin.—Services: Sundays, 6 a.m., and 6 p.m. Week days.—Wednesdays and Fridays evenings, Good Shepherd School.—Mr. Dason.

American Mission Church (Congregational). New Nagpada Road, Byculla—4-30 p.m., Marathi Services (Rev. J. Malela); 6 p.m., English Service (Rev. W. Hazen).

St. Peter's, Mazagon.—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe and Tovey.—7-30 a. m. Matins; 8 a. m. Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for the Poor.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie.—Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. De Monte. 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m, Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. 6 a.m.; 7 a.m.; 8 a.m.; 9 a.m.; 6-30 p.m.

Garrison Church.—St. Joseph's.—Colaba—Chaplain, Rev. D. Ll. Lloyd-Thomas, M. A. Oxon:—Sunday, 8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service of Benediction. Week-days, Mass at 7 a.m

S. Ann's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers Vicar: Rev. Father Hutmacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m.; 7-30 a.m.; 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon. Vicar: Rev. M. X Gomes.—7 and 9 a.m. and 5 30 p. m. Sunday Services.—Week days 7 and 7-30 a.m.

Gloria Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: L. C. Pera. Hours of Mass, 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m. Benediction, 6 p.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel—Clergy: Rev P. E. Saldanha and J. A. Gomes. 6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass, 6 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Vicar: Rev. Thomas Henrigues. 6-45 and 8 a.m., Low Masses.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Borrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, 9-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m.; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill. Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Chapel—Our Lady of Dolours. New Sonapur—Chaplain Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes, 7 a.m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 6 and 8 a.m. with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Church of Scotland (St. Andrew's Church), Apollo Street. Fort.—Chaplain: Rev. J. Cameron 9-30 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Psalm 122. Hymns: 395, 198, 617.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Minister: Rev. A. S. Crichton. 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher Rev. J. C. Mathew of St. Andrews' Church. Special Collection on behalf of the Bible Society.

Amroli Presbyterian Church (in connection with the U. F. C. of Scotland,) Girgaum Back Road, near the Girgaum Post Office.—Minister: The Rev. M. B. Nikambe.—Morning Service (English) 8-30 a.m. Preacher Rev. Dr. Machichan, D.D. L.L. P.; Evening Service (Marathi); 4-30 p.m. Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla. Pastor: Rev. C. B. Hill 8 15 p. m., Sunday School; 9-30 a. m., Morning Service at 7-30 a. m. Evening Service, 8-30 p. m. Men's Social Hour.

Wesleyan Church. Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a.m. Preacher: Rev. J. F. Edwardes; 6-30 p. m. Preacher: Rev. Dr. Mackichan; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 9 to 10 p. m. Social Hour.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a. m. Preacher: Mr. G. Bennett; 6-30 p. m. Preacher: Rev. J. F. Edwards; 5 p.m. Sunday School.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowe Road, Apollo Bunder—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner. 11 a. m. Morning Service; 6-30 p. m., Evening Service. 9-45 a. m. Sunday School.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite the Post Office Middle Colaba)—Minister Rev. H. E. Barrell 9 a. m. Morning Service, (Rev. H. E. Barrell); 6-30 p. m. Evening Service. (Rev. H. E. Barrell.) 5 to 6 p. m. Sunday School; 9 to 10 p.m. Pleasant Sunday Evening open to all.



MR. WM. ROBERTS, OF 4, VALE ROAD, RHYL, WALES, WHO SAYS:—

"I was dreadfully ill for nine months with backache and bladder troubles. It was only by lying flat on my back that I could get relief. I suffered with gravel, too, and it was difficult to relieve the bladder.

"My body swelled to a great size, and the doctors said I should have to be tapped.

"This was my condition at the time I began with Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. To my great relief they brought the water away naturally, and the dropsical swellings gradually went down. My back, too, became easier and stronger."

"That was some time ago, and from that day to this I have kept well. (Signed) William Roberts."

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BY THE MAIL.

Home, Colonial and Foreign Affairs.

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The King has extended the Sandringham state by the purchase of Shernbourne Hall Farm, which comprises between 600 and 700 acres. The farm is in two nearly equal parts, which lie to the east and west of the village of Shernbourne. On the western part is the hall, a fine old Tudor mansion, with castellated walls, formerly surrounded by a moat, a portion of which has, however, been filled in. It was formerly the estate of the Shernbourne family, who were for six centuries lords of the manor.

At a meeting at Alfreton on Sept. 23, the Mid-Derbyshire Labour Party had under consideration the position of Mr. J. G. Hancock, the Labour member for the division, who has declared that in future he will attend Liberal gatherings when invited, notwithstanding the constitution of the Labour Party, to which he is a signatory. The party decided they cannot henceforth accept any Liberal-Labour candidate. They agreed that Mr. Hancock's explanation of his position and relationship with the Liberal Party was entirely unsatisfactory. It was decided to ask the National Labour Party to refuse to sanction his future candidature as a Labour representative.

Several hundred members of the Women's Social and Political Union and allied organisations marched from Kennington Gate to Brixton Prison on Sept. 23, to protest against the imprisonment of Mr. Marck Wilks who was arrested some time ago and is still in prison for refusing to pay his wife's income-tax. When they arrived near the entrance they found a large detachment of police barring the way, and the result was to at the demonstrators had to take a very wide circle of the prison building. At the back of the building the women tried to make known their presence to their friend inside. Their cheers and the playing of their band were, however, to a great extent, drowned by the booing of a large crowd and the police would not allow any demonstration beyond this.

Lord Robert Cecil, speaking on Sept. 24, at a meeting at Redhill of the local branch of the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies, said they had reached a critical moment in the history of woman suffrage. A year ago they had the very definite pledge of the Government that during the session they would give a real opportunity to the House of Commons to discuss and pass a Conciliation Bill, but the Government torpedoed the Bill, which would have been passed if some of the warmest adherents of woman suffrage had not foolishly and deliberately killed their best chance of getting what they desired. Although that chance had departed from them, they still had the chance of witnessing the success of their movement in the next session is only women themselves would show the necessary energy and self control. He did not agree with the proposal to enfranchise all women. It would not in his opinion, be desirable to give the vote to twelve or thirteen millions of women, and the proposal which mostly met with his approval was that which would give the franchise to all women who at present possessed the municipal vote.

The State Sickness Insurance Committee of the British Medical Association has now received a draft of the regulations relating to medical benefits under the Insurance Act. The regulations were sent by the Insurance Commissioners to the State Sickness Committee as an act of courtesy, and not in order to invite their opinion as to suggested modifications. The regulations are stated by those experts who have seen them to give ground for hopes of a settlement. The question of remuneration for medical attendance is left to the local health committees, who have the option of arranging payment on any of the four following bases:—(1) Capitation only. (2) A small capitation fee with some payment for special services. (3) Payment for special services with a small capitation fee. (4) Payment by attendance only. The difference between (2) and (3) it is explained, is that in the former the capitation fee, though small, is the main basis of the proposal; in the other the main basis is the payment for special services. It is anticipated that the State Sickness Committee will now draft a report to be sent to all the members of the British Medical Association.

The complaint of the operative cotton spinners about the delays caused by the poor quality of cotton and the frequent breakages due to its rapid passage through the machinery has resulted in a deadlock. Representatives of the employers and the workers again met on Sept. 24 in Manchester, Sir Charles Macara presiding, and after conferring for an hour they separated, announcing that they had not come to any agreement, and had made no arrangement to hold another meeting. The lead in the workers' agitation over the bad spinning difficulty has been taken by the Oldham district, in which there are many complains that the frequent breaking of threads prevents the operatives from earning full wages. A very serious view of the position is taken.

The cardroom workers employed at the Ram Spinning Company's mill at Oldham have given notice to strike next week, unless compensation is paid to an operative for an accident for which the employers deny liability. The advisability of retaliating with a general lock-out, if the operatives carry out their threat is being considered by the employers' organisation. It appears that some months ago a cardroom hand at the Ram Spinning Company's mill, Oldham, in taking a piece of cotton from a portion of the moving machinery, had her hand caught. She was away from work for nearly three months, and the Oldham Card and Blowing Room Operatives Association then sent in to the firm a claim for compensation. The firm, however, denied liability, on the ground that notices were posted forbidding such cleaning while the machinery is working.

Lord Roberts addressed a meeting held in the St. Andrew's Hall, Norwich, on Sept. 23, under the auspices of the National Service League. He was accompanied by the Lord Lieutenant of the county, Lord Leicester, with whom he had been staying at Holkham. In the course of his speech Lord Roberts contended that the Navy must be considerably increased and the Army made strong enough and efficient enough to free the Navy from the necessity of being bound to these shores. Surely it was the bounden duty of the British Government not to allow our Navy to fall below the two-Power standard which they had fixed upon. But it was very little stronger than the German navy alone. The bringing home of our fleet from the Mediterranean was the greatest blow which had been dealt us, for the Mediterranean was the most important of our food routes. In regard to the Army, it should be looked upon as part and parcel of the nation, as something belonging to the people themselves, until in fact, we became "a nation in arms." The idea prevalent among some sections of society that this measure would encourage bellicose feeling in the country was absolutely erroneous. Whether we made the change or acquiesced in C.B. Seely's foolish and unpatriotic dictum that we must wait until disaster overtook us before compulsory military training could be introduced was for the country to decide. Within the last few weeks, it had been clearly shown that it was possible for transports, supposed to be the enemy's to elude the vigilance of the defending fleets and land a considerable number of soldiers on our shores.

On Sept. 2, in accordance with annual custom on the festival of St. Matthew, the Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs with the Governors of the Royal Hospitals of St. Bartholomew's, Christ's St. Thomas's Bridewell, and Bethlem, went in State to Christ Church, Newgate Street. Seven hundred of the boys of Christ's Hospital, with Dr. Upcott, the headmaster, came up from Horsham and there were also twenty of the girls from Hertford. There, was, in addition, a large congregation, including many of the boys parents. After the service the boys, with their beadles and porters bearing wands, marched along Cheapside to the Mansion House to receive from the hands of the Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress their customary gifts in new coin fresh from the Mint. To seventeen Grecians a guinea each was given, eight probationers half a guinea, forty-five monitors half a crown, and 630 of the rank and file a shilling each. To each of the 120 younger boys, who were not brought up from Horsham for the service, a new sixpence was sent. In this way the Lord Mayor distributed £62. 3s. 6d. The boys and girls before leaving were entertained at tea in the Egyptian Hall.

The Lords of his Majesty's Treasury have appointed a committee to consider the design to be adopted for completing the rebuilding of the Quadrant, Regent Street. The members of the committee are:—The Earl of Plymouth, C. B. (chairman); Sir Henry Tanner, C. B., I. S. O., Mr. Reginald Blomfield, A. R. A., president, Royal Institute of British Architects and Mr. John Murray, F.R.I.B.A. The secretary to the committee is Mr. Walter Fidler, of his Majesty's Office of Woods and Forests, 1 Whitehall, S. W.

Representatives of the municipalities of Vienna, Ischl, and Prague will arrive in England on Oct. 14, and will be met at the port of arrival by a deputation of the City Reception Committee. In London, they will be received by the Lord Mayor. The entertainment provided for the guests includes a State banquet at the Guildhall, visits to the Corporation markets, Tower of London, St. Paul's Cathedral, a luncheon at Leatherseller's Hall, and visits to Burnham Beeches and Epping Forest. The visit will conclude with a banquet at some London hotel on Oct. 18.

The question of entering upon propaganda work in Scotland, in favour of Scottish Home Rule was considered at a meeting of Liberals held in Edinburgh on Sept. 20, Sir William Robertson (Dunfermline) presiding. It was agreed unanimously that a standing committee composed of representatives of the Scottish Liberal Association, the Scottish Liberal unofficial members of Parliament, the Scottish Women's Liberal Federation, and the Young Scots should be appointed to carry on propaganda work in Scotland during the winter and to make arrangements for a national conference later.

In anticipation of the extension of the boundaries of Glasgow in November, so as to include the burghs of Partick, Govan, and Pollokshawe, as well as certain county areas, the Corporation are at present negotiating with the burgh authorities regarding the amalgamation of the electrical undertakings of Partick and Govan with that of the City. The burgh councils, which will cease to exist after the November elections, have agreed that their electrical generating stations—both practically new and thoroughly well equipped—shall be connected up with the Glasgow system, and the city electrical engineer is to make the necessary connections as soon as possible.

Copper has been discovered in the island of Burray, Orkney, the property of Lord Zetland. Samples which have been tested have given generally satisfactory results. Steps are now being taken to ascertain whether copper exists in a paying quantity.

The preliminary statement of the agricultural returns, for Scotland for 1912, has been issued by the Board of Agriculture for Scotland. It shows decreases in the arable area of 23,364 acres, and in the area under permanent grass of 1,322 acres. Live stock returns show decreases among all species of animals, a drop, of 12.7 per cent. having taken place in the number of store and feeding cattle of two years and above.

The Dublin correspondent of the "Times", writing on Sept. 23, says:—I learn this evening from what I regard as substantial authority that the maintenance of the present embargo on Irish cattle at English ports may result in Mr. T.W. Russell's early resignation from the Vice-Presidency of the Irish Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction. Mr. Russell supports the demand of the Irish farmers; Mr. Runciman rejects it, and the Irish pressure in its favour is so weighty that Mr. Russell's position has become almost, if not actually, untenable.

A public meeting convened by the Lord Mayor of Dublin, was held in Dublin, on Sept. 25 to advocate the claims of Galway as a trans-Atlantic port. The Lord Mayor said they had received letters from some of the most influential people in the country in support of the project. A resolution was adopted placing on record the appreciation felt by Dublin citizens of the great advantages to the trade of that city and country of the proposed trans-Atlantic port at Galway, connecting Ireland with Canada and the United States, believing that as it was the shortest and most convenient route it would be a great public advantage. Lord Kilbanin and Lord Macdonnell spoke strongly in favour of the project.

The sixty-first report of the Inspectors of Lunatics for Ireland for the year ended Dec. 31, 1911, which has been published as a Blue Book, shows that the number of the insane in establishments in Ireland, on Jan. 1 last, was 24,655, of whom 12,808 were males and 11,787 females, as compared with 24,394 on Jan. 1, 1911. These figures show that there was a total increase of 261 during the year—the corresponding increase for the previous year having been 250. The increase for 1911 was sixty-one less than the average increase for the preceding ten years, which was 322.

COLONIAL.

AUSTRALIA.

The negotiations between the Federal and the State Governments regarding the occupancy of Government House, Sydney, have terminated the result being that the Governer-General will no longer reside in Sydney during the recess. A large meeting of the inhabitants of Sydney, has protested against the action of the New South Wales Government in the matter.

CANADA.

The Canadian Government have given an order to Messrs. J. I. Thornycroft and Co., of Southampton, for an armed steamer for Customs patrol on the St. Lawrence River. It will cost about £55,000.

Two thousand five hundred coal miners in Vancouver Island, have gone on strike as the result of the discharge of two men who are prominently identified with the Labour Union at the Cumberland Collieries.

Speaking at Cobalt, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said:—"If England be ever in danger—nay, I do not say that, if England be ever even on trial—I, a Canadian of French origin, shall be the first to go to the people and call upon them to assist her with all our might."

NEW ZEALAND.

The "Dominion" on September 23, published its cabled reports under the heading "Liberal Press Attacks the New Zealand Defence Scheme; How the British Public is Gulled," and urges the Government to instruct the High Commissioner to state the facts. The "Post" ridicules this campaign of clamour and declares that the Act is jingoistic, tyrannical, or unpopular. The number of Territorials registered is 28,900, an excess of 1,520 over the number estimated as liable; the senior cadet number 33,197. There have been some 50 imprisonments, which represent under 1 per cent. of the registrations. The camp attendances are 82 per cent. The scheme has not failed, the article concludes, but is an astonishing success and has come to stay.

Fifty stamps have started at the Waihi Mines. The strikers are obdurate, but there is no disorder. The counterstroke of the federation has been deferred.

SOUTH AFRICA.

In the course of a speech at Bethleham (O.F.S.) General Smuts, Minister of Defence, announced the disposition of the new permanent defence force, of which there are five divisions. They have all been stationed in native territories or on the borders of native territories, two in Transkei, one in Natal, one in the Northern Transvaal, and one in the north of the Cape Province. There will be 13 military districts.

FOREIGN.

FRANCE.

Simultaneously with the dissolution of the Teachers' Union, the Government announce a series of reforms for the amelioration of the teachers lot. These reforms are estimated to cost 40 millions of francs (£1,600,000). They fall roughly into two groups. The first seeks to guarantee teachers against arbitrary treatment, the second to improve their financial position. The salaries of "stagiaries" are to begin at £48 instead of £44 a year. and those of regular teachers at £60 instead of £48; the maximum for men will be £100, for women £92, a year.

M Chaumet, French Under-Secretary of State for Posts and Telegraphs, has conceded, as the result of urgent representations, to allow telegrams to be sent in Esperanto. Owing to international telegraphic regulations, however, messages sent in this language can only be treated as in code. Words of more than ten letters will count for as many words as they contain groups, or fractions of a group, of five letters. It this connexion it may be mentioned that a motion was passed by the Labour Congress at Havre advocating Esperanto as a means of furthering fraternization of the "Internationale Ouvriere.". French workmen will now, therefore, be able to communicate more readily with their German and English "confreres."

The number of young soldiers who, as a result of bad behaviour, are to be drafted from their home regiments and attached to disciplinary battalions in Africa, is given as about 2,340, or an increase of 700 on last year. This transfer is effected under the Millerand-Berry Law, which provides that any soldier sentenced to three months' imprisonment for acts of insubordination, anti-militarism, or other such offence may be transferred to the disciplinary battalions of Africa. This law is extremely unpopular.

The Court of Appeal at Montpellier has increased by one month and 35f. the sentence of two months' imprisonment and a fine of 15f. passed by the Beziers Court on the two men who on August 10, set fire to a dog and thereby caused it and a little girl of six to be burned to death.

GERMANY.

The Socialist Deputies, Herr Borchardt and Herr Leinert, who were ejected from the Lower House of the Prussian Diet on May 9, after a disorderly scene, appeared on September 23, before one of the Berlin Criminal Courts and were charged with breach of the peace, and resistance to the police. The public prosecutor proposed that Herr Borchardt should be sent to prison for five weeks and that Herr Leinert should be fined £10.

ITALY.

The returns of imports and exports at Genoa, during the first six months of 1912, reveal a striking diminution in the trade of this port. They are as follows:—Imports: Coal, 1,292,676 tons; cotton, 85,238 tons; cereals, 310,188 tons; general merchandise. 1,183,129 tons; total, 2,871,231 tons. Exports 554,841, tons. Grand total, 3,426,072 tons. The decrease in imports amounts to 230,454 tons, while in exports there has been an increase of 24,616 tons, making a difference between the grand totals respectively for the first half of 1911 and the first half of 1912 of 205,838 tons. The port has comparatively declined since 1900.

PORTUGAL.

The Government has expelled the Spanish journalist Senor Sanchez, correspondent of the newspaper "Vanguardia", of Barcelona, alleging that in his despatches, in which he has attacked the Portuguese Republic, he has been guilty of gross exaggeration. The "Vanguardia" has instructed Senor Sanchez to take up his residence at Badajoz, on the frontier, and continue his usual service from Portugal.

TURKEY.

Mr. T. G. Jackson, R. A., in a letter to "The Times," calls attention to the serious condition of the fabric of St. Sophia, Constantinople. He examined the building in 1910, and found that the great dome was no longer circular but had become deformed and that the arches had also suffered distortion. The crown of the dome had sunk and many of the ribs had become nearly straight instead of convex. That the dome had not fallen was, in his opinion, due to the singular stability of that form of construction. He hopes that means will be found to avert a catastrophe of unparalleled consequence.

UNITED STATES.

The Hadfield Steel Foundry Company, of Sheffield has underbidden the next American competitor by nearly dols. 200,000 (£40,000) on a million dollar contract for 2,000 14in. shells for the American Navy Mr. Meyer, Secretary for the Navy, has now to decide whether his Department shall violate its unwritten policy of awarding such contracts to American firms exclusively or shall ignore the lowest bid. Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Co. have purchased the property numbered 29 to 33, Wall-street, owned and partly occupied by the Mechanics and Metals National Bank. This property adjoins the Drexal building at the corner of Wall-street and Broad-street.

Another daring robbery has been committed here. In the upper Westside on Sept., 23 two motor-car bandits stopped and overpowered Mr. John Popper, a prosperous cheese merchants. They seized a bag containing about dols. 2,000 in cash and cheques which he was carrying to the band and escaped in a touring car. A policemen who tried to stop them was fired at but owing to the dense traffic he dared not return their fire, Scores of persons witnessed the outrage.

DENMARK.

King Christian received at Copenhagen on Sept. 22, Rear-Admiral Bayly and the senior officers of the British Cruiser Squadron on board the Royal yacht Dannebrog. At 2 o'clock the King visited the Lion. His Majesty attended the drill and inspected the details of the vessel. The visit lasted an hour, and before leaving the King handed Admiral Bayly the Grand Cross of the Order of Dannebrog. The Admiral and the principal officers were guests at a dinner given by his Majesty at Amalienborg Palace. At 10.15 next morning Queen Alexandra, the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, and other members of the Royal Danish House, visited the battle cruiser Lion, the flagship of the British Squadron under the command of Rear-Admiral Bayly. They returned at 11.15. In the afternoon a reception was held on board the Lion, to which Danish officers and their ladies were specially invited.

OBITUARY.

The death of Lieut.-Col. H. R. Young, late of the Dorsetshire Regt., has taken place at Pampstead. He entered the Army in 1859, became lieutenant-colonel in 1890, and retired in 1892. Col. Young took part in the operations in the Umbeyla Pass during the North-West frontier of India campaign of 1863, obtaining mention in despatches and receiving the medal with clasp.

Major John Henry St. John died last week at Park House, Totton, Southampton, aged eighty-three. Major St. John was the brother of Sir Frederick St. John, late British Minister in Switzerland. He served in the Crimea and in the Indian Mutiny, and was aide-de-camp to the late General Sir Charles Warren, father of General Sir Charles Warren, R. E. He also acted as military secretary to Lord Strathnairn in India, and as brigade-major to General Sir John Michell, afterwards Field-Marshal Sir John Michell. At the funeral his old regiment, the Gordon Highlanders, was represented.

The death of Sir Francis Boyd Outram occurred suddenly at Folkestone, whither he went last spring after twenty-five years' residence at Chichnafaire, Pitlochry, at the age of seventy-six. He was the only son of General Sir James Outram, whose relief of Havelock, with whom he then joined in the attack on Lucknow, and his famous stand there until Lord Clyde's arrival are among the most memorable incidents of the Indian Mutiny Sir Francis was born in India, and was educated at Haileybury. He entered the Bengal Civil Service in 1856, and held the position of Under Secretary to Government of the North-West Provinces from 1858 to 1860, retiring in 1863, the year in which he succeeded his father as second baronet. He volunteered for service during the Mutiny, and had a thrilling escape, conveying his mother to safety from Aligarh. He was wounded during the campaign, and received the medal and the Queen's thanks. The Dowager Lady Outram died last year in her ninety-ninth year, having survived Sir James' Outram by forty-eight years. In 1860 Sir Francis married the eldest daughter of Mr. Patrick Davidson, of Inchmarlo, Kincardineshire. Lady Outram died in 1903. Sir Francis is succeeded in the title by his eldest son, the Rev. James Outram who was born in 1864 and was formerly vicar of St. Peter's, Ipswich.

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O.T. is an excellent Stomachic, and a valuable aid for Colic and other Stomach troubles. It derives special virtues from certain ingredients of recognised service in stomach troubles, and which are endowed with properties for resisting fevers, dysentery, and other inflammatory complaints.

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"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
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1909.

SPORT AT HOME.

A Week of Interesting Football.

PRINCIPAL RESULTS.

The South African Rugby Union players are due at Southampton to-morrow, Sept. 28, in the "Kinfauns Castle," of the Union-Castle Line. They will be met by representatives of each of the four home unions.

Rosslyn Park opened their season on the Old Deer Park, Richmond, on Sept. 21, with a match against Blackheath. The result was a victory for Blackheath by 2 goals and 5 tries (25 points) to 1 try (3 points.)

London Welsh beat Catford Bridge, at Wandsworth Common, on Sept. 21, by 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points) to 2 dropped goals (8 points). Royal Military Academy beat Old Alleynians, at Woolwich, by 6 goals and 1 try (33 points) to 1 try (3 points). Old Paulines beat Old Whitgiftians, at Addiscombe by 3 goals and 1 try (18 points) to 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points). Swansea beat Bridgend at Swansea, by 1 goal and 9 tries (32 points) to 2 tries (6 points). Newport beat Penarth, at Newport, by 3 goals, 1 goal from a mark, and 3 triss (27 points) to 0. Cardiff beat Pontypool, at Cardiff, by 2 goals and 1 dropped goal (14 points) to 1 try (3 points). Gloucester beat Llanelly, at Gloucester, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 0. Bath beat Bridgwater, at Bath, by 1 goal and 5 tries (20 points) to 3 tries (9 points). Devonport Albion beat Camborne, at Devonport, by 1 goal, 1 penalty goal, and four tries (20 points) to 0. Northampton beat Bedford, at Northampton, by 2 goals and 3 tries (19 points) to 1 goal and 1 try (8 points). Coventry beat Nuneaton, at Nuneaton, by 5 goals and 3 tries (34 points) to 1 penalty goal and 1 try (6 points). Leicester beat Neath, at Leicester, by 1 dropped goal and 3 tries (13 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

ASSOCIATION.

The results of the matches in the League Championship on Sept. 21 were as follows;—Derby County 2 goals, Tottenham Hotspur 1, at Tottenham: Newcastle United 3, Chelsea 2, at Newcastle; Woolwich Arsenal 3, Sheffield United 1, at Sheffield; Bolton Wanderers 2, Bradford City 0, at Bolton ; Manchester United 2, Everton 0, at Manchester ; Middlesbrough 0, Blackburn Rovers 0, at Middlesbrough; Oldham Athletic 3, Sunderland 0, at Oldham; West Bromwich Albion 4, Aston Villa 2, at Birmingham; Sheffield Wednesday 2, Notts County 1, at Nottingham : Manchester City 2, Liverpool 1, at Liverpool.

The results of the matches on Sept. 21 in the Second Division of the League were as follows:—Fulham 3 goals, Bury 1, at Fulham; Hull City 2, Clapton Orient 1, at Hull; Leeds City 1, Bradford 0, at Bradford; Bristol City 1, Stockport County 0, at Stockport; Glossop 2, Blackpool 0, at Glossop; Preston North End 1, Notts Forest 1, at Preston; Barnsley 3, Grimsby Town 0, at Barnsley; Burnley 3, Lincoln City 1, at Burnley; Wolverhampton Wanderers 2, Huddersfield Town 0, at Wolverhampton; Birmingham 2, Leicester Fosse 1, at Leicester.

The results of the matches in the Southern League on Sept. 21 were as follows;—Queen's Park Rangers 3 goals, Northampton 2, at Park Royal; Millwall 1, Norwich City 0, at New Cross; West Ham United 1, Merthyr Town 1, at Upton Park; Gillingham 1, Brentford 0, at Brentford; Brighton and Hove Albion 3, Watford 0, at Brighton; Portsmouth 0, Plymouth Argyle 0, at Portsmouth; Swindon Town 5, Southampton 0, at Swindon; Exeter City 1, Crystal Palace 1, at Exeter; Coventry City 5, Stoke 2, at Coventry; Reading 2, Bristol Rovers 1, at Bristol.

CRICKET.

Seven members of the South African cricket team left for home on Sept. 21, travelling by the 11. 35 train from Waterloo to Southampton, where, later in the day, they embarked in the Union-Castle liner "Kildonan Castle."

The full accounts have been issued from Lord's of the nine Test matches in which England, Australia, and South Africa took part, and the Test trial games at Lord's and the Oval. The total receipts amounted to £12,463 4s. 2d. Of this sum gate-money produced £9,004 8s., and stands and enclosures £3,458 16s. 2d. The Australians received as their share of the gate-money £2,986 and the South Africans £1,878 10s.

RACING.

At Windsor on Sept. 20 the Royal Borough Handicap was won by Lord Decies's Agnate. Mrs. F. Watts's Selectman was second, and Mr. R. McCreery's Tara third.—At Ayr the Ayr Gold Cup, was won by Mr. Fallon's Grammont. Sir E. Cassels Beethoven was second, and Mr. W. Raphael's Beaurepaire third. The Land of Burns Nursery was won by Mr. H. Drage's Bay Duchess filly.

At Windsor on Sept. 21 the Windsor September Handicap was won by Mr. F. Stern's Irish Marine. Mr. Sievier's Warlingham was second and Mr. A. Barton's Crown Jewel third. The Frogmore Welter Handicap was won by Mr. J. E. Potter's St. Cronan, and the Ivor Nursery Handicap by Lord Londonderry's Percival Keene.

At Leicester on Sept. 23 the Midland Nursery Handicap was won by Mr. Prentice's Dundrum. Mr. A. Sadler, jun.'s Burgess was second, and Mr. Whitney's Court Dress filly third. The Gopsall Welter Selling Plate was won by Mr. Hibbert's Cornish.

At Leicester on Sept. 24 the Leicester September Selling Plate was won by Mr. Hibbert's Carr Bridge. Mr. Clow's Fellah was second and Mr. Dresden's Chuddles third. The Village Nursery Handicap was won by Mr. E. Marshall's Irrigation, and the Kegworth Nursery Handicap by Sir E. Cassel's Pickle.

At Hurst Park on Sept. 25 the Stewards' Nursery Handicap was won by Mr. Broome's Neville Holt, the Mole Handicap by Mr. G. Edwardes Daly's and the Hampton Plate by Mr. A. James's Assagai. At Pontefract the West Riding Autumn Handicap was won by Mr. Raphael's Marcolico, and the Yorkshire Welter Selling Handicap by Mr. Wootton's Star of Fortune.

POLO.

The last tie of the Rugby Polo Club's Montaigu Challenge Cup Tournament, which was played on Sept. 21 at Spring Hill Farm, attracted to the enclosure a large company of spectators. Eleven teams had taken part in the tournament, and Chapel Brampton and the Wanderers were left in the final. In the result the Wanderers won by 6 goals to 4. Mrs. Miller gave away the cup. Teams:—Wanderers: Capt. A. W. Foster, Senor J. Santos Suarez, Mr. G. Barton, and Mr. G. A. Miller (back). Chapel Brampton: Mr. H. Drage, Mr. R. Farmer, Mr. S. Barton and Mr. J Drage (back).

GOLF.

At the autumn meeting of the Royal Cinque Ports Club at Deal on Sept. 20 the Hon. M. Scott, with returns of 78 and 79, won the Cinque Ports Scratch Challenge Cup and the club gold medal.

On the Deal links on Sept. 25 Mr. H. Wesley Smith, Folkestone (handicap 3), beat Mr. A. S. Mays Smith, Surbiton (3), by 4 holes up and 2 to play in the final tie of 18 holes of the Royal Cinque Ports Club's open amateur competition for the Borough of Deal Challenge Cup.

The final round of the Royal and Ancient Club's tournament for the Calcutta Cup was decided on the old course at St. Andrews on Sept. 20 in fine weather between Mr. F. H. D. Vickerman (6) and Mr. F. G. Tulloch (4). The result was a win for Mr. Vickerman by 2 holes up and 1 to play.

The feature of the autumn meeting of the Royal and Ancient Club, which took place on Sept. 25 on the old course at St. Andrews, was a fine performance by Mr. H. E. Taylor, who is best known as a member of the Richmond, Mid-Surrey, Sunningdale, and other southern clubs. He won the King William IV. Medal with a score of 76.

Mr. Balfour was among the fifty players at the autumn meeting of the North Berwick New Club on the old course at North Berwick on Sept. 23. Mr. Everard Martin Smith won the scratch gold medal with a return of 40-35-75. He also tied with Mr. J. Whitelaw at 79 net for the handicap trophy. On playing off Mr. Martin was successful with 77-4-81.

The ladies competition for the Devonshire Coronation Medal was won at Yelverton on Sept. 21 by Mrs. Kine Phillips, with a return of 100—24=76.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other." would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London. Established over 35 years



THE BALKAN TROUBLE.

Opposite Points of View Explained.

INTERESTING LETTERS.

Mr. C. A. Latiff, vice-president of the London All-India Moslem League, wrote to the "Times" of Sept. 20 :—

Sir.—As vice-president of the London All-India Moslem League I venture to address you some remarks on the dangerous situation which the ambitions of the Christian Balkan States are creating in the Near East, relying on your generous courtesy to find a place for my letter in the "Times."

In the interesting article that appeared a short time ago in your columns on what you called "the Dangers of Pan-Islamism" you stated that England was "the bulwark of Islam." Whether England is a "bulwark of Islam" or not, the fact remains that she owns the allegiance of nearly 100,000,000 of the professors of that faith, and I venture to think that, whatever may be the view of partisans, no responsible English statesman would ignore or minimise the sentiments and feelings of his Majesty's Mussulman subjects. In view of the unquestioned and unquestionable loyalty to the British Crown to do so would, I submit, be an act of stupendous unwisdom. Now, in the preservation of Turkey and Persia their most cherished feelings are involved. Evidence on that point has been forthcoming of late even in your columns from the most varied sources. Turkey is striving, under terrible difficulties which would paralyse the effort of the best organised States, to introduce law and order in a country distracted by intestine discord. Her destinies have recently been entrusted into the hands of experienced statesmen who cannot be accused, like their predecessors, of a desire to promote Turcification. Their programme is one of equal justice and fair play to all the Sultan's subject, irrespective of race and creed. How are their efforts met? The Christian States of the Balkans are avowedly working to plunge Turkey into war—a war the effects of which would be terrible and far-reaching. Revolutionary bands, encouraged by, if not organised in, the neighbouring States, are committing diabolical outrages with the openly declared object of rousing into frenzy the lower classes of the Moslems of Turkey and thus leading to the commission of offences by the latter that might offer a pretext to the enemies of Turkey to denounce her administration. Emissaries from abroad, with the object of alienating Western good will from Turkey, are engaged in furnishing to English journals, in the interests of Turkey's enemies, lurid pictures of scenes of horrors which the passions of races and creeds must necessarily create in frontier districts—for the time being out of the control of the central Government.

To England the peace of Eastern Europe and Western Asia is of far greater moment than to any other Power, for I feel a war such as the Christian Balkan States wish to provoke will create a vaster upheaval in the Eastern world than any that has gone before.

We Mussulmans have a strong faith in the power and sense justice of England. And we believe that she can, with or without her allies, who also have Moslem subjects whose feelings they must to some extent consult, bring to reason by a single word the Balkan States and put a stop to the diabolical outrages which are inflaming, and are designed to inflame, the passions of Christians and Moslems in the East.

A REPLY.

In reply to the above letter M. Chedo Miyatovich, former Servian Minister in London writes :—

Sir,—In this morning's issue of your paper I read with interest, and, indeed, with sympathy and respect, the letter addressed to you by the Vice-President of the London All-India Moslem League on "Islam and the Balkans." That letter has been, evidently, dictated not only by a legitimate, but by a very natural and very noble, sentiment. I readily admit that, although I hope to be allowed by you to question the supposition on which to letter is based and the conclusions to which it arrived.

But before I proceed to prove my thesis, I wish to join your correspondent in the indignation at the diabolical methods applied by irresponsible revolutionists to exasperate the Moslems of Macedonia, and to excite them to commit atrocities. My own countrymen—the Servians—have nothing to do with such mean and cowardly methods, and much as I now the Bulgarians I am sure that every honourable and truly patriotic Bulgarian will unreservedly condemn them. We know the Turks a brave proud nation, and as we flatter ourselves to be not less brave and proud, we will—if an armed struggle should be inevitable—fight with them in an honourable manner,

I am not in a position to say if a formal alliance between the Servians, Bulgarians, and the Greeks really has been concluded. But the community of their interests is too evident, and I have no doubt that if the Turks were to attack Bulgaria or Greece, the Servians would undoubtedly rise to join the peoples of those two Christian countries, just so as if the Servians were to be attacked, their cousins the Bulgarians and their friends the Greeks would be expected to come to their aid. If a formal alliance really exists, the alliance, in present circumstances, can be only of a defensive character.

Of course, the community of interest between those three Christian nations in the Balkans has been this summer intensified by the anarchy which reigns in Turkish territories people by their countrymen. It is our plain duty to require from the Turks to re-establish order and law in these territories and give guarantees of our co-nationals. It is not our intention by our united efforts to drive away the Mahomedan Turks from Europe. Our political ideal is the formation of a Balkan Confederation, of which we all, Christians and Moslems, Servians, Bulgarians, Greeks, Albanians, Roumanians, and Turks, will be members with equal rights. But before we could realise that ideal our co-nationals in the European Turkey must get all the conditions for a decent existence and for the development of their nationalities in culture and prosperity.

We all fervently hope that the impending conferences between M. Sazonoff and Sir Edward Grey will succeed in finding ways and means how to reconcile the natural and really modest requirements of the Balkan nationalities with the further, and even fortified, existence of the Turkish Empire in Europe.

LITTLE SPELLS of fever, Little Chills so bland,
Make the mighty graveyard and the angel band,
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC taken now and then,
Keeps a man healthy in a fever den.

Of all chemists and stores in India—MADON, SONS and Co., Bombay.

THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

War Office, Sept. 20.
Regular Forces.
Commands and Staff.

The following notification is substituted for that which appeared in the "Gazette" of June 25, 1912:—Brevet Lieut.-Col. A S Cobbe, V C, 32nd Sikh Pioneers, to be an Aide-de-Camp to the King, and is granted the brevet rank of Col vice Major Gen H. D'U Keary, Indian Army Dec 1 1911 Capt G M James, Buffs E Kent Regt to be a Brig-Major, vice Capt W E Ironside, R A and to be seconded Sept 7; Lieut. A Ross-Hume, Cameronians Scottish Rifles to be Aide-de-Camp to Sir E M Merewether, Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sierra Leone, and to remain seconded Sept 18.

Establishments.

Ordnance College—Lieut F G Maunde-Thompson, R A, to be an Instructor, vice Capt. H St J Cruickshank, R A, and to be seconded Sept 12.

Royal Military College—Captain Beverly Ussher, Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt. R Canadians, to be an Officer of a Company of Gentlemen Cadets, vice Capt H Boyd-Rochford, 21st (Empress of India) Lancers, and to be seconded) Sept 12; Riding-Master and Hon. Major W. Sykes, 3rd Prince of Wales's Dragoon Guards, to be Riding-Master, vice Hon. Major A. W. Waite, Sept 20.

Royal Military Academy—Capt. H F Stopford, R. A., to be an Officer of a Company of Gentlemen Cadets Class A vice Capt I W Watson, Princess Louise's Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, and to be seconded Sept 16.

Royal Flying Corps.

Col temporary Brig Gen D. Henderson, Director of Military Training, is appointed to the Reserve Sept 21.

Cavalry.

3rd (Prince of Wales's) Dragoon Guards—Superny Lieut. U E C Joseph is restored to the establishment (Sept. 5.)

2nd Dragoons (Royal Scots Greys)—sec. Lieut. W S Cornwallis to be Lieut. (Aug. 19.)

19th (Queen Alexandra's Own R.) Hussars—The following Lieuts. to be Capts. :—G E O F Lambart, and to remain seconded; G Bonham-Carter (Sept. 4).

Infantry.

Bedfordshire Regt.—Major W T W Scott retires on retired pay (Sept. 21).

S. Wales Borderers—Superny. Capt R G Palmer is restored to the establishment (Sept. 11).

Border Regt.—Lieut. W Watson is seconded for service under the Colonial Office (Sept. 4).

Loyal N. Lancashire Regt.—Capt H P Magill is seconded for service as an Adjt. of T. I. (Sept. 11).

The following Lieuts. to be Capts. :—A L Prince, and to remain seconded; R T Pelly (Sept. 11).

Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regt).—The following Superny, Capts. are restored to the establishment:—J S Cunningham (Aug. 26); K J Roy (Sept. 11).

Army Medical Service.

Col W G A Bedford, on completion of four years service in his rank, is placed on the Half-pay List Lieut-Col E H L Lynden-Bell, from the R A M C to be Col, vice W G A Bedford, Sept 19.

Army Veterinary Service.

A V Corps—The following to be Lieuts on probation:—H E A L Irwin, and T J Davis, Sept 21.

Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service.

Staff Nurse Miss M A W Green resigns he appointment, Sept. 20.

Army Pay Department.

Col G C Fuller, Chief Paymr, is placed on retired pay, Sept 19.

Memoranda.

Col H R Mends, retired pay, is granted the hon. rank of Brig-Gen, Sept 21.

The following Cols retire on retired pay:—G A French, Assist Qrmr-Gen, Western Command, R C Style, Half-pay List, Sept 21; Riding-Master and Hon, Major A W Waite is placed on retired pay Sept 20.

The following Qrmrs. and Hon Lieuts are granted the hon rank of Capt, Sept 20 :—T H Tennent, R E; and G E Mitchell, Devonshire Reg.

The grant of the hon rank of Lieut in the Army to Capt F V M Pryor, Home Counties Divl T and S Col, A S C, T F, under the provisions of the notification in the "Gazette" of May 21. 1901, is cancelled.

General Reserve of Officers Infantry.

The following to be Capts—Hon Sec Lieut H W. Dale-Glossop, late Capt 3rd batt. Prince Albert's Somerset L I E, H T Lawrence late Capt 4th batt Connaught Rangers, Sept 21; H W Budgen, late Cadet Sergt Eastbourne College, Contingent O T C to be Sec Lieut, Sept 21.

Special Reserve of Officers.
Royal Flying Corps.

Military Wing—Sec Lieut on probation C G Bell is confirmed in his rank; C P Pizey to be Sec Lieut on probation, Sept 21.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

R G A—Sec Lieut T E S O'Brien, from Antrim R G A, to be Sec Lieut, Sept 21.

Infantry.

3rd Batt R. Warwickshire Regt—Cadet Sergt R B B Tillyer, from Imperial Service College O T C, to be Sec Lieut on probation, Sept 21.

3rd Batt E Yorkshire Regt—Sec Lieut on probation V. Waterfall is confirmed in his rank.

3rd Batt Bedfordshire Regt—Sec Lieut on probation W A B Walker is confirmed in his rank.

4th Batt Cameronians Scottish Rifles Sec Lieut J B Wauhope to be Lieut, Aug 30.

3rd Batt Queen's Own R W Kent Regt—E R Alexander to be Sec Lieut on probation Sept 21.

4th Batt R Munster Fusiliers—Capt A E Gallagher resigns his commission, Sept 21.

Royal Army Medical Corps.

Lieut J N McLaughlin to be Capt, Sept 1.

The following Lieuts are confirmed in their rank : —S Miller, D M Lyon, R P Cormack, D. Gilmour, T S Nelson G R Grant, J H Ward, R A Hepple, J Walker, and O Wilson.

War Office, Sept. 24.
Regular Forces.
Cavalry.

2nd Life Guards—Lieut Drury F P Wormald resigns is commission, Sept. 25.

3rd Pince of Wales's Dragoon Guards—Superny. Capt T V T Thacker is restored to the establishment Sept 6.

9th Queen's Royal Lancers—The following Lieuts to be Capts :—F O Grenfell, A N Edwards, and to remain seconded ; H. A. Chisenhale-Marsh, Sept 7.

12th Prince of Wales's R Lancers—Gentleman Cadet H A Wernher, from the R M C, to be Sec Lieut (Sept 25.)

13th Hussars—Major F G Bayley retires on retired pay, Sept 25; Capt A W B Spencer to be Major, Sept 25.

14th King's Hussars—Capt P F Willers resigns his commission, Sept 25.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Coast Battalion—Major W Montgomery is placed on retired pay ; Mechanist Sergt-Major A J Sanford to be Lieut., Sept 25.

Infantry.

R Fusiliers City of London Regt—The following Lieuts to be Capts :—H E Meade, J A Dunnington-Jefferson, Adjutant, under the provisions of Article 26, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909, Sept. 4.

Leicestershire Regt.—Capt. J. R. A. H. Paul, D.S O., to be Major (Sept. 10).

King's Own Scottish Borderers—Capt. J. C. Lang is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Territorial Infantry (Aug. 26).

Worcestershire Regt.—The following Lieuts. to be Capts. :—D. W. Pollock, and to remain seconded; F. St. G. Tucker (June 22). The promotion to the rank of Lieut. of the following Sec. Lieuts. is antedated as follows:—J. S. Veasey (June 22); C. S. Field, and to remain seconded (July 17); C. C. Lilley (July 17); Sec. Lieut. H. S. Elliott to be Lieut. (July 24).

Dorsetshire Regt.—Capt J. V. Shute is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Territorial Infantry (Sept. 7).

Welsh Regt.—Superny. Lieut. G. D. Melville is restored to the establishment (Aug 1).

Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regt.)—Lieut J. E. H. Maxwell is seconded for service under the Colonial Office (Sept. 11).

Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regt.)—Sec. Lieut. C. S. Hilton to be Lieut. (Sept. 1).

Princess Victoria's (R. Irish Fusiliers)—The following Sec. Lieuts to be Lieuts:—E. R. Wilson (Aug. 4); J. Angell (Aug. 16).

Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own—Sergt. Major H E Worthing to be Qrmr with the hon. rank of Lieut Sept 25.

Rifle Depot.

Qrmr and Hon Lieut G Mitchell, Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own, to be Qrmr, 25 Sept.

Army Service Corps.

Capt F B Lord to be Major Sept 11.

Memoranda.

The following Colonels are granted the hon rank of Brig-Gen:—C H Westmorland, C B Retired List, Indian Army; H Finn. C B retired pay Sept 25.

The following Colonels, Half-pay List, retire on retired pay:—A H Van Straubenzee, and J A Labalmondiere Sept 25.

Major G E Tyrrell, R A is granted the tempy rank of Lieut.-Col while employed as Military Attache General Staff Officer at Constantinople Sept 25.

Admiralty, 24th September.

In accordance with the provisions of Order in Council of 22nd February, 1870—Lieutenant Sir John Everett Millais, Bart., has been placed on the Retired List. Dated 18th September, Assistant Paymaster Martin Gilbert Bennett has been promoted to the rank of Paymaster in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 9th September.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Captain Eugene Louis Gerrard is granted the temporary rank of Major while holding the appointment of Squadron Commander in the Royal Flying Corps. Dated 1st April.

Admiralty, 25 September.

In accordance with the provisions of Order in Council of 22nd February, 1870 Lieutenant Robert Russell Gosset has been placed on the Retired List. Dated 21st September.

Admiralty, 26th September.
Royal Naval Reserve.

The King has been graciously pleased to confer the Royal Naval Reserve Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers :—Lieutenant Thomas Brown, Lieutenant Robert, Herbert Wilfrid Hughes, Lieutenant Lewis Malcolm Gordon, Lieutenant Donald McGregor Newton, Lieutenant William Harold Steele, Senior Engineer James Richard Clay, Engineer William John Dibb and Engineer Ralph Hodgson Atkinson.

War Office, 27th September.
Regular Forces.
Commands and Staff.

Colonel Frederick W B Koe, C B, from the Half-pay List, to be an Assistant Quartermaster-General, vice Colonel G A French. Dated 21st September.

Major Richard T Russell, Army Ordnance Department, to be a Deputy Assistant Director at the War Office, vice Lieutenant-Colonel A S Baker, same Department Dated 9th September.

Captain Alexander K Robb, The Durham Light Infantry, to be an Adjutant (attached to the General Staff) Officers Training Corps, vice Major W F Hessey, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, and to be seconded. Dated 18th September.

Cavalry.

5th (Princess Charlotte of Wales's) Dragoon Guards Lieutenant Henry de B C Garfit is restored to the establishment Dated 22nd September.

7th (Queen's Own) Hussars, The promotion to the rank of Captain of the undermentioned Lieutenants is antedated as follows. The Honourable Denis P. Tollemache, to 9th October, 1911. Arthur C. Watson, to 11th October, 1911. The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant of the undermentioned Second Lieutenants is antedated as follows. Arthur T. McMurrough Kavanagh, to 9th October, 1911. and Carlyon W. Mason MacFarlane, to 11th October, 1911.

12th (Prince of Wales's Royal) Lancers, Captain John N. P. Wood, to be Major. Dated 22nd August.

Major John N. P. Wood resigns his commission. Dated 28th September.

13th Hussars, Major Alan W. B. Spencer retires on retired pay. Dated 28th September.

Captain Ernest F. Twist to be Major. Dated 28th September.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Garrison Artillery, Second Lieutenant Philip W. Lee resigns his commission. Dated 28th September.

Corps of Royal Engineers.

Quartermaster and honorary Captain Joseph J. Jacobs retires on retired pay. Dated 28th September.

Infantry.

The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), Supernumerary Captain Nigel K. Charteris is restored to the establishment. Dated 14th August.

The Northumberland Fusiliers, Brevet-Major Basil T. Buckley, from Supernumerary Captain, is restored to the establishment. Dated 9th September.

Lieutenant Ronald S Fletcher to be Captain. Dated 4th September.

Second Lieutenant Wilfred H C Brownlow to be Lieutenant. Dated 4th September.

The East Lancashire Regiment, Second Lieutenant Nevill A Leeson to be Lieutenant. Dated 8th August.

The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Captain Charles H G Collins is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Territorial Infantry, Dated 1st September.

The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), Supernumerary Captain William Green is restored to the establishment. Dated 4th September.

The Highland Light Infantry, Lieutenant William H V Cameron to be Captain. Dated 4th September.

The West India Regiment, Lieutenant Arthur W G Tomlins is seconded for service with the West African Regiment. Dated 15th August.

Supernumerary Lieutenant John H L Poe is restored to the establishment Dated 15th August.

The Army Service Corps.

Quartermaster and Honorary Captain Henry Palmer is placed on retired pay. Dated 28th September.

Army Ordnance Department.

Captain Jasper Baker, Ordnance Officer 4th Class to be an Ordnance Officer 3rd Class, with the rank of Major. Dated 9th September.

Memoranda.

Colonel Andrew G Thomson. C B. on vacating the appointment of Commandant, Royal Military Academy, is placed on the Half-pay List Dated 11th September.

Lieutenant Lewis M Heath, 19th Punjabis, Indian Army, is granted the local rank of Captain while employed with the King's African Rifles Dated 28th September.

The undermentioned Officers of the Citizen Forces of Australia are granted local rank in the Army, while serving with troops of the Regular or Indian Army, with effect from the 18th September, 1912 and to have seniority as from the dates of their rank in the Military Forces to the Commonwealth, as stated against their names :—

To be Captains.—Captain Ernest Albert Edward Gregory, 7th Australian Light Horse. Dated 27th June, 1910. Captain David Panton Young, Australian Army Service Corps. Dated 13th February, 1911. Captain James Miller, The Western Australian Infantry Regiment Dated 20th February 1911

To be Lieutenants.—Lieutenant Dougald Maxwell Lockwood Graham 15th Australian Light Horse. Dated 9th May Lieutenant Ronald Burns, 3rd Australian Infantry Regiment Dated 10th July 1911.

To be Second Lieutenant.—Second Lieutenant Harry Meshach Parsons, 16th Australian Light Horse, Dated 28 September, 1908.

HIGH COURT—OCT. 12.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Cause.

698-12 Subnis and G G Rao Bahadur Ghanshamdas Nilkanta Nadkarni vs Matianbai widow and Bhai K and G.

For further Directions and costs on Coms Report.

835-10 Captain and V Hasham Bilal vs Hawabai widow and another Payne and Co.

Long Causes.

766-10 Ard H D and Co Munshi Mahomed Ali Toongekar and others vs Ahmed Jamal and others Chit M and K and Sub and J.

1045-11 Bhaishanker K and G Mangalal Haridas and another Narbadabai widow and others Malvi M and H R Bhaishanker K and G.

571-10 Subnis and G Amrit Moreshwar Pardhuj vs The Shri Buldeo Mills Ltd Tyabji D and Co.

684-12 Wadia G and Co Kedarmal Buratial vs Canji Goculdas Sarajmal and Co.

646-11 Craigie B and C Rustomsey Hormusji and another vs Bai Gulbai widow and others P S B Batliwalla.

558-12 Ardeshir H D and Co Lalchand Ramdayal vs The South Brith Insurance Co Ltd Little and Co.

902-10 Sarajmal and Co Nowanbhai Mulla Lakmanji and others Abdul Husein Ibrahimji and others Madhowji K and C.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr, Justice Beaman).
Long Causes.

272-11 Tyabji D and Co Bhagwandas Purushram vs B R Bomanji Mulla and M.

616-12 Patell and E C R Painter vs D P Todiwala Chit M and K.

572-11 Payne and Co Sulleman Jaffer Mistry vs Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed Edg G. W and Co. and Payne and Co.

868-11 Wadia G and Co A K Irani vs N B Wagle M B Chothia.

1092-10 S B Mehta Bhailal Dalichand vs Ranchordas Ratanji Sham M and H.

617-11 In Person S B Barde vs Bai Kamlabai Kanga and S.

391-12 Bhai K and G Keshavji Ramji vs Damodar Ramji Wadia G and Co.

289-12 Dubash and P Girdhardas Fechar vs Lalchand Raghunath Shroff D and D.

1024-11 Patel and E Wasudev Bhasker vs Basil N Lang Khim L and M Joh G and B Payne and Co

1147-10 Edg G W and Co M K Kothare vs Satyathamabai widow Jeh M and S

673-11 Bhai K and G The Baroda Spg and Wg Co Ld vs The Satyanarayen Marine Fire Ins Co Ld Hiralal and Co

227-12 Subnis and G Drupadibai vs Rajaballi Currimbux Sme B and Co

42-12 Malvi H M and R Huruandrai Fulchand vs Chhajjoo Ram and Sons Payne and Co

304-12 Unwalla P and O Sidick Haji Allarakhia vs Motichand and Devidas Edg G W and Co

217-11 Dubash and P Gulam Hooseinally vs R D Sethna. In Person (a Pauper)

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton).
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

190-12 Tyabji D and Co A Tyabji vs Abdul Rehman Gulam Mohedin Shaikh Bhicon Cap and V.

241-12 Payne and Co M P Mehta vs Hormusji Sorabji Ard H D and Co.

271-12 Madhk and C R D Sethna vs Bhojabhai Allarakhia Payne and Co.

295-12 Mehta and D Jivan Ramchandra vs Purshotum Ramji Moti and D.

346-12 Chit M and K Ahmed Jamal vs Mohomed Hoosein Macba and others Ard H D and Co.

330-12 Mehta and D Hafizabai vs Salimabai D J Mantri.

892-11 Vachha and Co. Mohunlal Kalidas vs G R Bhagat Edg G W and Co.

1028-11 Malvi H M and R Murlidhar Shankerlal Alias Gangaram Tanvala vs Gober Nagji and Co Bhai K and G.

79-12 Malvi H M and R Biraj Buldeodas vs Birdichand Prithviraj and an other Payne and Co.

762-11 Dub and P Jewan Merar vs Jamnadas Valji Submis and G

880-11 Jam R and D Sha Heera Varjang vs Ravgji Poonsey In Person.

487-12 Bhimji and Co. Chimanlal Narandas vs Maneclal Narandas.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)
Commercial Cause.

569-12 Craw B and Co Choonilal Harilal and Co vs Messrs Andrew Yule and Co Craigie B and Co.

Long Causes.

311-12 Craigie B and C The Bank of India Ltd vs Naranji Dwarkadas and others Craigie B and C Motichand and D Bhaishanker K and G Payne and Co.

885-11 Daphtary F and D R D Sethna and others vs Mukund Sadu Kudalkar and others Dubash and P

917-11 Madhowji K and C The Advocate General of Bombay vs Puravahu widow and another Unwalla P and P

619-11 Jehangir M and S Khimji Goculdas and Co vs Morarji Kurpar and another Mirza M and M

447-12 Jehangir M and S Ramdas Tekchand vs Hakumatrao Ramdas Madh K and C.

379-12 Mehta and D Bangildas Vijbukhundas vs Bai Nani Alias Nanivahu widow Dubash and P.

789-10 Dadachanji and P Bhikhanchand Tejmal vs Ravatmal Lakhmichand Ardesir H D and Co.

432-12 Payne and Co Esmailji Mulla Vallibhai Lakdawala vs Noorbhai Bodhabai Pest R K and Co.

392-12 Subnis and S Krishnarao Gopalrao vs The Bank of Bombay Crawford B and Co.

428-12 Ard H D and Co Damji Hirji vs Kanji Khatad Jam R and D.

1054-11 Cap and V Mariambai vs Morobai Ismailji Valibhoy and others Payne and others Edg G W and Co.

439-10 Ard H D and Co Gujadhar Meghraj vs Mangalchand Ramcoover Mulla and M.

197-12 Payne and Co Esmailji Mulla Vallibhoy vs Essaji Moosaji Jam R and D.

569-10 Jehangir and S Essaji Moosaji vs Isaji Tajbhoy Sham M and H Ard H D and Co and Payne and Co.

411-12 Payne and Co A M Jeewanji and Co vs Gulamhusein Essaji Tajbhoy Bick M R and Co,

971-11 Daph F and D M J Varerkar vs P B Dalal Bicknell M R and W and Kh L and M.

527-12 Edg G W and Co Bai Kesarbai widow vs Madhowlal Govindram Payne and Co.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time ; depth of water as at Prince's Dock sill :—

Day of Month.		HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.		LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
		h. m.	ft. in.		h. m.	ft. in.
Oct.						
12	m	0 8	29 9	m	5 56	17 1
		0 5 a	28 3		6 4 a	14 3
13	m	0 48	29 6	m	6 36	17 10
		0 40 a	27 6		6 38 a	14 8
14	m	1 23	28 10	m	7 16	18 9
		1 14 a	26 6		7 12 a	15 7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

Oct.		Sunrise		Sunset
,, 12 (Saturday)	,,	6h 32m	,,	6h 19m
,, 13 (Sunday)	,,	6h 32m	,,	6h 18m
,, 14 (Monday)	,,	6h 33m	,,	6h 18m

PHASES OF THE MOON—New Moon, Oct. 10th 7h. 10-6m. p.m. First Quarter, 18th, 7h. 36-2m. a.m. Full Moon. 26th, 8h 0-5m. a.m. Last Quarter, Nov. 2nd 9h. 7-6m. a.m.

Mr. Plowden resumed his duties at Marylebone on Sept. 25 after an absence of four and a half months and recived a hearty welcome from the officials and solicitors practising at the court. He appeared to have made a complete recovery from the serious operation he underwent at Lausanne. Mr. Freke Palmer welcomed Mr. Plowden back in the name of the solicitors, and Mr. Muskett endorsed his remarks.

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not effect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations? Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

A Working Housewife



Nervous Depression, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness—

A cheerful, bright way of looking at things, a brisk activity which easily enables her to do almost as much as two ordinary persons, are some of the *immediate benefits* Mrs. Parker derived from Phosferine. Like most hard-working mothers, Mrs. Parker never found time to look after herself, and, as is always the case, suddenly broke down under the strain of endless household activities. Sudden noises caused her to tremble in feeble distress, gloomy fears assailed her, neuralgia and sleeplessness tortured her nerves relentlessly, and it was from this depth of misery that Phosferine raised Mrs. Parker. That this immediate effect was achieved by *two doses* of Phosferine, and Mrs. Parker's cure *made permanent* by a continuance of the tonic, demonstrates that with the aid of Phosferine any husband can save his wife from innumerable distresses.

Positively Cured and Prevented.

Mrs. A. Parker, 3, Linden Grove, Nunhead, writes:—"I got into a fearfully low nervous state through working too hard and overtaxing my strength. Any loud noise or a sharp knock at the door would throw me into a state of trembling and helplessness. I was always imagining all kinds of evils, and worrying about trifles. Neuralgia racked me with pain day and night, and prevented me from obtaining any rest. I got so worn and dejected that I could have cried, out of sheer misery. My husband persuaded me at last to take some Phosferine, and the effect was simply marvellous; the pains not only ceased, but *I have had no return since.* It seemed more like magic than anything else that a few drops of Phosferine could produce such a change. I kept on with it, and I began to gain strength; the neuralgia disappeared for good, the nervousness, dejection, and worry left me, and now I feel quite well."—Nov. 17, 1911.

PHOSFERINE

GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Sciatica	Maternity Weakness	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Premature Decay	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Mental Exhaustion	Faintness	Headache
Neuralgia	Sleeplessness	Brain Fag	Hysteria

And all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

The Royal Tonic

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the British Royal Family	H.M. the Queen of Spain
H.I.M. the Empress of Russia	H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Spain	H.I.H. the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia
H.M. the King of Greece	H.R.H. the Grand Duchess of Hesse
H.M. the Queen of Roumania	The Imperial Family of China

And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.

Price in Great Britain: Bottles, 2/9 & 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

PROPRIETORS—ASHTON & PARSONS, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

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DR. McPHAEL'S

NERVO-VITALO PILLS

For Brain Fag, Nerve Exhaustion, General Debility and Excess of any kind.

The ingredients selected for the composition of those Pills are Domina, Coca, Muirapuama, Saw Palmetto, Gold Chloriela, and Picli, which are calculated to give the best and most lasting results, WITHOUT the reactionary effects followed from the employment of such drugs as Strychnine and Phosphorous.

Full details and instructions with each bottle.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

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Agents in INDIA:

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THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO.,

(INDIA) LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,

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BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

"SHELL" MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

"SHELL" MEANS SATISFACTION

"SHELL" MEANS SPEED.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Kattanturm, 3,471 tons, Captain A. Volkmann, sailed yesterday for Karachi with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Linga, 957 tons, Captain H. Manley, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Surada, 3,400 tons Captain F. Alton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, with a cargo, 11 cabin and 17 deck passengers.

The City Line steamer City of Paris, 5,915 tons, Captain J. Campbell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Barjora, 1,909 tons, Captain Burbridge arrived in harbour yesterday from Basreh with a general cargo and passengers.

The Rubattino Line steamer Capri, 2,680 tons, Captain A. De Amezaga, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hongkong, with a general cargo and 9 passengers.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain H. G. H. Lewellin R. N. R., arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Umhloti, 1,398 tons, Captain A. J. Ost, arrived in harbour yesterday from Natal via Zanzibar and Mombassa, with a general cargo and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP

R I M S Northbrook...Comdr A E Harold.....Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 11.

Amaye ....4230 Cockman ...Sighti... 23-10...P & O Co
Abydos.....1939 Gilley.....Bo & Africa S N Co
Banca .....3794 Potter .....P & O Co
Begum .....2942 Crebbin .....T M & Co
Barala.....1869 Butler.....M M & Co
Bell of Ireland.....3772 Weeks .....T M & Co
Barjora.....1908 Burbridge .....M M & Co
Cecil .....5210 Lovik .....J M & Co
Dunrobin.....2319 Carr.....T Morrison & Co
Gymeric.....2598 Cusmack.....B N Laing
Kasara.....505 King .....M M & Co
Kusunga.....2937 Elford .....The Bo Co
Kilbride.....2385 Macfarlane .....A Yule & Co
Lawee.....1817 Brawig .....Arab Steamers Ld
Naderi.....1168 Hughes .....Bo & P S N Co
Silverash.....2,378 Scragniel .....T M & Co
Salsette.....2391 Lewellin .....Aden 12-10...P & O Co
Surada.....3400 Alton .....M M & Co
Umhloti.....1398 Ost .....
Waddon.....2576 Whiston.....P and O Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 11.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Sardegna	3224	Mezio	...Genoa	...15-10	R Line
B Barsano	3762	Boxball	...K'chi	...14-10	J F & Co
D&E Chanda	3951	Tice	...Antwerp	...15-10	M M & Co
F Gramsbergen	3157	Goot	...14-10		T M & Co
G Gerd	751	Andreasen	...Bangkok	...N F	F F Campbell & Co
H Firoozi	3029	Primrose	...Jeddah	...14-10	B & P S N Co
K Sanuku Maru	3787	Tatahaka	...Kobe	...14-10	N Y Kaisha
M Den of Crombie	3128	Jarvis	...Genoa	...14-10	K N & Co
N Strathleven	2845	Brown	...Philadelphia	...14-10	R A Willis
P Kattenturm	3471	Volkmann	...Hamburg	...11-10	W & A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2	Scindia	3523	Kelso	L'pool	...23-10... W & A G & Co
4	Gedding Court	2495	Gleghorn	Antwerp	...12-10 J M & Co
5	Merton Hall	2773	Field	L'pool	...15-10... K N & Co
7	Semiramis	2552	Belaffer	...16-10	...A L S N Co
8	Clan Macaulay	1775	Leslie	Marseilles	F F and Co
10	City of Paris	5915	Campbell	...K Nixon & Co	
12 & 13	Persia	4155	Bradshaw	London	...19-10... P & O Co
16	Capri	2952	Amezaga	Hongkong	...16-10... R Line

H W P D

Ponani	552	Dawood	B'nagar	...12-10... B S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Fakeera		...Bo S N Co
Saiyunji	547	Hoosein		...Bo S N Co

P & O Dock.

Edith	1815	Beching	Repairing	J Mackintosh & Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
10	Umhloti	Ost	Natal, Sept 16
11	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden, Oct 6
	Capri	Amezaga	H'kong, Sept 17
	Barjora	Burbridge	Basreh, Sept 25
	City of Paris	Campbell	L'pool, Sept 21
	Surada	Alton	Mauritius, Sept 28

DEPARTURES.

Oct	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
11	Linga	Manly	Karachi
	Kattenturm	Volkman	Karachi

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Capri, for Hongkong.
" Cecil, for Dunkirk.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Culna, passed Lisbon on the morning of the 10th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia Homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 10th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 11.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—1,618 cwts oil cakes, Shri Lakshmi Oil Mills ; 285 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 122 casks skins, Nizamuddin and Co.
Merton Hall s—44 tons oil cakes, the Indian Cotton Oil Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—4,660 cwts cottonseed and 5,000 cwts wheat Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—950 cwts oil cakes, The Indian Cotton Co ; 72 cask skins Nizamuddin and Co ; 1 bale silkwaste. N Dwarkadas ; 25 cwts bees wax, G Sojpal.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—1,981 cwts linseed and 990 cwts gingelly-seed, J Fachiri ; 1,982 cwts wheat, J Fachiri.
Merton Hall s—270 cwts bonepieces Croft Mody and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gramsbergen s—35,002 cwts linseed, D Davchand and Co ; 50 bales hemp, and 204 bales savri cotton, Kiddle Reeve and Co ; 2,000 cwts linseed, S Cooverji Co ; 55 bales cotton, S Raichand.
Geddington Court s—2,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Geddington Court s—2 pots ginger grass oil, Volkart Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Sardegna s—1,800 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros ; 200 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 500 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co ; 348 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

Sardegna s—2,000 cwts wheat, K Devchand and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Semiramis s—1,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Capri s—28 cwts kismis and 13 cwts kuddoo, A Fazulbhoy ; 850 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co ; 1,000 bales twist, the M B Kaisha, 700 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 500 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co ; 137 1-2 cwts sharkfins, M J Joomabhoy and Co.
Sanuki Maru s—100 bales twist, the M B Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Sanuki Maru s—400 bales twist, the M B Kaisha.
Capri s—575 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co ; 300 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.
Amaye s—200 bales twist, C Boggiano and Co.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASES

INCLUDING

SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER

INSURED AGAINST BY

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.

£6 Indian Agents £7

MESSRS. KING, KING & CO.,

BOMBAY

And the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.'s Offices, 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street and 100 Clive Street, Calcutta.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All cans oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE is to enjoy the advantages of perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health and very soon render them fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?

'ATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous system.
It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and preventing waste.
It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplied everything that a man should have.
PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 Pills.
WRITE TO-DAY :—VAIDYA SHASTRI.
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Jamnagar Kathiawar.
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE Literary Supplement of the *Bombay Gazette*, for publication in November, will be one of more than usual attractiveness and contain STORIES BY THE BEST WRITERS OF THE DAY.

Among these will be found G. R. SIMS, A and C. ASKEW, Sir A. QUILLER COUCH, J. H. McCARTHY, KATHARINE TYNAN, BARRY PAIN, DOROTHEA DEAKIN and HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

In addition it will have numerous pages of SKETCHES BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS, including HILDA COWHAM, A. E. MORTON, WILL OWEN and J. DODWORTH. It will in every way surpass its predecessors.

Advertisement space is limited and much is already taken up ; it is therefore desirable that application should be made early to the

GENERAL MANAGER,
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Fort

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HAETON BRAND.
GUARANTEED BEST
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5 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
*If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

BLUTHNER PIANOS.

THE CHOICE of a PIANO is somewhat difficult of solution in these days as one has so many makes offered in India all of which are "the best" from the manufacturers or the retailers point of view. To the uninitiated we would offer the advice that they cannot do better than follow the example given by the authorities of the Leipzic Conservatorium of Music who have given the matter of the choice of pianos most careful and thorough consideration from all points, with the result that at this celebrated institution of which Mendelssohn was the first Director, only Bluthner Pianos are purchased and nearly ONE HUNDRED GRANDS are in constant use.

Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., who are the Sole Agents for these superb instruments offer special facilities for the acquisition of these pianos. They are prepared to take the Pianofortes of other makers, irrespective of age or condition, at their full value, in part payment for Bluthner Pianos either for cash or payment by instalments if that is more convenient.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.
PIANO and MUSIC DEPARTMENT,
BOMBAY and POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Saturday, 12th October, 1912.

"CATCH-MY-PAL."

TIDINGS have come from the "most distressful country" which remind us that in one direction at any rate, an effort is being made to remove one of the great causes of national distress. Not in Ireland alone, but in all the countries of the world, intemperance is a fertile cause of poverty, degradation, and crime, so that probably before long there will be plenty of imitation of the famous "Catch-my-pal" crusade, which has had such a following in Ireland, where it originated, and in the United Kingdom. The pioneer of the movement was a Presbyterian clergyman named Robert Patterson. He is by no means the first minister who has attempted to dislodge "the trade" from its eminence, but he has hit upon an idea which is attractive from its very simplicity. The name bestowed upon the campaign explains the method employed. Every reclaimed drunkard sets out to "catch a pal," every sober man who is convinced of the wisdom of sobriety does the same ; when you are caught you go out and catch a pal, what could be more lucid ? A shrewd knowledge of human nature has prompted the minister's method. When a man signs the pledge, there are only two persons who are able to comment upon possible lapses, the man who signs, and the witness to the signature. For the best of reasons one of these will be inclined to leniency, while the other may never detect the backsliding unless it is fairly flagrant. Under the new regime the convert has other persons to reckon with, the pal who has "caught" him, and the pal whom he in his turn has won over.

In this way the men who manage to avoid the frontal attack of ministers, and avowed temperance preachers find themselves outflanked by their friends, and pledged, before they know it, to abstinence. Sound as the system may be, the real touch of genius has been displayed in the selection of the name : it is quaint, it is slangy, it appeals to popular imagination. Those who see it for the first time wonder what on earth it means, and proceed to find out. Curiosity has lured many a creature into a trap, and while a man is enquiring into the meaning of "catch-my-pal" he is himself caught. To narrow the description of this bright and breezy enterprise into the limits of a statistical table would be to rob it of its charm ; moreover we all know how deceptive an assessment of converts can be. A few instances of the growth and power of the movement may, however, be given. In the districts where the "catch-my-pal" button is to be seen on nearly every coat, the tradespeople—other than publicans—are rejoicing in the impetus which their business has received. Especially in the matter of children's boots has trade been brisk. To an imaginative person, or to one who has witnessed the pleasure of poverty upon the weak and defenceless, this fact is of immense significance. These by-products of the campaign are of more illustrative value than a string of statistics. We are all apt to mistrust revivals and sudden outbursts of enthusiasm. We very rightly believe that hysterical impulses are shortlived and will be followed inevitably by relapse. The "catch-my-pal" however is of another order than the transitory zeal which flares up only for a moment. Its efficacy has lasting qualities, for it is strengthened by two valuable ingredients,—commonsense and the sporting instinct.

A LOST RAPHAEL RECOVERED.

A SENSATION has been created in the art circles of Europe by the remarkable discovery of a lost picture by Raphael in one of the museums of Italy. The discovery is not only notable in itself, because it will add one more to the not too many of the Great Florentine's early manner that we possess, but the way in which it has been arrived at lends it a peculiar interest. It is an instance of a brilliant conjecture of a German professor of great erudition, scientifically verified by sure experimental tests under the direction of learned Italian experts. It is known that Raphael executed four pictures for churches of the Umbrian town, Cilta di Castello, in 1502 when he was only nineteen, and that these were his first independent works. Previous to that year he had been apprenticed to Perugino, in some of whose paintings and frescoes his hand can be traced. Three of these pictures are now extant, but the fourth is not forthcoming, and was supposed to have been destroyed during the confusion that followed on the conquest of Italy at the time of the French Revolution. It was an altar-piece for the chapel of Baroncio in the church of S. Agostino at the Cilta, and represented the coronation of St. Nicholas of Tolentino, an ascetic of the thirteenth century, to whom many miracles are attributed. There are several descriptions of this altar-piece by persons who had seen it before its disappearance, and from these it appears that the saint was in the middle, standing on the body of Lucifer and holding a crucifix in his right hand, with four exquisite angels, two on each side, while overhead were the Almighty, the Madonna and St. Augustine to whose order Nicholas belonged, in the act of crowning him. The church for which it was designed remained in possession of this work of art till 1789, when an earthquake greatly damaged both the church and the picture. The church authorities, needing funds for rebuilding it, sold the picture which had been so much injured that it was cut into two or more pieces, to the Pope for two hundred and fifty pounds. Pius VI. hung these fragments in his private apartments at the Vatican which were plundered in 1798 when the French occupied Rome and the picture fragmentary, was supposed till now to be lost.

The late Professor Middleton, Director of the Fitzwilliam Museum at Cambridge, noted in his monograph on Raphael that it is now destroyed, though studies for it exist at Oxford and Lille. But this new discovery makes it almost certain that fortunately the fragments, or at least, one of them, was not destroyed, for at Brescia, the well known city of Lombardy, an anonymous picture has been identified with Raphael's famous altar-piece. In the Municipal Gallery at Brischia there was hung for a long time a lovely head and bust, about which no information was available and which puzzled critics who tried to apply its authorship. But Dr. Oskar Fischel of Berlin, a great student of Raphael, has solved this puzzle by declaring that this bust and head are those of the angel by the side of St. Nicholas in Raphael's picture. He was able to arrive at this conjecture after examining documentary evidence bearing in the original picture and the copy of it executed by the orders of the church authorities of Cilta di Castello when it was sold to the Vatican. From the character of the back-ground of the Breschian picture, Dr. Fischel further conjectured that if the colour laid on in repainting it were removed the outline of the face of the second angel would appear beside the existing angel, while the book which St. Nicholas holds in his hand as seen in the copy would also be seen near the angel's head. This cold but happy guess of the German commended itself to Dr. Modigliani, the Director of the Brera Gallery at Milan, and the Italian authorities fortunately resolved to put it to the proof practically. The Director-General of Antiquities and Fine Arts for Italy was last month in Lombardy and in his presence Dr. Modigliani and some other experts performed the highly interesting experiments of removing the dark colour of the back-ground of the Breschian picture. The result was very satisfactory and went far to justify Dr. Fischel's happy guess.

THE GUILLOTINE DEBATE.

We confess to a certain sense of disappointment in reading Reuter's summary of the debate on the Prime Minister's guillotine resolution, allotting thirty-two days for the passage of the Home Rule Bill through the House of Commons. Previously, there had been nothing to show the utility of opposing the resolution, and as we anticipated a day or two ago, the Government had no difficulty in securing the rejection of the Unionist amendment, We find it difficult to understand Mr. Bonar Law. Apparently the Unionist leader confined himself entirely to criticism of the measure itself. There is no word, which can honestly be taken as an argument against the intention of curtailing the discussion. True, he uttered the pious platitude that "if the Government meant, without an election to carry Home Rule at the point of the bayonet, then Heaven help them." Mr. Law knows as well as anybody that the Government can do no such thing, that when the measure has passed through the Commons it will be rejected by the House of Lords, and we cannot believe in a pessimism, which refuses to regard a general election as absolutely inevitable. And in his criticisms of the measure itself Mr. Law is equally disappointing. He laid himself open to Liberal jibes. For example, what was the use of saying that the people of Ulster "had only been restrained by the wise leadership of Sir Edward Carson?" We are in the fullest sympathy with the opposition to Irish Home Rule, but it would neither be honest nor sensible to attempt to deny that the intemperate attitude, which the Irish lawyer has assumed during the past few months, was unworthy of him. We believe there is a just case against Irish Home Rule, and a case which must ultimately prevail ; but we cannot hope to convince honest political opponents of the justice of the Ulster fears and claims by threats of risings, civil wars and massacres, particularly when those, who make the threats are prepared afterwards to affirm that they speak figuratively. It must be a bitter reflection to all Unionists that there was seemingly no one to answer the only really strong point made in the debate The Chancellor of the Exchequer asked whether Mr. Law meant that Protestants or Catholics would be massacred. Of course, there was no reply ; neither was there a rejoinder to the Chancellor, when he declared that the by-elections were not fought on Home Rule, and referred to the fact that the *Times*, immediately after the signing of the Covenant, declared that the next election would be fought on the Insurance Act, although the country was supposed to be seething with wrath against the Bill. It would have been easy for Mr. Law, as leader of his party, to have declared with all authority that the next election would be fought with Home Rule as the issue, and that whatever the Government chose to do, Unionists as loyal subjects of the King, would undertake to prove to the whole country that to break the Union would be to court disaster to our Imperial prestige.

BOMBAY'S BUILDING BY-LAWS.

WE are pleased to note that the Municipal Commissioner has been requested to prepare a detailed report regarding the collapse of the Irani's chaw at Lalbagh in July. Several points have been indicated to which his special atttention is desired, and the first of these is, "whether the Building Department of the city possesses any list of jerry, old and dangerous buildings." The remainder are points, which specifically concern this one disaster, and while it is a pity that the resolution was not framed in more general terms, we hope it may be sufficient to raise an inquiry into the scope of the building by-laws of the city. That these are inadequate, there can be no doubt. The number of house collapses, which occurs after every monsoon, is notorious in the city, and while in most instances the houses which fall are old and crazy structures, we have no assurance that those, which take their places, are so constructed as to offer much better resistance to time and weather. Mr. J. P. Orr had to make a complaint about the municipal building by-laws at the Legislative Council some two or three months ago. He pointed out that it was of little use for the Improvement Trust to sweep away insanitary and ill-constructed areas, when the Municipal by-laws were in such a lax condition that they permitted clusters of badly built houses to spring up all around the reclaimed localities. This was a strong complaint, coming from one who is a recognised authority on the subject. It did not appear to receive any great attention at the time, but we hope that it may be remembered, when the Commissioner's report comes up for discussion, and that means will be found to open a general debate on this important subject.

THE MOSQUITO AND THE LATE SHOWERS.

THE recent showers have been followed by a very unpleasant increase in the number of mosquitoes in various parts of the city. These insects are distinguished by a hungry persistence and by the increased irritation caused by their sting, resulting in painful lumps on the skin. It is useless to try to kill them by poison : fly-papers do not attract them, and the burning of insect-powder is more likely to cause sore-throat to the burner than to drive away the enemy. Fortunately the mosquito has a very strong dislike for the smell of kerosene, especially if it be of the cheaper quality, so a simple remedy is within the reach of all. A rag or brush dipped in kerosene is passed over the under-side of tables, desks and other furniture where the mosquito loves to hide in the day time, and in half an hour there is not one to be seen. The strong odour of the kerosene soon disappears, but, long after the human nose has ceased to detect it, the keener sense of the insect recognises and avoids it. It is true that the smell of kerosene is not pleasant, but as an alternative to the mosquito-bite there seems little room for hesitation. How long the protective influence of the kerosene will last, it is difficult to say. It has been known to last from one to many weeks, depending on the locality, but for immediate effect nothing will compare with it. There are many remedies known and advertised for the mosquito-sting, but none is better than a solution of camphor in spirits of wine—a mixture that any one can make. A six-ounce bottle of spirit is supplied with as much camphor in small pieces as it will dissolve. When some lies unmelted at the bottom it is a sign that the mixture is right. Camphorated spirit is not only good for rubbing on mosquito-sting ; it is equally effective for small cuts or abrasions.

AMONG the passengers who arrived in Bombay yesterday by the P. and O. Co's. mail steamer "Salsette," were :—Lieut.-General Sir J. and Lady Nixon, Major :General Sir S. B. T. Mahon, :Lady Violet Wingfield, H. H. Rajah Laxmanrao Bhonsle and the Ranee, and Brig.-General Macintyre.

FAMINE reports from Baroda state that the number on relief works is 863, the number on gratuitous relief in the Deccan is 11,214, and in the Native State of Jath, 1,581.

A WHITE conical buoy surmounted with an iron flag painted red and white has been moored in 30 feet L. W. S. for yacht racing purposes on the following approximate transits:—(I) Centre of Butcher Island in transit with Karanja Beacon. (II) Cathedral in transit with Middle Ground.

THE Honorary General Secretary and Managing Committee of the Bombay Central Famine Relief Fund have received the following letter dated Government House, Kirkee, August 3 — Dear Sir,—His Excellency desires me to acknowledge your communication of the 2nd instant, enclosing the final statement of the accounts of the Bombay Central Famine Relief Fund and to congratulate the Committee and yourself on the excellent results of their and your devoted labours.—Yours faithfully, C. C. Watson.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, Law Member, will leave Simla on his autumn tour on the 15th instant. He will visit Mahableshwar on the 28th, Poona, the 29th, Bombay, the 30th, Quetta, the 3rd of November, Chaman, the 4th, and will return to Simla on the 9th. Leaving Simla again on the 19th, he will visit Lahore on the 22nd, Bikanir, on the 25th, Lucknow the 3rd of December, Calcutta, the 7th, Neora, the 10th, and will arrive at Delhi on the 16th of December.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

THE CRISP LOAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Some men are born great, some achieve greatness and some have greatness thrust upon them. Without wishing to rob Mr. Charles Birch Crisp of the glory—if it be glory—of having accomplished a feat which 99 out of every hundred persons would have regarded as an utter impossibility, I must demur to the description applied to him as the man behind the loan That is exactly what he is not. He is the man in front of the loan. That, no doubt, is a very important position, but the man, or rather the men behind the loan have, with one exception, not yet been heard of by the man in the street. Some day, perhaps, we shall learn the whole history of a transaction which has disturbed every chancellory in Europe this week, and for the time being inflicted a certain amount of humiliation on the Governments of six important Powers. The exception to whom I allude is Mr. Wendell Jackson, a very astute and amiable American of my acquaintance, who represents powerful interests in New York, and who, until I saw the other day in a London paper an account of an interview with him, I had supposed to be in the Far East. He and those associated with Mr. Jackson worked the oracle in Pekin. They, by their diplomatic skill, made it possible for Mr. Crisp to place the loan on the market. The sextuple group seem, according to all accounts, to have behaved with inconceivable stupidity throughout, but what probably has smashed up the combination for the time being was the admission, perhaps unavoidable, of Russia and Japan. Even those steady-going financiers in the city, who prefer to tread the ancient paths must surely feel a certain amount of admiration for Mr. Crisp's conduct throughout the business, as displayed in the very interesting statement he made yesterday for publication. His story surely needs some explanation from the Foreign Office. What I cannot understand is why our Foreign Office, having gone the length it did in opposing the issue of the ten million loan, did not go further. Twice Mr. Crisp gave the officials in Downing Street an opportunity of putting an end to the affair, so far as he was concerned. "Write me a letter," he said, "asking me for reasons of state to drop the negotiations, and I will do so." This, for reasons best known to themselves, they abstained from doing. It was not as if the request was unprecedented. In negotiations concerning a loan affecting another country a similar situation arose, and says Mr. Crisp "I received a letter in this sense." Mr. Crisp makes an incidental remark of much interest. At his first interview the head of the China Department at the Foreign Office loftily told Mr. Crisp that "outside the recognized Six-Nation group it would be impossible for any one to raise a loan for China," Mr. Crisp's reply was that to his own knowledge there were at least five groups that would gladly undertake the transaction. The "official in charge of the China Department" must be feeling sorry to-day that he spoke so confidently. Up to the time of writing, we do not know precisely what support the public has given to the boldest coup the financial world has seen for a very long time, but although there has been no rush when the market closed this afternoon, the loan was looked upon in the city as a *fait accompti*, Mr. Crisp, who has so suddenly leaped into fame, was originally a journalist. That he has a flair for finance is shown by the fact that within a few years of his joining the then firm of Buckler, Norman and Crisp he had become the chief partner. As an international financier he won his spoon in connection with Russia, and he is Chairman of the Anglo-Russian Trust. He finds relief from business cares in amateur farming which, though probably more beneficial physically than floating Chinese loans, is not in these days pecuniarily quite so profitable. He has had Parliamentary aspirations and twice contested Oldham in the Conservative interest, having at one contest Mr. Winston Churchill as his stable companion. Mr. Crisp was not a candidate at the last general election.

"HOME RULE."

Sir George Birdwood writes to me :—

The agitation of the "Orangemen" of Ulster in no way shakes my opinion that opposition to "Home Rule" in Ireland is to-day as unreal as the demand for it. Ireland has become exceedingly prosperous during the past fifteen years, and is now the happiest country within the whole Empire for any race of Britons to live in, and after a long life to lie down and die in. But the leaders of the Parliamentary Party of Irish "Nationalists" had "to save their faces," and they deliberately raised the old cry for "Home Rule" directly on finding that without their support it would be all but impossible for the present Ministry to secure a working majority in Parliament. If only Mr. Asquith had defied them all, the cry for "Home Rule," as a disloyal demand, would have been silenced for evermore, and from that day the "Ornangemen" of Ulster and the Catholics of Ireland would gradually have become welded into a united people, to whom "Home Rule" could have been as safely and therefore as freely granted and, indeed, gladly granted as to Scotland and to Wales, and I, like Mr. Winston Churchill, would add to the whole revived Saxon Heptarchy : Northumbria, Mercia, East Anglia, Essex (including Middlesex and Herts), Kent, Sussex (including Surrey) and Wessex (including Berkshire, Hamshire, Wiltshire, Dorset, Somerset and Devon). This may be going too far, and I can only justify it on artistic and dramatic grounds, and because I think local pride should always be encouraged to the highest, and one should be proud of one's self and one's family, and one's parish, and one's native town, before one's country as a whole ; and there can be no true love of country, unless there exists, deeper and truer than it, a love for one's birthplace, and all its associations of landscape, and people, and history. And where people have developed a distinctive type of physique and language, and literature of their own, as in Scotland and Ireland, and in a lesser degree in Wales, it is an unpardonable sin before history to destroy them, under the strain and stress of uniformity of administration and education, and the evolution of an enlarged complexed nationality. It's just like reducing all flowers to one type, as we are doing just now very widely by doubling every species of them until you can scarcely tell a dahlia from a chrysanthemum or a zinnia, to the total extinction of the charm of the marvellous floral wealth of suburban London. But to return to "Home Rule," the Government most unhappily backed Mr. Redmond's stage Bill, and gave it reality, and so at once aroused the dormant religious bigotry of the "Orangemen" of Ireland; which, in turn, has rallied the slumbering antipathy of Catholic Ireland, antipathy fully justified by the infamous treatment of them by the "Peep of Day" men of the 18th century, since then reorganised as "Orange-men." Now, of course, the "fat is in the fire": and it will be long before it is again put out. All the same—to reverse Lord Randolph Churchill's phrase, which was the right phrase in his day—"Ulster won't fight, and Ulster will be right." There is no true Ulster to-day, only a religious sect of "Orange-men," whose religion is the negation of all true honest Christianity.

"If it comes to fighting these stage stalwarts of Euniskillen, and Donegal, will not have a walk over, with flags flaunting in every air of heaven, for we should never forget that when we English had defeated the French at Fonteney, the expatriated Catholic Irish Brigade advanced to the front and in turn defeated us. What may happen in Parliament with Mr. Redmond's Bill I do not know, and I don't care. But Ireland must have and will have "Home Rule" some day, and the sooner the better; and above all reasons, in my view, because it will indefinitely secure the status and increase the authority of the Catholic Church in Ireland, which is all that at present stands between the people of Ireland and the rising tide of irreligion, and consequent psychical unrest, and social and political discontent which is overwhelming every country throughout the world, in which Protestant sectaries have any foothold. Every Protestant sect is a half-way house to atheism and some of the most advanced of them have already reached their goal; and it cannot but be so, whenever religious beliefs are subordinated to the "private judgment" of individual men! This is why I have always been a Home-Ruler in a loyal spirit, for this reason, and the just pride and the poetry of it. Lord Randolph Churchill was one of the few public men with whom I was ever on any intimate terms, and from my first meeting him he invited me to unreserved access to him; and I was always arguing with him to this effect; but I could never turn him, and I came to the conclusion that at that time he was in the right.

"The Parnellite demand was inspired by a spirit of implacable disloyalty, and yielding to it involved separation. But that feeling has now altogether disappeared, and under the benign influence of the increasing wealth of the country, and it is increasing, by leaps and bounds ; and there is no country in the world save possibly India, and the Argentine in which capital can now so hopefully be invested. Even Anglo-Indian pensioners on £300 or £400 a year find they can make quite little fortunes there, breeding pigs and poultry, all for the English markets.

"As for Sir Richard Lamb's speech, as I have not seen any full report of it, I can offer no comment on it ; but if by "the Nationalisation of India" he means any devolutionary modification of the existing great nationalities of India, I have already, in the above remarks on "Home Rule" for Ireland, expressed what would be my view of Sir Richard Lamb's suggestions. The Hindus, the Mahomedans, the Mahrattas, the Tamils, the Bengalis, and others, are all great historical peoples, with great literatures of their own, and idiosyncratic arts; thus all standing in the applied arts at the head of all the nations of the world at this day. Any deliberate attempt to weld these noble races, and civilisations into a single homogeneous nationality would in my thought and feeling be a blasphemy against history, and the soul of our common humanity: and I thank God it would prove an impossibility. I will say no more for the present."

MR. GOKHALE'S MISSION TO SOUTH AFRICA

Mr. Gokhale has returned to London from Vichy completely restored to health and he is now preparing for his departure to South Africa. He sails next Saturday in the Union Castle liner "Saxon." He proposes to spend a little over three weeks in South Africa, during which time he will visit all the Indian centres in the Union and he hopes to have interviews with the leading Ministers. He will embark for India at Durban and expects to arrive in Bombay on the 6th of December. The success of his mission is on the knees of the gods or rather on the knees of General Botha and his colleagues. At any rate, thanks to the sympathetic interest which has been taken in the matter by Mr. Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, and the Governor-General of South Africa, Viscount Gladstone, Mr. Gokhale will have full opportunities of placing his views before the leading members of the Union Government ; and it is perhaps some encouragement to him to know that the leading paper in the Union, the *Cape Times*, has written in the most friendly spirit of his visit.

PROPOSED MEDICAL SCHOOL AT DELHI.

Much satisfaction is expressed here at the decision come to by Lady Hardinge to make the generous gift of the Maharao of Kotah the nucleus of a fund for founding in the new capital a medical college and hospital for women to be named after Her Majesty the Queen Empress. When the whole of the necessary funds are subscribed, and there should not be much difficulty in raising all the money required for so desirable an object, Lady Hardinge will, no doubt, avail herself of the advice of women experts in education, medicine, surgery, and as to the lines upon which the college and hospital shall be established. It would be very unfortunate if those most interested were not consulted, and it is no disrespect to Government officials to say that in a matter of this sort they cannot possibly know so well as trained lady experts what is required. Hitherto I fear India under the present system has been turning out masses of imperfectly equipped women as so-called doctors, nurses, dhais, etc., who are practically of little or no use. At any rate that is what I am informed by those who have devoted much attention to the subject and whose opinions ought not to be disregarded. The great need seems to be efficiency rather than numbers, and this is what those who promoted the recent deputation to Lord Crewe have been preaching for many years. There appears still to be some misunderstanding as to what they really desire. The aim of the movement with which the names of Mrs. Scharlieb, Mrs. Slater and other well-known lady doctors are associated is, if I rightly understand, simply to ensure that Indian women doctors shall not be allowed to undertake independent charge of responible posts without far more training and experience than they are able to obtain in present conditions and to arrange, by means of some central women's hospitals, staffed by capable members of their own sex, that such post-graduate work can be arranged for on a sound basis. Surely there is nothing unreasonable in this.

GERMAN POLICE METHODS IN LONDON.

For the life of one I cannot understand why the autocrat of London, in other words, the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, should have issued a ukase practically forbidding the distribution of hand-bills to passers by in our streets. It is not denied that "many hundreds of men in poor circumstances" are thereby deprived of the means of earning their living in an honest manner, but as these unconsidered people are not likely to possess votes, I do not suppose that Parliament will trouble itself to interfere as it ought to do. We are told that one effect of the decision is that the streets will be kept much tidier and that this will be generally appreciated. Possibly, but why not adopt the regulations in force in Paris where it is an offence for a pedestrian who accepts a handbill to throw it down in the street. I do not think such a regulation is at all desirable, but if tidiness is so important that order would be preferable to a measure which is unjust and cruel. Surely there are enough

(*Continued on page* 6.)

THE WAR IN THE BALKANS.

MONTENEGRINS' FURIOUS FIGHTING.

Initial Successes Obtained at Heavy Loss.

VANISHING GLEAMS OF HOPE FOR PEACE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PODGORITZA, OCT. 10.

The Montenegrins captured Detchitch to-day. The Turkish commander, with his officers and most of the troops, surrendered.

Four guns were captured.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 10.

Prince Vahid-ed-din, brother of the Sultan, and Prince Ardur-Rahim, nephew of the Sultan, are volunteering to go to the front in case of war.

DETAINED GREEK SHIPS.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

Sir Edward Grey has announced that the Ambassador in Constantinople had been instructed to point out that the retention of Greek vessels is not justified by international law, and so far as the interests of British subjects are concerned, we must strictly observe all rights.

ATHENS, OCT. 10.

The Greek Crown Prince will leave for the Thessalian Frontier on Saturday.

LONDON, LATER.

Sir Edward Grey, replying to Mr. Noel Buxton in the House of Commons said, "We preferred identic to collective representations at Constantinople, but agreed to the latter in deference to the other Powers."

POSITION OF AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

VIENNA, OCT. 10.

Count von Berchtold, addressing the Hungarian Delegation, dwelt on the efforts, which were being made towards peace. He concluded, "Our policy is not conquest, but that does not mean that we are not interested in the Balkans. We have vital interests there, and are determined to defend them."

VIENNA, OCT. 11.

The Hungarian Delegation has adopted extraordinary credits of nearly two millions sterling for the Navy, in order to purchase torpedo-boats, submarines, etc., and to accelerate naval construction.

The Delegation further adopted credits of over five millions sterling for the Army, to be spread over a period of three years, to purchase war material and air-craft, and for the construction of fortifications.

In submitting the estimates, the Minister of Finance pointed out that there was not the slightest question of mobilisation, and reiterated that the Monarchy was determined to adhere to its present peaceful policy.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 11.

The collective Note of the five Embassies on the subject of reforms in Macedonia was presented to the Foreign Minister last evening.

RUMOURED TURKISH VICTORY.

LATER.

It is officially reported here that the Montenegrins attacking Berane were defeated, and that a Bulgarian attack on Soguchuk and Dunikeph, in the Dospad district, was repulsed.

PODGORITZA, OCT. 11.

The Montenegrins resumed the bombardment of Detchitch yesterday morning. A battle was proceeding simultaneously in front of the Turkish town of Tuzi.

The division commanded by General Vukotitch crossed the frontier yesterday morning near Berane.

Detchitch fell at four o'clock in the afternoon, and the Montenegrin standard was hoisted on the positions. There were heavy losses on both sides, but there are great rejoicings in the Montenegrin camp.

TURKISH WAR CLAMOUR.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 11.

Five thousand students, armed with revolvers, held a demonstration last night to protest against the Government's attitude regarding reforms in Macedonia.

Clamouring for war, they marched in procession to the Porte, where they broke windows. Mahmud Mukhtar, the Grand Vizier, harangued them, but he was constantly interrupted, and only secured their dispersal by promising to receive a deputation.

VANISHED GLEAMS OF HOPE.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

The gleams of hope that war in the Balkans will be averted have almost entirely vanished.

PODGORITZA, OCT. 11.

The Montenegrins, after fourteen hours' furious fighting, stormed the hill fort commanding Tuzi, and opened the road to Scutari. They, however, suffered heavy losses.

GREECE BUYS A NEW WAR-SHIP.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

Greece has purchased the Chinese cruiser "Chaoho," which is now being completed at Elswick. The vessel will sail almost immediately.

BASHI-BAZOUK MASSACRES.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

Despatches from Belgrade and Constantinople indicate that the Ottoman Serbs are rising, former messages declaring that they co-operated with the Montenegrins at Berane.

It is asserted at Belgrade that the Bashi-Bazouks are destroying the Servian villages in Macedonia, and are massacring the inhabitants.

The Bulgarian Premier, in an interview with a correspondent of a London paper, said "The impending war is the appalling ransom we are going to pay for our Christian brethren, thrust back by impious men into the godless pandemonium, branded by Mr. Gladstone's immortal words. We appeal to England for aid."

"THE APALLING RANSOM."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

The *Empire* this evening publishes the following special cablegrams from London:—

The Bulgarian Premier has sent a message to the *Daily News and Leader* (London) appealing for England's sympathy and aid in the struggle. The impending war, he says, is the appalling ransom we are going to pay our Christian brethren, for the freedom of which they were robbed at the Berlin Congress. The only satisfactory solution of the Balkan question is the disappearance of direct Turkish rule in South-Eastern Europe.

Germany is showing signs of distrust, particularly over the Russian mobilisation in Poland. The large increase in the vote for Austria's army is viewed with suspicion.

It is reported that Germany has offered the Turks the use of a hospital. Greece's war fervour has greatly diminished since she cannot have Crete. She may possibly secede from the allies.

Turkey's ardour for peace has ceased since the hostilities opened, when she hoped that Italy would bring pressure to bear on the Confideracy.

GREEK RESERVISTS FOR HOME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

Two Greek reservists left Calcutta last night for Bombay *en route* to Greece having been called by their Government to serve with the colours. A third leaves to-night and it is stated that a few other Greek citizens, residing in Bombay and other parts of India, will join the Calcutta contingent at Bombay.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald's Seat again Questioned.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

Replying to Sir John Rees, Mr. Asquith said that the Government intended to retain Mr. Ramsay Macdonald on the Indian Services Commission.

Sir John Rees asked, "Are you not aware that the Indian Civil Service regards this as a peculiarly unjustifiable and provocative appointment?"

No answer was given.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. O'Grady asked whether members co-opted to represent provincial engineers on the Indian Public Services Commission, would be taken from those elected by the engineers themselves.

It was replied that the procedure had not yet been settled. At any rate selection would be for settlement by the Commission itself.

THE COLONIAL SERVICE.

Mr. Stubbs' Appointment to Ceylon.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Mr. Stewart asked what service Mr. Stubbs, the new Colonial Secretary of Ceylon, had seen in the Crown Colonies.

Mr. Harcourt replied, "Mr. Stubbs served twelve years in the Eastern Department of the Colonial Office. He has not, hitherto, served in any of the Colonies except that he carried out a special mission to the Malay Peninsula and Hong-Kong in 1910, very much to my satisfaction."

A SEA GRAVESIDE.

Funeral Service over the Spot Where "B2" Lies.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

An impressive funeral service was held this afternoon over the spot, where the submarine "B2" is lying, in the presence of a number of warships and the flotilla to which "B2" belonged. Hundreds of people lined the cliffs at Dover, but a pall-like haze enveloped the fleet.

THE TRADE COMMISSION.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

The Empire Trade Commission re-assembled to-day. It is taking evidence on the subject of emigration, which will occupy a fortnight. It will afterwards take evidence on Imperial trade.

The Commissioner will sail for Australasia on January 15th returning to England in July.

SIR STARR JAMESON.

Resigns his Seat in Cape Parliament.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

Sir Starr Jameson has finally resigned his seat in the Union Parliament, on account of his ill-health.

SOUTH AFRICAN FOOTBALL.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

The South African Rugby team defeated Cornwall at Redruth by 15 points to 6.

ESPIONAGE IN GERMANY.

LEIPZIG, OCT. 11.

An ex-petty officer, named Kagelmann, has been sentenced to six years' penal servitude for attempting to sell to Britain plans of the naval defences on the Elbe.

THE PANAMA BILL

LONDON, OCT. 10.

In the House of Commons, Sir Edward Grey, replying to Mr. Hewins, said that after the passage of the Panama Canal Bill, the British Government informed the United States that if there was eventually a difference between the two countries respecting the interpretation of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, which could not be settled otherwise, the Government would ask for arbitration on the whole subject.

MEXICAN REVOLUTION.

NEW YORK, OCT. 11.

The Mexican rebels at Escalon have practically annihilated a force of 150 Federal troops, only seventeen Federals escaping.

THE ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

RIO DE JANEIRO, OCT. 11.

The President and Foreign Minister, British and other foreign missions were not successful to-day in witnessing the eclipse of the sun at Pahsaquatro, Minas Geraes. Heavy rain was falling.

NOBEL MEDICINE PRIZE.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

The Nobel prize for medicine has been awarded to Dr. Alexis Currel, of the Rockefeller Institute, New York, for his works on "the future of vessels and transplantation of organs."

IRISH HOME RULE BILL.

Debate on the Government's Guillotine Motion.

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, OCT. 10

The House of Commons was crowded when Mr. Asquith moved the guillotine resolution allotting thirty-two days for the passage of the Home Rule Bill through the House of Commons He said the object of the Government was not only to pass the Bill in the present Parliament, (cheers and counter-cheers), but to pass it with provisions so carefully criticised and revised as to make it a really workable measure. The time available was ample and generous. The object of the Opposition was to destroy, not to amend the Bill. Without the guillotine they would consume time and prevent the Bill passing and becoming law.

MR. BONAR LAW

LONDON, OCT. 10.

Mr. Bonar Law, moving his amendment to Mr. Asquith's motion, said the Government was impelled to pass a measure, which they knew was never approved by the people. Referring to Ulster, he said he fully recognised his responsibility in the matter. They were told that this was the adoption of lawlessness, but there must be a limit somewhere. The people in resisting James II and Robespierre resisted constitutional authorities.

The Government knew that the sense of injustice, under which the people of Ulster were suffering, was such that outbreaks were possible, which would mean massacres. They had only been restrained by the wise leadership of Sir Edward Carson, (prolonged Liberal laughter), and by the belief that there must be an appeal to the people.

Mr. Bonar Law affirmed that Ulster, at present, was like a powder magazine. He asked "Had the Government no sense of responsibility?" If the Government meant, without an election, to carry Home Rule at the point of the bayonet, then Heaven help them. If not, as he believed was the case, then the Government was a body of Micawbers. They were incurring a terrible responsibility. If bloodshed came, then blood-guiltiness would be theirs. (Opposition cheers).

MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

Mr. Lloyd George asked whether Mr. Bonar Law meant massacres of Protestants or Catholics. He commented upon the statement of Mr. Bonar Law, that he would support Ulster in any action it took, as a remarkable doctrine for a constitutional party.

Mr. Bonar Law here interposed that what he said was if the Government attempted, without first appealing to the country, to impose the Bill on Ulster by force, he would support Ulster to any length in resisting the attempt.

He did not reply to the remark about massacres.

Mr. Lloyd George, continuing, said that the by-elections were not fought on Home Rule. The *Times* immediately after the signing of the Covenant, declared that the next election would be fought on the Insurance Act, yet the country was supposed to be seething with wrath against the Bill.

Mr. Bonar Law's amendment was rejected by 323 votes to 232, and the debate was adjourned.

A QUESTION OF ALLEGIANCE.

In the House of Commons, Mr. King asked whether the speeches of certain Privy Councillors, also the Covenant signed at Belfast, would be referred to the Law Officers of the Crown, so that the latter might report whether they constituted a breach of the Oath of Allegiance.

Mr. Asquith replied that he was aware of the speeches, and the matter was being considered, (Liberal cheers.)

PERSONAL RECRIMINATIONS.

LONDON, OCT. 11.

Instead of the violence, which was anticipated in the Commons last night, the debate was punctuated by laughter and cheers, and a cross-fire of personalities.

Sir Edward Carson explained that though he loathed the Bill, he and his friends would not lose their tempers, preferring to remain in full force rather than be expelled from the House. Referring to Ministerial laughter, he said he would not envy any man who went to Belfast to laugh at them there. He had been waiting to hear about his lawlessness, about the necessity for prosecuting him, and all that ridiculous rot, but the Government was afraid.

Mr. Churchill, who followed, was interrupted by Sir Edward Carson taunting him with a change of convictions. Mr. Churchill reminded Sir Edward Carson that he was formerly a member of the National Liberal Club.

STEAMER THIEVES.

Arrests in Bombay and Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

The Calcutta police have arrested two persons, suspected of having committed numerous thefts on vessels in Bombay and Calcutta. On the 29th of September a Bengali was arrested on suspicion and he made a confession and was taken to Bombay, where the police arrested a Mahomedan, Golam Kadar, a notorious bad character. From his house the police recovered a number of gold chains, watches, knives and other things, valued at Rs. 3,000. Golam Kader was made over to the Bombay police.

In connection with this case, we understand that the police succeeded in recovering a gold watch and chain, and a purse containing a few hundred rupees from house at Null Bazaar, where Golam Kadar lived Golam also pointed out another Mahomedan as his accomplice. However, was found to have no connection with the thefts, Golam Kadar was taken back to Calcutta on Monday.

THE U. P. COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 11.

A United Provinces *Gazette Extraordinary* has been issued, notifying the dates and particulars of the coming Council elections under the new regulations. Dr. Sunder Lal will vacate the University seat on the 6th of December. The counting of votes for the new members will take place on the 16th of November. The following members, elected by Municipal Boards, will vacate office in December. Nawab Asadullah Khan, Meerut; Syed Ali Nabay, Agra; Pundit Madan Mohan Malavyia, Allahabad; Rai Ganga Prasad Varma, Lucknow. This year it will be the turn of Bareilly.

FLIGHT TO INDIA.

Col. Cody Agrees to Attempt the Feat.

ON HIS PRIZE BIPLANE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

The *Empire* publishes the following special cablegram dated London, October 11th:—

"Colonel Cody has agreed to attempt a flight to India on the biplane which won the Government's prize."

COAL CONFERENCE.

Programme of Enquiry and Investigation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

At the opening of the Coal Conference at the Bengal Chamber of Commerce office to-day, Sir T. R. Wynne commenced the proceedings by urging the desirability of framing the points of investigation, before going to the collieries in order to prevent an aimless enquiry and waste of time, and to facilitate the collection of information.

The subject was divisible into three distinct classes: Firstly, railway complaints of difficulties, which the collieries could remove and *vice versa*, such as delays due to overloading; secondly, the working of the coal traffic from the start of the journey to the docks, namely on the E. I. Ry the complaints against the E. B. S. Ry. on the Naihati Docks line; thirdly, the trafficworking by the Port Trust Ry., namely the E. B, S. on which it is that trains are delayed because the Dock Junction cannot receive them. There were, he said, faults on both sides, and the object was to improve matters without recrimination. They should not hurry over the Conference, but should make a thorough investigation.

After a general discussion the investigation was divided into nineteen points for consideration at the collieries, and five on the route between the collieries and the docks.

The former include delays due to want of labour and want of steady supply of labour and the latter various inter-railway disputes. The Conference will meet at the Kidderpur Docks to-morrow, and will investigate the working of the coal traffic there.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

URI, OCT. 11.

The Viceroy left Murree this morning, and at the boundary of Kashmir State was met by Dewan Badrinath, Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja, and other officials, and he will spend the night here. His Excellency lunched at Garhi. The weather threatens rain.

CHINESE LEAVING TIBET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KALIMPONG, OCT. 11.

Two hundred and seventy Chinese leave to-morrow for Peshek and will reach Jalapahar on Sunday, when they will entrain for Calcutta, and embark immediately for Shanghai. Commissioner Chai leaves for Calcutta to-morrow, but Mr. Wu remains here for some time. One hundred Chinese soldiers are expected to-morrow, and will join the first party at Jalapahar en route to Calcutta.

LATER.

The last batch of Chinese troops has crossed the frontier, making a total of eight hundred and six officers and men. The first batch has delayed its departure till to-morrow.

INDIAN OPIUM TRADE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 11.

It is notified that (1) in the calendar year 1913 not more than 14,920 chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale, of which 1,720 chests will be certified for shipment to China, and the rest (13,200 chest) will be for shipment to other countries, (2) subject to clause 4 there will be no sales of certified opium in November and December 1913. At each of the monthly sales in January to September 170 chests will be offered for sale of which 115 chests will be Patna opium, and 55 chests will be Benares opium; the quantity offered for sale in October will be 190 chests of which 165 chests will be Patna opium, and 25 chests Benares opium; (3) subject to clause 4 uncertified opium will be sold in each of the twelve months in 1913; the quantity offered for sale in each month will be 1,100 chests, of which 910 chests will be Benares opium and 190 chests Patna opium; (4) Government reserves to itself the right to alter the quantity and classes of opium, to be offered for sale each month.. No reduction in the quantities to be sold, however, will be made without three months' previous notice.

SYRIAN SEMINARY MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TRAVANCORE, OCT. 11.

In the Syrian seminary murder case, Mr. K. Shangara Pillai, Sessions Judge, Kottagan, pronounced judgment to-day, convicting all the eleven prisoners under sections 140 and 301 of the Travancore Penal Code, and sentencing each of them to rigorous imprisonment for life.

GENERAL NIXON'S ARRIVAL

Lieut.-General Sir J. Nixon, commanding the Southern Army, arrived with Lady Nixon by the P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette" yesterday morning. General Nixon landed at the Apollo Bunder and a guard of honour of the Warwickshire Regiment with band and colours, saluted him.

THE taking of jagri from British India into the Pargana of Nagaravely, in the possessions of the Government of Portugal has been prohibited.

A FATAL explosion occurred on September 25 on board the new cruiser "Southampton," berthed in dry dock at Glasgow. Allan McKlchnie, twenty-two, a labourer, entered a bunker hatchway with a lighted candle, and it is supposed that the explosion took place through the ignition of coal gas. McKechnie was pulled on deck with his clothing ablaze, and died within a few minutes. Another labourer, named James McCrimmon, who went to McKechnie's assistance, was badly burned on the hands.

PAINFUL RIDING ACCIDENT.

Young Wife Killed at Calcutta.

AN UNACCOUNTABLE BOLT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

A tragic riding fatality took place at Ballygunge (in South Calcutta) this morning. Mr. Westmacott, a solictor of the firm of Messrs. Pugh and Co., and his wife were returning from a ride in the lines, and as they emerged on the Ballygunge Maidan, the lady's horse showed signs of freshness, and bolted. After going at full speed twice round the maidan, the horse swerved near a tree and Mrs. Westmacott was thrown off, and suffered such serious injuries to her head that she died five minutes afterwards. Her husband and Mr. Steele Perkins, (of Messrs. Leslie and Hinds), were the only witnesses of the occurrence.

Mrs. Westmacott began to ride about nine months ago, and her horse had a good record during the past two years. The cause of its bolting is unknown. Mr. and Mrs. Westmacott had been married a year, to-morrow being the first anniversary of their marriage.

The funeral took place this evening at five o'clock. Many officers and many men of the Calcutta Light Horse, in which corps Mr. Westmacott is a major, were present.

THE RIVER HOOGHLY.

Ship Canal Scheme Criticised by Calcutta Paper.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

Commenting on the recent revival of the proposal to build a ship canal from Diamond Harbour to Calcutta for large vessels, to avoid the danger of the river and sand banks, the *Englishman* points out that in consequence of the steady increase in the size of vessels the canal would have to be of large dimension; the expenditure, therefore, would run to crores, and interest, sinking fund, maintenance and working expenses would mean the trebling and quadrupling of the present port dues. There is also a fear of damage by cyclones, such as those of 1864 and of ten years ago. The canal is not needed, because the number of accidents in the river is very small, and it would be useless since the sandbanks in the lower reaches below Diamond Harbour will remain as troublesome as they are now.

"BURMA CRITIC" CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, OCT. 11.

The hearing was resumed to-day at the Chief Court special sessions before the Chief Judge and a jury, of the defamation case against Mr. C. Arnold. The cross-examination of Mr. Andrew was concluded, and Captain A. Maclean Finnie was examined. He deposed to having met McCormick five times in all, during the time he had been at Victoria Point. In cross-examination by Mr. Hamlyn, witness denied that he was an intimate friend of McCormick and stated emphatically that he was only an acquaintance of his. Further cross-examined, the witness said that in his opinion there was no prima facie case against McCormick.

The hearing was adjourned to the 15th of October next.

MURDER OF A GIRL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 11.

Mr. Boyd, Sessions Judge, to-day delivered judgment in the case in which two villagers of Ghorpuri, named Sakharam and, Bhau, were charged with the murder of a little girl named Tani on the 24th July last, for the sake of her ornaments. The accused were sentenced, No. 1 to be hanged, and No. 2 for abetment, to transportation for life.

POONA HOUSE COLLAPSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 11.

The death of a Mahomedan tonga driver and his wife was caused early on Thursday morning owing to the collapse of a wall of a house in Shanwar Peth. When recovered from under the debris, the man was found to be dead, but his wife survived for a few hours in the Sassoon Hospital. The heavy rains, we have been receiving lately, were the cause of the accident.

A RANGOON SUICIDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, OCT. 11.

As a result of the enquiry into the death of Mr. Hampton, late of the Ruby Mines, the Eastern Sub-division Magistrate has found that the deceased committed suicide by shooting himself on account of recent financial difficulties and troubles.

COTTON IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, OCT. 11.

The summary of the second forecast of the cotton crop for the year 1912-13 says:—The area under cotton in the principal cotton-growing districts is 204,099 acres; this is 8,505 acres more than the area estimated in the second forecast of 1911-12, and is 19,196 acres more than the area actually cultivated in that year, while it is 12,517 acres in excess of the area given in the first forecast of this year. The largest increase is in the Myingmyan District where early rains were favourable. Standing crops are everywhere in good condition.

ANOTHER REBELLION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 11.

The *Pioneer's* frontier correspondent states that the tribesmen of Tagao in Kohistan are in rebellion, and have attacked the Afghan posts on the Lachman road. A strong force of troops is being sent against them.

A Gas Cooking Stove will roast, bake or boil at the same time. It is always ready for use and is the cheapest, most reliable and cleanest method of cooking.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Administration Report for 1911-12.

DECREASES IN IMPORTS.

The administration report of the Bombay Port Trust for the year 1911-12:—

The Budget Committee of the Trustees, when framing the estimates of revenue for the year 1911-12, after taking into consideration the conditions likely to affect the staple items of the trade of the Port, estimated for a total revenue of Rs. 83,53,186 (excluding special receipts). The total actual revenue realised was Rs. 84,27,489 being Rs. 74,303 more than the budget estimates, and Rs. 1,60,473 less than the actual revenue of the previous year 1910-11. The year 1910-11 was, however, a record year, particularly as regards the exports of seeds, and, in comparison with the average of the last three years, the revenue for the year under report shows an increase of Rs. 4,58,296, which must be regarded as highly satisfactory, especially in view of the partial failure of the monsoon. The expenditure under all heads (excluding only special expenditure met from special receipts) amounted to Rs. 74,28,576 leaving a substantial surplus of Rs. 9,98,913, available for transfer to the revenue reserve fund.

The main features of the year's traffic working, as compared with that of the previous year, were considerable decreases in the exports of cotton, seeds, twist and yarn, manganese ore and myrabollams and in the imports of coal, grain and sugar. The decreases under these heads were, however, made up to a considerable extent by increased exports of grain, steadiness of trade in minor commodities, expansion of the trade in kerosine oil in bulk, and increases in ground rents for accommodation on the land estate.

The rebate on certain charges on goods and shipping, allowed as a temporary measure during the last four years pending the opening of the Alexandra Dock, was discontinued during the year under report. Having regard to the increase in the cost of the Alexandra Dock to provide further facilities, and the various schemes either under construction or contemplated in the interests of the Trade of the Port, the Trustees decided that it was desirable to strengthen reserves against impending requirements by appropriation of the full surplus of revenue over expenditure to the Revenue Reserve Fund.

Under the head of capital account the expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 82,50,108 of which Rs. 73,88,107 was spent on the two chief works which the Trustees are now carrying out viz., the Alexanda and Hughes Docks and the Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation.

REVENUE.

The Revenue, exclusive of Special Receipts, compares with that of former years as follows:—

Average of three years ending	1905-06	Rs. 66,55,531	
Do.	1908-09	„ 75,24,633	
During the year	1909-10	Rs. 77,81,140	Average Rs. 82,65,530
Do.	1910-11	„ 85,87,962	
Do.	1911-12	„ 84,27,489	

The surplus of receipts over expenditure, amounting, as already stated, to Rs. 9,98,913 has been appropriated to the Revenue Reserve Fund which will thereafter stand as follows:—Rs. 68,17,101 invested in Public Securities of the par value of Rs. 69,87,507; Less 1,980 advanced from cash balances to be adjusted against Investment Account in 1912-13; total Rs. 68,15,121; surplus, Rs. 9,98,913 in 1911-12. Total Rs. 78,14,034.

The maximum limit of the reserve fund approved by Government was formerly Rs. 75 lakhs. The Trustees approached Government during the year with a view to this limit being increased to allow of the full surpluses of revenue over expenditure realised until the opening of the Alexandra Dock being transferred to the Fund. The Government of Bombay have approved of the Trustees' proposal and have submitted it to the Government of India with the recommendation that the limit be increased to Rs. 105 lakhs.

The principal source of trade revenue is wharfage fees on goods and Rs. 37,90,304 was derived from this source at the docks and bandars. The decrease in wharfage fees as compared with 1910-11, amounted to Rs. 1,78,903, which was largely due to the falling off in exports of cotton and cotton seeds. Of the total wharfage fees Rs. 21,12,914 was on account of import and Rs. 16,77,390 on account of export cargo. Transhipment fees amounted to Rs. 28,738.

The receipts from ground rents show a further increase of Rs. 83,474 but this includes Rs. 35,000 for arrears of rent due on certain leaseholds at Sewri which had been held in abeyance.

The total area of land let on leasehold at the end of the year was 591,916 square yards.

The receipts from the Merewether Dry Dock, amounted to Rs. 1,61,616 as against Rs. 1,67,480 in the previous year. Compared with the average for the past five years, the receipts show a decrease of Rs. 5,067. During the year the Trustees made reductions in the scale of charges with a view to encourage further use of the Dock. The revision in the scale did not come into force until November 1911, so no useful conclusions can be drawn from the figures of the year under report as to the effect of the revision.

The Port Department Revenue was Rs. 2,81,618 as compared with Rs. 2,71,925 in the previous year. The principal item in this revenue is Port Dues charged on vessels and country craft, in which there was a small increase of Rs. 2,439. The remainder of the increase occurred under water-supply and services to shipping.

The total receipts under pilotage, including interest on investments of the vessels' replacement fund, were Rs. 2,51,732 against Rs. 2,49,988 earned in 1910-11. Pilotage and transporting fees realised Rs. 2,33,640. Fifty-four and a half per cent. of these fees and all the warping fees are divided amongst the pilots.

The figures, for revenue expenditure exclusive of pilotage and special expenditure, show an increase of Rs. 295,465 as compared with the previous year. The increase is mainly accounted for under the head of sinking funds for liquidation of capital debt. The sinking funds for the liquidation of the loans, aggregating Rs. 277 lakhs up to 1910, for the construction of the Alexandra Dock, were started with effect from April 1911 and the annual provision (Rs. 1.82,550-4-8) appears in the accounts for the first time.

THE PORT'S DEBT.

A debenture loan for Rs. 75 lakhs, having a currency of 60 years and bearing interest at 4 per cent., was raised in India at an average rate of Rs. 102-6-0 per cent. for the new docks works. This loan makes the eighth instalment of the funds required for the Alexandra wet dock and the Hughes dry dock, and brings the total of amount of loans raised for these works to Rs. 362 3-4 lakhs including Rs. 10 3-4 lakhs transferred from general account out of the loan of 1904, on account of the Ballard Pier extension, which the Trustees have now decided to treat as part of the new docks works. The average rate at which the whole Rs. 362 3-4 lakhs have been floated is Rs. 100-7-11 (exclusive of expenses of raising the loans).

The total debt of the Board at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 11,06,73,237, of which Rs. 3,01,57,561 is due to Government and Rs. 8,05,15,676 is on account of the Foreshore Securities and Debenture Loans to the public. Details are given on page 6 of the Accounts.

The total expenditure on Capital Account since the constitution of the Trust is Rs. 11,00,47,758, from which Rs. 20,23,994, realised from sale of land, plant, &c., has to be deducted, leaving Rs. 10,80,23,764. The cost of the old lightship "Colaba," the Kennery and Dolphin Lighthouses, and certain other properties originally made over to the Trustees by Government free of charge, are not included in this amount, and it also does not take into account the invested funds and unspent balances of loans aggregating Rs. 2,39,77,443.

TRADE AND TRAFFIC.

The Customs Returns on the basis of values show the trade of Bombay Port during the year as Rs. 199 crores (£132,553,000.) The increase as compared with the previous year, exclusive of Government transactions was slightly above 16 crores or 8.62 per cent.

The export trade in grain (434,000 tons) in the year under report was the highest on record since the year 1904-05, and was 193,000 tons more than the average of the past five years. The import trade in grain (167,000 tons) was the lowest on record since the year 1893-94, and was 167,000 tons less than the average of the past 5 years, and 191,000 tons less than the average of the past 10 years. The export trade in seeds (765,000 tons) shows a decrease of 109,000 tons when compared with the record year of 1910-11, the decrease being in cotton seed. The trade was, however, 118,000 tons in excess of the average trade of the last five years.

COTTON TRADE.

A large quantity of American cotton was imported owing to favourable price parities and a shortage in the long stapled varieties of Indian cotton. The total import figures for 1911-12 include 82,059 bales from America which is the largest importation of this cotton on record. The export trade in the year under report declined by 232,000 bales as compared with the previous year 1910-11 and was 166,000 bales below the average of the last five years.

The export trade in twist and yarn was seriously affected by the political disturbances in China and was the lowest on record since the year 1900-01. There was a decrease of 87,000 bales as compared with the previous year 1910-11 and a decrease of 171,000 bales compared with the average trade of the past five years.

The imports of piece-goods (346,000 bales and cases) were about the same as in the year 1910-11 and were above the average of the past five years by 36,000 bales and cases. The stocks in the dock warehouses, including twist and yarn, aggregated 54,856 bales at the end of 1911-12, as compared with 54,084 bales at the end of 1910-11. The exports of piece-goods aggregated 272,000 bales and cases or about the same as in the year 1910-11. Compared with the average of the past five years the figures show an increase of 25,000 bales and cases.

The imports of sugar (129,000 tons) showed a decrease of 47,000 tons compared with the figures of 1910-11, and were the lowest on record for several years. The decrease was mainly due to the failure of the Continental beet crop, and no European sugar was imported during the year. Trade in Java sugar commenced in 1906-07 with about 21,000 tons and has steadily increased to about 79,000 tons in the year under report.

The imports of iron and steel show no material fluctuation being 173,000 tons as compared with 181,000 tons in the previous year. There was an increase of 25,000 tons in comparison with the average of the past five years.

The imports of machinery and railway materials show a decrease of 8,000 tons as compared with the previous year. Of the total of 77,900 tons, 34,000 tons were on account of railway plant and materials as against 32,000 tons in 1910-11. Under the regulations which allow of the free importation of Railway materials, the property of the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways, a great proportion of the large trade makes no contribution towards the expenses of the Port, except in respect of the almost nominal Port and Dock dues on the vessels carrying the imports.

The imports of coal at the Trustees' bandars aggregated 541,006 tons and showed a decrease of 76,000 tons as compared with 1910-11 owing to the coal strike and labour troubles in England, both the trade in foreign and in Indian coal was seriously interfered with.

These figures do not include imports at the P. and O. British India and the two Railway wharves, which are not liable to Port Trust wharfage charges, the wharves being the properties of the Companies.

The foreign imports included 33,229 tons from Australia, as against 36,403 tons in 1910-11. 10,756 tons of coal were imported from Japan in 1911-12, as against 13,629 in 1910-11. The imports from Natal were 19,787 tons against 11,837 tons in 1910-11. The coasting imports were less than the previous year by 67,000 tons, which was due principally to difficulty in getting the coal from the collieries to port of shipment and the increased demand for tonnage. The decrease is not therefore indicative of a decline in the demand for Indian coal.

The number of steam and square-rigged vessels which entered the docks, or were berthed at the harbour walls and paid dues, were:—Vessels entered docks, 919 against 939 in 1910-11; vessels berthed, 600 against 650; total tonnage, 2,767,913 against 2,866,623.

The number of vessels which entered the docks in ballast was 315 against 342 in 1910-11, and 234 vessels left in ballast against 215 in 1910-11.

The largest merchant vessel that entered the Port was the Hamburg-American Liner, s. s. "Cleveland," length 588 feet, beam 65 feet, and gross tonnage, 16,960 tons. The vessel with the deepest draft leaving the Port was the s. s. "City of York" with a draft of 28 feet 6 inches.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

At the instance of Government, the Eastern boundary of the Bombay Port limits was modified so as to exclude Mandwa from the limits of the Port of Bombay.

A proviso was added to the explosives rules of the Port, with the approval of Government, giving the Port Officer discretion in stormy weather to allow vessels carrying explosives to be berthed north of the Explosives Anchorage, and not nearer than half a mile from the shipping.

The Trustees also framed rules in their digest of leave, pay and pension, enabling them to sanction at their discretion the grant of retiring gratuities to those of their employees whose pay does not exceed Rs. 300 a month, and who have approved service for over 15 years.

There were six small fires on the Trustees' land estate involving only slight damage to buildings and goods.

There were two fires on board vessels while in the docks, but no serious damage was caused in either case. The dock fire brigade and appliances also rendered assistance at a small fire on the Port Trust Estate outside the docks and and succeeded in extinguishing the flames.

The number of accidents to persons in the Docks was 126, of which 13 were fatal, 18 serious and 95 slight against 176 cases last year, of which 21 were fatal, 24 serious and 131 slight. Of the fatal cases 5 were due to falling into holds and lighters. 1 to breaking of stevedore's slings and 7 to other causes.

There were 10 accidents to vessel in charge of Dock officials during the year, but no serious damage was done in any case. For accidents to vessels in pilotage charge see below.

The supply of labour for handling the cargo of vessels on the wharves and in the sheds continued to be worked departmentally and was satisfactorily maintained. In June, 1911, labour was very scarce and difficult to obtain, and the rates were high. The supply was, however, maintained in spite of the difficulties encountered, and no serious inconvenience to working was caused. The change made in 1909-10, abolishing the system of working through a contractor and introducing departmental working has been fully justified by results.

CRIME AND ACCIDENTS.

The return of cognizable crime for the Calendar year 1911, furnished by the Commissioner of Police, gives the particulars noted below in comparison with the corresponding returns of the two previous years:—

	1909.	1910.	1911.
Persons arrested... ...	1,739	2,161	2,154
Number convicted ...	1,609	2,076	2,010
Percentage of convictions...	86.77	96.05	93.31

During the year 191 cases of theft were reported, of which 169 were detected, against 174 reported in the previous year. The aggregate value of the property stolen was Rs. 4,050 (of which 66.81 per cent. was recovered) against Rs. 23,074 in 1910.

On the 12th March, 1912, the Trustees' floating magazine (a specially constructed barge moored at a safe distance from shipping in the harbours), used for the storage of explosives requried for Port Trust Works, suddenly exploded and disappeared. No damage was done to any of the shipping in the harbour. Ten men on board the magazine at the time lost their lives and no evidence was available as to the cause of the explosion. The accident was made the subject of inquiry by the Chief Inspector of Explosives and the floating magazine has been replaced by a shed on land at Elephanta. In the case of both these accidents the Trustees made prompt and liberal provision for the widows or dependants of the unfortunate victims.

PILOTAGE DEPARTMENT.

The average total earnings of the pilots during 1911-12 as compared with three previous years were as follows:—

This outlay was met as follows:—

	Pilotage & Transporting Fees.	Earnings of Pilots per mensem. Master Pilots.	1st Grade.	2nd Grade.	3rd Grade.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1910-11	2,32,320	921	792	681	593
1911-12	2,33,640	898	739	636	542

At the close of the year the Pilot staff was of 18 with two master pilots, or 20 in all.

At the close of the year the Pilot staff was of 18 with two master pilots, or 20 in all.

The average number of pilots available for duty throughout the year, allowing for those absent on leave and temperory sickness, was 15, while the number of vessels piloted in and out of the harbour and transported and attended to during the year was 2,861, giving an average of 16 vessels monthly to

each pilot; 512 vessels were tranported by the master pilot during the year.

The new pilot schooner "Dolphin," built in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, at a cost of Rs. 99,000, was launched on 29th May, 1911, and made over to the Port Officer on 10th October, 1911, and has taken up her duties at the outer station.

There were five accidents to vessels while in Port Trust pilotage charge during the year but no serious damage was done. Serious damage was done to one vessel by collision with the bull nose of the Victoria Dock Entrance. The vessel was in pilotage charge of the Master who held a special pilot's license, and who was solely to blame for the accident.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE.

The aggregate expenditure on capital account during the year was made up as follows:—

	Revised Estimates. Rs.	Actuals. Rs.
Section I Victoria Dock ...	1,22,000	18,909
Section I New Works, Ordinary ...	9,13,700	8,43,092
" II Alexandra and Hughes Docks Works ...	52,50,650	49,52,952
" III Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation ...	22,18,640	24,35,155
Rs.	85,04,990	82,50,108

This outlay was met as follows:—

	Rs.
From Loan balances	3,16,109
From depreciation fund balances ...	2,578
From Alexandra and Hughes Docks Loans	49,52,952
From Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation Sterling Loans	24,35,155
Advanced from available balances to be adjusted against fresh Loans to be issued	5,43,314
Total	82,50,108

The addition to the dredging plant by the purchase of the steam hopper-barge "Peewit" and the double crane grab-dredger "Stock" was referred in para. 57 of the last year's report. During the year under report a further addition of three 300-ton dumb hopper-barges was made. These barges were constructed in England, and shipped out in section and put together in the Trustees' Workshops at Mazagon.

Two small powerful tugs, "Aid" and "Helpful," were provided for the use of the Dock Master in berthing vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks. The Tugs were built by Messrs. Van Damme Freres and Adam in Belgium at a cost of Rs.89,102. They were shipped out whole on steamer's deck and arrived in Bombay in 1911.

Reference was made in last year's report to the accident which occurred on 22nd March 1911 to the Trustees' dredger "Octopus," by which the vessel was sunk while at work on the Flagstaff Shoal. After several attempts measures were successful, and the dredger was floated on the 6th January, 1912, and towed into the Prince's Dock on 10th January and placed in the Dry Dock on the same day. The dredger has undergone complete refit and repair and is now at work again. The salvage operations on this dredger were of a nature never before conducted in the Port and reflect great credit upon all concerned.

The cost of salving and completely repairing the vessel will probably amount to about Rs. 3 lakhs which will be met from special funds without increasing capital liability.

The plot of land at Wari Bandar at the foot of Bhandarwada Hill required for the accommodation of the Chawls, which the Trustees proposed to build for the housing of labourers in the docks and others, was acquired during the year under the Land Acquisition Act. Plans and estimates for the buildings have been prepared and sanctioned by the Trustees and approved by Government, and a contract has been given for the construction of a portion of the buildings, consisting of four blocks containing 392 rooms. The work is now in hand.

This much needed work was undertaken during the year and the road is now 100' instead of 60' in width. This will be a great relief to cart traffic.

An extension of the bandar for landing and shipment of kerosine oil at Sewri was undertaken during the year, as it was represented that the existing accommodation was inadequate for the expanding trade. The extension consists of an additional jetty constructed at right angles to the existing wharf giving additional wharf area of about 5,000 square yards. A tramway for conveyance of oil along the jetty forms part of the work.

In last year's report reference was made to the report of a small expert committee convened to formulate and submit proposals as regards details of working the Port Trust Railway and attendant trade arrangements. In the meantime, although practically no expenditure was incurred in 1911-12 on the works proposed, a great deal has been done in submitting plans and estimates for approval of Government and the Railway Board, settling working details, and deciding upon the description of plant and rolling stock required. The land required for the Railway Yard at Wadala is now being acquired by a special officer appointed by Government under the Land Acquisition Act and orders have been placed in England for supply of a large quantity of locomotives, rolling stock and permanent way materials.

The pumping of mud from the bed of the harbour was continued by the two special dredgers, "Jinga" and "Kalu," but the work was delayed on several occasions by break-downs necessitating heavy repairs. The work may, however, be said to be well up to expectations in point of time so far as filling and surfacing is concerned.

The expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 49,52,951, making a total of Rs. 2,85,36,804 (including interest during construction) since the commencement of the works in 1904. The annual review of the progress on these works is made up to the end of the month of May as the contract was signed in April, 1904. A review of the progress made up to the end of May, 1912 showed that the excavation work was still behind hand, it having transpired that there is considerably more excavation in the works than was anticipated. The progress on the masonry is satisfactory, and all branches of the works, outside the original contract for earthwork and masonry, such as erection of gates and machinery, transit sheds and cranes are well in hand in the expectation that the Docks may be opened for working at the end of 1913-14.

The Trustees have decided to increase the facilities which the Docks will afford and improve the working of the system generally by the construction of a communication passage through the Carnac Basin between the Alexandra Dock and the Victoria Dock. When this is completed it will enable the Prince's and Victoria and Alexandra Docks to be worked as one system, and will afford four more capacious berths for the accommodation of vessels. Plans and estimates for this further work have been submitted to and approved by Government.

COMPULSORY CADET TRAINING

General Sir Ian Hamilton delivered his address as President of the Birmingham and Midland Institute on September 24. Taking for his subject "National Life and National Training," he advised a concentration of effort upon compulsory cadet training in all schools, public and private. The cost of the military training of 758,000 boys between the ages of 12 and 14 would be, he said, £380,000 a year, which must be provided by an amendment to the Education Act. After speaking of what education is actually doing; how it concentrated itself upon the selfish side of the intellect, leaving the development of character, communal spirit, and physique to the influence of unrecognized agencies, Sir Ian submitted the idea that we should revise our educational methods and aims so that when we sent boys to school it should be the object to stamp upon their plastic minds a unifying principle of life to embody twin conceptions. A conception of the State in peace, and of the every-day duties of a citizen. A conception of the State in danger, and of the last ultimate duty of a citizen. He urged them to press for compulsory cadet training in all schools, public or private. The majority of the voters wanted it, and they ought to have their way. Whereas the sauce with which education had hitherto been served was "be clever and you will become rich, be rich and you will become happy," the new cult would start from the axiom, that it was only by the strength of a State that the well-being and happiness of its members could be secured. The outward and visible signs of the compulsory cadet system he placed in the following order:—Discipline, self-restraint, good manners, cleanliness physicle development, some useful military aptitudes, including powers of command amongst the cadet non-commissioned officers. Judging by the Natal analogue there was no danger that militarism, or its bastard child Jingoism, would emerge from any compulsory cadet cadre established among Anglo-Saxons.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Development of the Northern Area.

A special meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. R. J. Kent presiding.

Consideration was given to the Land Committee's report on the development of portions of schemes No. 5 and No. 6. These portions included the proposed alignment of the roads from King's Circle to the Mahim loop, underbridge, the 80 foot road to the park and the 60 foot north and south road from Matunga Station.

A conference had been held of the Chairman (Mr. Orr), the Engineer (Mr. Kent), the Deputy Land-Manager, and the architect to have such modifications of the new development made as all three might agree upon and to report on such points as the three officers might be unable to agree upon.

The following notes were submitted to the committee.—

"1. Plan submitted by Engineer is for area west of Vincent Road from Chord Railway southwards to first culvert under railway.

"2. Mr. Delves doesn't press his original proposition that there must be a complete lay-out for the whole scheme: so far as the area between the Circle-Station Road and Chord Railway is concerned the development may be independent of development of remainder of estate; but the development of east of Vincent Road may affect the minimum width of road running due east from Market to Vincent Road. On this account Mr. Delves would have development of area east of Vincent Road determined as regards general direction of main roads leading to Matunga Station.

"3. Mr. Kent produces a tentative development of area east of Vincent Road showing main roads tending towards King's Circle. Traffic would probably take short cut to station down the road running west from just south of King's Circle to Market. It is just possible to make this road 50' instead of 40' as shown in Mr. Kent's plan and the possibility of having to broaden this road to 50' later on should always be borne in mind.

"4. In the alternative it may prove better to make the next east-west through road to the south broader than the 40' shown to serve traffic from east of Vincent Road.

"5. In either case there should be no great difficulty in adjusting the intermediate plots, and decision can therefore be deferred till we know more of what the tendency of traffic is likely to be. Shops must be allowed to be built up to road-edge, and therefore when first application for shops is received the width of road must be finally determined.

"6. Shops to be allowed in the positions indicated by red letter S. each position to be filled or nearly filled before any other position is allowed to be taken up.

"7. Alternative sites for Market were considered; but no satisfactory site could be found, considering the necessity for keeping the Market well separated from decent residential areas.

"8. It was thought that a small additional Market site would probably be ultimately required in the corner near the under-bridge where Chord Railway crosses G. I. P.

"9. Along Chord Railway just east of the G.I.P. is a strip at present owned by railway. It must be decided whether the railway give it up to us or not before development hereabouts can be decided on.

"10. It is doubtful whether land would be taken up for small cottages right opposite chawls as suggested in line A—B near north-west corner of development plan. It would be better to substitute for the line of cottages along the road a line of good class chawls (ground and one upper) with breaks of 20' at intervals of 80' and with an open space of 50' between them and back of the cottages facing on to the play-ground. The block A—B and block of cottages behind it should be left unlet until remainder of area round play-ground has been taken up, and have some indication of demand for chawls and cottages.

"11. Two entrances to play-ground should be made 26' broad and 3rd opposite road to station 40' broad.

"12. Probably many of the plots tentatively shown in the different blocks on the development plan will have to be reduced in frontage and in area for economical development, so as to make a shorter average length of road (with sewer, &c., to each house.)

"13. Considering the traffic to the station along the road just east of the excluded area that road should be made 50' broad instead of 40' as indicated by red pencil.

"14. Within the King's Circle will be Circular Road 60' road inclucing one 15' footpath. There will be a turfed reserve between it and tramways.

"15. The development plan has to be altered along the G. I. P. Railway, because the railway company are acquiring an extra strip along the railway. The playing fields will not be reduced in area; but the plots east of them will be reduced in size.

"16. The block round the Oval East of Station, might be amalgamated with that just south of it, so that there would be a double line of plots round the Oval, the outer facing on roads, the inner on to the Oval.

"17. Throughout the scheme not more than one-third of any plot is to be built on.

"18. Where there are side spaces between houses these spaces must be at least 20' broad.

"19. Between back's of houses there should ordinarily be at least 30' space; but ground floor sheds for cows, horses, &c., may on larger plots be allowed in "approved" positions.

"20. There are 13 plots 200 by 200, south of King's Circle on Vincent Road; and there are in all 50 such plots in the scheme. The question is whether we shall get people to take such large plots up at even Rs. 5 or Rs. 6 per square yard subject to the condition that only good looking buildings will be approved and only one-third of the plot may be built on. Buildings limited to ground and two upper floors and to have at least 80' intervals between successive houses.

"If only a plot here and there is taken up the scheme will be spoilt; so we must dispose of the plots in order from King's Circle southwards, and until it is certain that the plots will be taken the parallel road to west must not be constructed.

"21. A triangular plot north-west of King's Circle has been selected for location of 22 houses to be constructed in 12 blocks round a Central Garden in order to make a start in getting the poorer classes of clerks on to this estate."

To these notes the Committee appended the following correspondence:—

"Letter from the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage, Bombay Municipality, to the Trust Engineer:—I have the honour to state that a scheme for the sewerage of the north of the Island is under preparation. I shall, therefore, be obliged by your kindly furnishing me with plans and sections or levels of the proposed roads in schemes Nos. V and VI close to the east of the G. I. P. Railway between Dadar and Sion stations to enable me to lay out the line of the main sewer."

Memo. from the Engineer, forwarding copy of the following letter to the Deputy Executive Engneer, Drainage, Bombay Municipality, dated 9th August, 1912:—"With reference to correspondence ending with this office No. 4128 of 15th June 1912 I have the honour to forward the accompanying plans No 5709 of 8th August 1912 and 4790B of 8th July 1912 of Schemes V and VI respectively showing the proposed alignment and levels of some of the proposed main roads in both the schemes. The course, which, it is intended, the proposed main sewer may take, is shown in green lines on both the plans. This course, it will be noted, has been generally approved by you in your No. S. D. 539 of 1st June, 1912."

In conclusion, the Committee stated: "The arrangement of the roads as shown in the plans may be considered tentative only at they have not yet been finally approved by my Board."

After due consideration, we have resolved that (1) the Engineer's development plan No. 5716 of 19th August 1912 prepared in accordance with the notes of the Conference of the Chairman (Mr. Orr, Engineer. Deputy Land Manager and Architect re. Mr. Kent's development plan of part of schemes V. and VI., be approved; (2) that the 60' road partly included in (1) from Matunga Station to Dadar Station on the G. I. P. Railway be approved; (3) that the avenue leading from the playing fields near the G. I. P. Railway to the eastern boundary of the scheme be approved; (4) that the 60' road running in a south-eastern direction from the King's Circle to meet the avenue mentioned in (3) be approved; and we beg to recommend accordingly.

The Trustees adopted the report of the Land Committee.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

Final of the Rovers' Tournament.

DORSETS (1): ROYAL IRISH REGIMENT (0).

The re-play this evening of the final round of the Rovers' Tournament, between the Dorsets and the Royal Irish Regiment ended in a win for the former by one goal to nil.

During the first half, the Royal Irish had the game in their favour. However at the start the Dorsets pressed, and kept the ball in their opponents' territory for some time. Afterwards the Irish had all the game and Mockler, their centre forward, just at the close of the first half sent in a stinging shot, which the goalkeeper saved brilliantly.

On the restart the Royal Irish were again on the attack. The Dorsets however, quickly transferred play, to the other end and for some time sent in shot after shot at the Royal Irish goal. The goalkeeper however brought off some splendid saves. The Royal Irish still pressed, but the Dorsets after a splendid run put on a goal from a hard low shot. Play was now in favour of the Dorsets, and more hot shots were put in, but the Royal Irish goalkeeper was a good man in the right place. Play was now fast and even. A corner was given against the Royal Irish near the close of the game, but was closed.

Teams: Royal Irish Regiment:—Goal. Feeney; backs, Dea, and Wise; half-backs, Taylor, Lyons and Bailey; forwards, Payne, O'Brien, Mockler, Slayter and Carr.

Dorsets—Goal, Bartlett; backs, Gough and Emersons; half-backs, Nicholls, Parsons and Dunn; forwards; White, Sangar, Holness Smooker and Raynor.

Referee—Sergt. Tilley.

PRESENTATION OF TROPHIES.

Col, Vaughan, in presenting the trophhies of the Harwood League and Rovers Tournament, said, that the match in the final had been a very well contested one. All the matches played in the Harwood League and the Rovers' Tournament had been well contested, as the small margin of goals in each game showed. He referred to the absence of teams from the Government Telegraph service and the Commercial Gymkhana. Their places had been filled by the Hornets and the R. A. T. A. He then spoke of the small number of teams which had entered for the junior Rovers Tournament, and reminded the school authorities to encourage this game.

Mr. Justice Russell, who had for several years been president of the W. I. F. A., and who had taken a keen interest in sports, had been, he said, compelled, owing to ill-health, to sever his connection with them. The W. I. F. A. Council had sent him a befitting letter, expressing their regret at his having to part with them and thanking him for the many services, which he had rendered to the Association.

Mrs. Vaughan then presented the cup of the Harwood League to the R. A. T. A.; and medals to the winners and runners up in the League. This was followed by the presentation of the Rovers' Tournament cup to the Dorsets, and the Haig Shield to the runners up, the Royal Irish Regiment. Medals were also given to the players of these teams.

Mr. Parry then thanked Col. Vaughan and Mrs. Vaughan for the interest they had been taking in these matches. He said that all lovers of good sport were sorry at the impending departure of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, who had during their two years' stay in Bombay shown themselves to be one of the best sporting regiments.

UNION JACK CLUB CHARITY MATCH.

The following will represent the Civil Team in Civil vs. Military Charity match at the Cooperage this afternoon:—Goal, J. Walker; backs, E. A. Willmot and James; half-backs, T Finnigan, J. B. Barrett, and H. Templeton; forwards, S. DeSouza, A. Ashton, P. W. Singleton, Hyde, D. Moir.

Reserves:—A. L. Bradbury, D. Major, J. Barnett and J. Woodford.

BILLIARDS.

Stevenson and Gray Coming to Bombay.

H. W. Stevenson and George Gray, the well-known billiard players, are shortly coming to Bombay. They will land here on Nov. 15th and will play at Pyrke's Apollo Hotel on Nov. 18th, 19th and 20th, where the billiard room will be specially fitted for the accommodation of a large audience. Stevenson and Gray have recently had a very successful tour in South Africa, during which Stevenson made a 326 break at Cape Town.

POONA RACES.

Eighth Extra Meeting.

HORSES LEFT IN.

Saturday, October 12.

After declaration of forfeit at 4 p.m. on Thursday, 10th October.

A SELLING PLATE.—About 5 furlongs.

Lord Carlyon 9-12.	Not Yet 7-7.
Lord Reay 8-8.	Boomey 6-6.
Danseuse 7-12.	

A WELTER PLATE.—About 7 furlongs.

Forfeit 10-5.	Lord Reay 8-12.
Solution 9-12.	Mafoota 7-8.
Pelargonium II. 9-6.	Lancasterite 7-6.
Bright Metal 9-3.	Boomey 7-0.

THE OCTOBER PLATE.—About 1 mile.

Money Gold 10-0.	Mysore 7-13.
Rozelmulook 9-1.	Ghalyum 7-9.
Baloz 9-0.	Harry Johnson 7-7.
Young Salsnic 8-11.	Sweden 7-7.
Shawcutt 8-9.	Burgomaster 7-3.
Lama 8-2.	Last Chance 7-3.

THE KARJAT PLATE.—About 6 furlongs.

Abdul Malik 10-4.	Majeed 8-11.
Aasud 9-12.	Prime Minister 8-7.
Baloz 9-5.	Raspberry 8-7
Young Majub 9-2.	Master Bill 8-3.
Ashroff 9-1.	Sweden 7-3.
Gowahajmer 8-13.	Sinclair 6-1.

THE MATHERAN PLATE.—About 1 mile.

Nakib 10-3.	Shireab 7-11.
France 9-6.	Solar-Star 7-6.
Zubeir 9-0.	Haify 7-4.
Moosahar 8-12.	Real 7-1.
Wireless 8-11.	Highflyer 7-1.
Bahiz 8-9.	Golden Ducat 7-0.
Berar 8-5.	Moyaid 6-10.

AN ARAB PONY CONSOLATION PLATE. (Division I.)—About 6 furlongs.

Majesty 10-5.	Creditor 8-0.
Young Majub 10-4.	British King 7-12.
Ashroff 10-3.	Different 7-12.
Majeed 9-13.	Solar-Star 7-7.
Prime Minister 9-9.	Mubrook 7-4.
Raspberry 9-9.	Sinclair 7-3.
Master Bill 9-5.	Little King 7-0.
Baldwin 8-13.	Pherozeshah 6-13
Sweden 8-5.	Upright 6-13.
Dilkush 8-5.	Real 6-10.
Burg 8-3.	

AN ARAB PONY CONSOLATION PLATE. (Division II.)—About 6 furlongs.

Ream 9-12.	Moyaid 8-1.
Mars 9-6.	Sirkar 8-0.
Mulla 9-1.	Grey Ghost II. 7-13.
Sharar 9-0.	Mijbas 7-9.
Lucky Slave 8-9.	Khedavi Miseer 7-8.
Reminder 8-9.	Chairman 7-7.
Mushtarak 8-8.	Favel Beg 7-7.
Brandy II. 8-6.	Flying Machine 7-7.
Turkish General 8-4.	Anwad 7-5.
Dinar 8-2.	Sumarmud 7-4.

THE INNOVATION STEEPLECHASE.—About 2 1-2 miles.

Redshot II. 12-0.	Tokay 10-9.
Anarchist 11-12.	Domino 10-9.
Peter 11-0.	Petty Officer 10-4.
Sandgrouse 11-0.	Count Hannibal 9-10.
Jawge 10-10.	

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POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER

(Continued from page 6.)

unemployed as it is. Moreover, we might I think, be spared German methods until we have been conquerred by the Germans. We shall next have the police prohibiting the carrying of sandwich-boards, because the woebegone appearance of the unfortunate creaturers, who obtain their livelihood in this way is displeasing to the eyes of the fastidious. I hope that there will be a strong protest against the action of New Scotland Yard, which would be better employed in preventing the reckless driving of motor vehicles, especially at night time in thoroughfares like Whitehall. Because Whitehall is not very crowded after sunset, except when the Suffragettes are rampaging, chauffeurs are allowed to drive their vehicles there at a most dangerous speed. I speak feelingly as I have had several narrow escapes, although I am careful.

OLLA PODRIDA.

Sir William Wedderburn has written a memoir of the late Mr. A. O. Hume, C.B., and it will shortly be published by Mr. Fisher Unwin. I am sorry to hear that Sir William's health is not entirely satisfactory.

Sir Frederic Lely has abandoned his proposed visit to Canada and will winter in Switzerland.

I understand that the Maharaja of Kapurthala who at present is at Blarritz will, with his Spanish Ranee, sail for Bombay on the 1st of November from Marseilles. Another of our Indian visitors, Mr. R. D. Sethna, left London yesterday en route for Bombay.

I am sorry to see that no Moslem or Parsi appears in the list of successful candidates who went up for the recent Civil Service examination. Five Indians passed, all apparently Hindus—Birendra Kumar Basu, Benegal Rama Rau, Satyendra Nath Roy, Ramchandra and Yeshwant Anant Godbole. Two of these, Messrs. Ramchandra and Godbole are not at present entitled to the offer of any appointment. Whether they and some others become entitled to such an appointment depends, it is pointed out, upon the final allocation of cau didates higher up on the list.

"Are you a friend of the prisoner's?" asked the Magistrate's clerk at Willesden of a female witness to-day. "No" was the reply, "I'm his wife." I hasten to add that the female witness was not Mrs. Willis, whose husband is in gaol, because he cannot pay her income-tax, and she won't.

THE WEATHER.

Bay Monsoon Current Decidedly Weak.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

The disturbance affecting north-west India has given light but fairly general rain in the North-West Frontier Province and a few thunderstorms in Rajputana. Its influence will probably continue to-day. The Bay monsoon is decidedly weak.

Rainfall has been fairly general in Mysore, Bombay, the Deccan, the North-West Frontier Province; local in south-east Madras, and Assam. A few falls also occurred in Gujarat and Rajputana.

Mercara and Mysore record each one and a half; Ootacamund, Ahmednagar and Surat, 1; and Cherrapunji, 2 inches.

Forecast:—No large change.

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

Crop telegrams, for the week ending 5th October, report heavy and useful rainfall all over India, except the Punjab, where the weather is clear and temperate.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 11th Oct., giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and moderately clouded in the central parts of the division where humidity is in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess at Rawalpindi; the minimum is above normal at Lahore and Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies remain clear. The air is drier than usual at Allahabad and damper at Mainpuri. Day temperature is in slight excess; night temperature is below the average at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is generally in excess. Minimum temperature is above the average in upper Sind and at Ajmere and Jaipur.

Gujarat Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat records 1·20" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is generally damper than usual in Gujarat and Kathiawar and drier in south Central India West. Day temperature is in defect at Veraval; night temperature is in excess at Indore.

The Central Provinces.—Skies remain clear in the eastern half but have become lightly or moderately clouded in the western half of the division. Humidity is in slight excess at Amraoti and normal or in defect in other places. Maximum temperature is above the average at Saugor, Khandwa and Akola; the minimum is also in excess at Saugor.

The Konkan.—Cloud has decreased and skies are now lightly clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabab.—Fairly general rain has fallen in the north Bombay Deccan and local rain in the south Bombay Deccan; Ahmednagar has had 0·97," Poona 0·26" and Belgaum 0·56." Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect at Nizamabad. Temparature, both maximum and minimum, is above the average at Malegaon.

General Remarks.—Fairly general rain has fallen in the north Bombay Deccan. Local rain has been recorded in the South Bombay Deccan and south Gujarat during a thunderstorm. Colombo reports 2·02" of rain. Rainfall on the Malabar Coast has been insignificant. Heavy cloud has appeared in the extreme north and cloud has increased also in Gujarat and Rajputana. Conditions are favourable for thundershowers in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the adjacent parts of Rajputana. Weather appears to be slightly unsettled in the north-west India where duststorms are possible.

Local rain is likely in the Bombay Deccan. A few falls may occur on the Malabar Coast and also in the extreme south.

P. and O. Mail Steamer Report.—S. S. "Salsette" which left Aden in the morning of the 7th experienced up to Longitude 57E light easterly and south-south-easterly wind; till Longitude 66E calms and variable airs; till arrival this morning light north-north-westerly to north-easterly wind and calm near Bombay. Fine weather was experienced during her voyage.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 11th October, was 29·958 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 9 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge, be different from 47 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

TECHNICAL TRAINING.

Recommendations for Bombay.

The report on "the Inquiry to bring Technical Institutions into closer touch and more practical relations with the employers of labour in India"—to hand yesterday—contains the following special recommendations with regard to Bombay:—

The opinions of employers of labour on which our remarks are based, will be found in chapter XII, page 42 (of the Report). Of the varied races of the Bombay Presidency, the Brahmin seems least adapted for practical requirements.

The industrial development of the Presidency is principally in textile manufacture, there being nearly 200 mills in the Presidency, 90 being located in Bombay Island, 51 in Ahmedabad, and the remainder in various other centres of the cotton industry.

The opportunities for employment of the technically-trained Indians in this province are extremely wide, varied in character, and may be classified under the following heads:—(a) Civil Engineering, (b) Mechanical Engineering, (c) Electrical Engineering, (d) Textile Manufactures and (e) Industrial Chemistry.

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

(a) A demand for Civil Engineers of the various grades, appears to be met by the men trained in the College of Engineering at Poona, but from opinions we have gathered one it would appear necessary to insist on some practical apprenticeship for these men under some competent officer.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

(b) The demands in this section are principally for engineers in cotton mills, ginning and pressing factories, pumping installations, electric power plants, and engineers for general purposes in factories and industrial concerns; other than mills.

There seems to be little difficulty in obtaining men with adequate training for these posts if they possess the qualifications detailed in paragraph 40, and for many years past Bombay has turned out numbers of these men who are now engaged as engineers in various capacities, and in the majority of instances with satisfaction to their employers.

The demand for these men is not likely to increase to any marked degree in the near future, and it is possible that technically-trained students in mechanical engineering will have to look for some other appointment than that of engineer in a ginning factory for 5 months out of the 12; this position is much sought after by the majority of technically trained students. We are of opinion that if the wants of employers are to be met, and a better class of mechanical engineer is to be provided, an apprenticeship of two years must be insisted on by the authorities.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

(c) The demand for properly trained electrical engineers is likely to increase, and with the installation of the Tata hydro-electric scheme the possibility of employment in this branch of engineering appears to be good.

The educational course should include a two years' apprenticeship in an electrical workshop, so far as to ensure that the student will work under practical conditions.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

(d) The demands for technically-trained men in the textile industry are very great, and we find that almost every mill is willing to take these men, provided they will comply with mill rules and hours. There appears to be no complaint about the knowledge and ability of the technically-trained Indians for textile work, but there is undoubtedly a strong and well-founded objection to employing men who consider it beneath their dignity to do any practical work themselves, but simply wish to direct others. The two years' apprenticeship should also be insisted on for textile students, and we feel sure that if this is done, the objections raised against giving employment to technically-trained Indians in mills will disappear.

With regard to a class for training mill jobbers in the elementary theoretical portion of their work, it does not appear necessary in view of the few promises of support given, to start such a class at present, but the authorities should not lose sight of the fact that a necessity may arise in the future two.

INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY.

(e) The opportunities for employment in Industrial chemistry are not yet very numerous, in some few instances the mills will engage men with a knowledge of chemistry as applied to bleaching, sizing, and dyeing.

There appear to be some openings or men with a small capital and the requisite chemical training, in the manufacture of oils, fats, and lubricating materials, size, paint, and varnish manufacture, and the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute is introducing these trade classes, in connection with its existing chemistry courses. It also proposes to take up the training of men as inspectors for food and drugs, when there is shown to be a demand for such men.

FACILITIES FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Facilities for technical education in the Presidency are well provided and need no special mention. For opinions regarding the existing courses at the Ahmedabad Technical Institute reference should be made to chapter X, one page 42.

ADVANCED TRAINING.

The opinion of the majority of employers interviewed in Bombay is that no opening for a man with high theoretical training exists, and that unless such men are prepared to do practical work for some years, their knowledge is valueless two.

POONA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING.

This college three teaches up to the B. E. degree of the Bombay University in civil, mechanical and electrical engineering. The civil engineering class has been long established and meets the demands of the Bombay Public Works Department. The mechanical and electrical engineering classes are either not yet established or have only recently started. A very fine mechanical laboratory is now being built. To show that the openings for employment of such men are not numerous reference may be made to the opinions referenced in paragraph 221.

There is also an apprentice class for sub-overseers mechanical engineers and electrical engineers. The men all have to work together for two years taking up drawing, mathematics, steam oil engines, physics, mechanics, chemistry and practical workshop training. In the third year the students specialize in civil, mechanical or electrical engineering. In our opinion this system is unlikely to turn out either a sub-overseer or a mechanical or electrical engineer of the type demanded.

There is also a normal class which selected students may attend for a fourth year during which they are paid Rs. 40 a month. They are then apprenticed out for one year in workshops. In our opinion efficient teachers will require longer period of a practical experience.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Colonels Stanton and Hamilton are given the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while holding the appointments of Deputy-Quarter-Master-General, and Deputy-Adjutant-General respectively.

Captain Holdich, 5th Rifles; Price, 11th Lancers; Gale, 8th Cavalry; Luxmoore, 99th Infantry; Shoubridge, 112th Infantry; Duhav, 19th Punjabis; Anderson, 130th Baluchis; Watson, 64th Pioneers; Henderson, 17th; Cavalry; Macaulay, 1st Lancers; Young, Supply and Transport Corps; Browne, 47th Sikhs, Cox, 16th Cavalry; Logan, Supply and Transport Corps; Hogg, 42nd Deoli Regiment; Bateman-Champain, 5th Rifles; Carey, Corps of Guides; Hawks, Military Farms; Lane, 95th Infantry; Robinson, 117th Mahrattas, Mangle, 92nd Punjabis; Knapp, 51st Sikhs; Walker, 40th Punjabis; Davies, Supply and Transport Crops, and Trotter, Cantonment Magistrate, are promoted Majors.

Lt.-Col. Grayfoot, I. M. S., is promoted Colonel.

Lieut. Rathborne, 113th Infantry, resigns his service.

Colonel Westmoreland and Lieutt.-Col. Shakespear retire from the service.

VOLUNTEERS.

Sir Benjamin Robertson is appointed Honorary-Colonel, Nagpur Volunteer Rifles, vice Sir Reginald Craddock resigned.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Salsette," Oct. 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette", with the English mails of 27th September, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday morning, with the following passengers:—

Alexander, Capt. C.
Allanson, Capt. C.
Aynsley, Mr. Murray
Banister, Mr. H.
Batliwalla, Mr. H. D.
Bisney, Mr. J. E.
Brigstoke, Mr. A. M.
Brigstoke, Mr.
Brocklehurst, Mr. H. C.
Buckley, Mr. F.
Byers, Miss. N.
Buckland, Mr. L. O.
Burke, Mr. Wm.
Byers, Maj. C. B.
Byers, Mrs. and infant.
Campbell, Mr. J. D. F.
Casement, Capt. F.
Cogswell, Mrs. S. Segrave
Couchman, Mr. M. E.
Crofts, Mr. S. W. P.
Cuff, Mr.
Dodds, Mr. H. R. C.
Doveton, Major.
Doveton, Mrs. and infant
Didgeon, Rev. Winfield
Dudgeon, Mrs.
Dunlop, Lieut. G. M.
Eveland, Rev. W. P.
Eveland, Mrs.
Farrell, Lt. G. V.
Farrell, Mrs.
Finlayson, Mr. H.
Framjee, Mr. B. S.
Foster, Miss. G. M.
Gedgill, Mrs. G. K.
Gray, Mr. G. C. G.
Gregg, Capt. R. E. G.
Handcock, Mrs. W. G.
Happell, Mr. A. J.
H. H. Rajah Luxmanrao Bhonsle, and Ranee
Hayes, Major R. H.
Helm, Mr. F.
Herbert, Mr. V. A.
Holland, Lieut. C.
Hulme, Mr. W.
Houghton, Capt. S. C.
Ingham, Mr. T. E.
Jameson, Capt. A. M.
Jameson, Mrs.
Kenyon, Major L. R.
Keysell, Mr. T. E.
Lane, Lieut.-Col. H. Powys
Lane, Mrs.
Lapsley, Capt. W.
Lapsley, Mrs. and child.
Last, Mr. C. P.
Lawrie, Mr. D. C. McPherson.
Lloyd, Mr. G. T.
Lloyd, Mrs. and infant
Lorimer, Mr. T.
Love, Mr. J. S.
Lumsden, Mrs.
Macdonald, Lieut. H.
MacGill, Mr. R.
MacGill, Mrs.
Macintyre, Brig-Gen. D.
MacNabb, Capt. R. J.
Mahon, Gen. Sir. S. B. T.
Main, Mr. D. B.
Marr, Mrs. A.
Maxwell, Lt-Col. H. M.
Maxwell, Mrs.
Maynard, Mr. H. J.
McDonald, Mr. A.
Mellor, Capt. G.
Mellor, Mrs.
Meredith, Mr. A.
Moynihan, Comdr. C.
Mort, Major Guy
Mert, Mrs.
Morton, Lt-Col. E. R.
Needham, Mr. J.
Needham, Miss. A.
Newnham, Major
Newnham, Mrs. and child
Niven, Capt. D. S.
Nixon, Lt-Gen. Sir. J.
Nixon, Lieut. E. J. Eccles.
Noakes, Mr. S. M.
Noakes, Mrs.
Oakes, Mr. E. Stanley
O'Keefe, Capt. J. J.
Poole, Capt. F. G.
Pope, Mrs. M.
Porter, Mrs. W. K.
Rath, Mr. J. C.
Rath, Mrs., child, and infant
Richards, Jun, Mr. J.
Ricketts, Major R. L.
Ricketts, Mrs.
Runciman, Rev. J. W.
Runciman, Mrs.
Schule, Consul H. R.
Scoginge, Mr. P. W.
Scovil, Lieut. F. H.
Sethna, Mr R. D.
Seton-Browne, Maj C. L.
Seton-Browne, Mrs.
Skinner, Capt H. B.
Scoope, Mr. H. W. P.
Scoope, Mrs.
Smith, Major T. A.
Spence, Miss. C. B.
Spence, Mr. L. H.
Stephenson, Mrs. J.
Stewart, Mrs. F. R.
Sturrock, Capt. G. C.
Sutherland, Mr. H. O.
Sweeney, Mr. J. A.
Swiney, Mrs.
Taylor, Lt.-Col. A. H.
Taylor, Mr. J. A.
Taylor, Mrs.
Tipple, Mr. E. F.
Sirdar Sahibzada.
Sultan Amad Khan.
Khan, Mrs.
Vaughan, Major E. G.
Vine, Mr. H.
Vyas, Mr. N. N.
Waghorn, Mrs.
Waghorn, two Misses.
Wallace, Lieut. C. H.
Wallance, Mr. J. E.
Walton, Lt.-Col. W. C.
Warrington, Mr. W.
Watson, Mr. J.
Watson, Mrs.
Webster, Capt.
Webster, Mrs.
Williamson, Mr. J.
Wingfield, Lady Violet.
Wintle, Col. F. H.
Zobel, Mr. M.

Per s. s. "Habsburg" Oct. 15.

The Austrian Lloyd S. S. "Habsburg," Captain E. Seberich, from Trieste, left Aden on the 10th instant and is due here on the 15th instant noon. She brings the following passengers:—

Abbott, Mr and Mrs J E
Banister, Mr A
Burrows, Lt H M
Bliss, Lieut
Bourne, Mr
Blennerhasset, lady and maid
Bosworth-Smith, Mr and Mrs B N
Brooke-Meares, Mr and Mrs A
Brocke-Hunt, Lieut
Barker, Lt
Berron, Mr C W
Blackmore, Mr Hugh
Bhedwar, Mr S K
Boothroyd, Mr
Benigna, Sister
Critchley, Mr D B
Cooke, Mr F J
Carwithen, Major E T
Christy, Lt R C
Craster, Mr and Mrs
Calpopou'o, Mr A J
Cadell, Lt C A R
Cookin, Mr T H
D'Avila, Mr C
Duerst, Mr and Mrs
Dockrell, Mrs L M
deLeac, Mr A M
Durham, Capt W G
Davies, Mrs
de Kerkhove Van, Mr
Edith, Sister
Emerson, Mr T
Gale, Capt and Mrs
Grant, Col
Griffith, Miss
Hodgkinson, Miss E A
Hickie, Revd A
Haas, Mrs Nelly
Holland, Mrs
Hubbard, Mr and Mrs C H
Hall, Lieut
Hall, Miss
Herring, Mr Percy B
Iraude, Sister
King, Mrs
Kraszwai, Mr M J
Lane, Miss
Lambert, Mrs G B
Lamtert, Mr J S
Marich, Mr and Mrs G
Meyer, Mr Ad
Mylne, Mr
Moser, Miss M
Mathews, Mrs A C
Mackenzie, Mr and Mrs M
MacLaren, Mr W D
Maxwell, Major L L
Molony, Capt C W
Molony, Lt A W
Maziner, Mr B L
Prescott, Mrs C
Riehs, Miss
Rita, Mr and Mrs
Robertson, Lady
Ross-Redding, Mr and Mrs A B
Reach, Mr C
Ridgway, Mrs
Salvin, Mr
Sheridan, Mr P C
Smith, Miss
Strong, Miss
Scott, Miss
Simmons, Miss
Swetenham, Mr G C
Strong, Mr F W
Sanders, Maj G A F
Schwaiger, Mr J
Schakespear, Col
Strover, Lt
Stokes, Mr A B
Thackwell, Col O
Tennant, Major & Mrs E
Tennant, Miss
Torin, Mr L H
Wibley, Mrs C T
Wilde, Mr A
Wolstan, Mr J
Wilkins, Mr
Whitby, Capt
Waterfield, Mrs

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Salsette" Oct. 12.

The P and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" sails to-day for Marseilles and Europe with the following passengers:—

Baker, Mr W T W Mrs and child
Bushe, Maj C Kendal and servant
Bamford, Mr E S
Betbell, Capt L A
Bosworth-Smith, Mr and Mrs P
Burnyeat, Capt H P
Condon, Mrs J K and two ayahs
Copley, Mr H N B
Corrie, Capt W F G
Daly, Mr O K
Dayrell, Mr
Dayrell, Capt W S
Donovan, Mr R
Eustace, Mr S G L
Fyffe, Mr C L
Fairweather, Mr D W
Furnivall, Mr F
Grazebrook, Mr
Khader, Mr Mujmoodin, Abdool
Lockhead, Mr A C
Leveson, Mr H
Lumsden, Mr W
Molony, Mr F A
Muir, Mr Frank L
Macdonald, Mr L W
Matthews, Mr
Okakura, Mr
Phillips, Mr F E
Paspati, Mr A G
Price, Mr and Mrs J P Green and child
Roe, Mr N P
Sheepshanks, Mr R
Samoilys, Mr B
Stevens, Mr
Thompson, Mr B W O
Thompson, Mr W S
Thomson, Mr C
Tombazi, Mr M
Vaidya, Mr V P
Xayne, Mr C J W

The "Princess Royal," battle cruiser, carried out further trials in the Channel on September 21 and is stated to have attained the high speed of 34.7 knots. Since her last trial new propellers have been fitted to the ship. In her trials the other day she made six runs at full power over the measured mile of Polperro. The designed horse power of 70,000 was easily developed, and the whole of the trials were extremely satisfactory.

The annual provincial meeting of the Law Society was opened at Cardiff on Sept. 24. The President, Mr. C. L. Samson, referred in his address to the large fees paid to counsel and said the profession should combine to have them reduced. Resolution, urging that the profession should be opened to women, was not carried. The proceedings were brought to a close at Cardiff on Sept. 25. Mr. C. Leopold Samson again presided and the principal subjects considered were the Insurance Act and the question of land transfer. A somewhat heated discussion followed the reading of a paper on "A Proposal for the Creation of an Inner Circle in the Profession" and the President took its author to task for bringing charges against his own profession.

Tried in the Balance.

The daily round of work, or the daily round of pleasure, in a tropical climate, tries the whole nervous and bodily system. Some succumb to it soon, the weaker ones; some succumb to it later, the stronger ones; but always they succumb, sooner or later.

Nervous diseases, physical and mental exhaustion, sleeplessness and general debility will ensue unless necessary precautions are taken. The very best precaution is the simplest. Three words will give you the solution to this problem.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

is the finest body builder and nerve strengthener obtainable. It supplies to the nerve tissues, the necessary nutrition to bring the whole nervous system to just the right pitch—not to over-vitalise it and thus make it liable to breakdown—but to supply its needs for modern business and social life in a warm climate such as India.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK has the effect on the body of supplying just the most nutritive elements which are so essential for recuperation and which enable you to repel diseases. When nerves and body work in unison you are as near health perfection as can ever be obtained. HORLICK'S MALTED MILK makes nerves and body work together, and to secure the best results.

All Chemists and Stores stock it in three sizes and sell it to thousands. It is simple to prepare and delicious to taste, and it keeps you well, not for a time but for all time

UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

from any such disease as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OF ANY KIND, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc., don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have to be permanently cured is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER

is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

Here is good proof of its efficacy:—

POISONED FOOT CURED

"Some time ago I had an accident to my left foot (ran a nail into it), it fastered, and got so bad that the doctor was called in and said I had poisoned it. For 3 years I was under different doctors and for one year of the three I only went out in a bath chair. Not only during that time did I entirely lose the little toe of my left foot, but a gaping wound came in the inside of the same foot. It was so bad that when I bathed it I fancied I could see the bones. At last I decided to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and with the end of the second small bottle the discharge had stopped, and within a month I could get my foot to the ground. It is as well now as it ever was, of course, very scarred and a toe short, but I am sure I should have been a foot short had it gone on."

"WORTH £5 A DOSE"

"I also recommended it to a Surgeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but at last he did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 187 Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.

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"WILKS AND LIBERTY."

Mr. Bernard Shaw and Women's Suffrage.

THE "HUNGER STRIKE."

Mr. Benard Shaw was the chief speaker at a meeting held in Caxton Hall, Westminster, to demand the release of Mr. Mark Wilks. The meeting was called by the Women's Tax Resistance League. Mr. Mark Wilks is now in Brixton Prison owing to his inability to pay his wife's income tax. His wife, Dr. Elizabeth Wilks, earns an independent income by medical practice. As a suffragist she refuses to pay taxes until she has a vote. Mr. Wilks, who is an assistant teacher under the London County Council, does not refuse to pay his wife's taxes as in law he is bound to do, but says that he has not sufficient money to do more than pay the tax on his own income, which he has done. The Income Tax Act still holds a man liable for the tax on his wife's income in spite of the fact that the more recent Act, the Married Women's Property Act, has taken from him control over that income. The claim of Mr. and Mrs. Wilks is "that men and women should before the law alike be regarded as persons having equal rigats and equal liabilities." It is understood that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who is, of course, head of the Inland Revenue, will be approached in the interests of the prisoner when he returns to town. Over 3,000 London teachers have signed the petition for Mr. Wilks's release. Sir John Cockburn presided over the meeting, and besides Mr. Shaw speeches were made by Mr. H. G. Chancellor, M.P., Mr. Laurence Housman, Mr. C Mansel Moullin, and others. A resolution was carried demanding Mr. Wilks's release, and calling for an amendment of the income tax law, which contrary to the spirit of the Married Women's Property Act, regards the wife's income has one with that of her husband.

MR. SHAW'S AMUSING SPEECH.

Mr. Bernard Shaw said this was the beginning of the revolt of his own unfortunate sex against the intolerable penalty which had been brought upon them by the refusal of the Government to bring about a reform which, whatever its merits might be, was a reform which, everyone knew was going to come, and the delay of which was a mere piece of senseless stupidity. "I as a man was able to bear the delay of the reform with a certain amount of equanimity when I saw before me the spectacle of women heroically sacrificing themselves. Now that women have taken to sacrificing men, things are altered.—(Laughter). It really is a serious thing From the unfortunate Prime Minister downwards, no man is safe. I myself never see my wife reflecting in a corner without the fear that she is devising some method of putting me and my sex into a hopeless corner in order to bring about this reform.—(Laughter.) I never speak at suffragist meetings. I steadily refuse to join the ranks of those ignominious and superfluous males who allow themselves to be put on platforms to give assistance which is altogether unnecessary.—(Laughter.) But the time has now come for the men to take the offensive." When he was a young man a man really did own his wife's property. This situation did not arouse a sense of justice in the male. It aroused that readiness of man to patronise woman which is called chivalry. Women were given special privileges under the Married Women's Property Act, under which, while man retained all his responsibilities, woman had the property all to herself.—(Laughter.) He was the first victim, not Mr. Wilks. The super-tax—in imposing it Mr. Lloyd George was simply carrying out an idea he had been advocating for thirty years—fell on his wife's income, and also on his own. He was told he must pay his wife's super-tax. He said he had not the slightest objection, but he did not know the extent of her income. The authorities suggested that in view of the excellent terms which existed between him and wife he should persuade her to tell him. If it had not been for the suffragist movement he could have got round his wife.—(Laughter.) Here were his domestic affairs interfered with by the Women's Social and Political Union, and his wife flatly refused to tell him. The authorities then said, "If you go on in this way we will be compelled to guess at it, and we will guess pretty high."—(Laughter.) The Government then passed the Act which he called the Bernard Shaw Relief Act, under which it was possible for a woman to pay her own super-tax. Mr. Wilks was expected to pay on his wife's income which he did not enjoy, and Mrs. Wilks would not pay her own tax, and allowed her husband to go to gaol and stay there. If my wife did that to me, he said, the very moment I came out of gaol. I would get another.—(Laughter.) I think the thing is indefensible, but all the same it is hard on Mr. Wilks. If Mr. Wilks tries the hunger strike he cannot make use of it as the women have done, because the Government will turn round and say, "It is not we who are starving you; it is your wife. You can get out at any moment if your wife will pay the tax." The reason Mr. Wilks has not resorted to the hunger strike is that probably he anticipated that he will be allowed to starve.

WOMEN COMPLETELY BEYOND THE LAW.

Women, he continued, had got completely beyond the law at the present time. He supposed that Mrs. Leigh, after a brief interval for refreshments, would set fire to another theatre. The ladies present thought that would be a very fine thing, but then he got his living from the theatre, and probably, after reading his speech, Mrs. Leigh would set fire to a theatre at which one of his own plays was being performed.—(Laughter.) The other day he challenged the Government to starve Mrs. Leigh, and that recommendation enjoyed immense publicity. But during the last fortnight he had received most abusive letters from the suffragists, who thought that Mrs. Leigh should have been allowed to serve her sentence as a first-class misdemeanant. He said in his letter that if the Government really allowed women to starve they would be damned. A suffragette wrote to him and said, "The Government may be damned, but you will be damned and blasted too."—(Laughter.) The suffragettes had beaten the Government by the old Oriental expedient of starving on your enemy's doorstep. The Government ought to recognise that if they had the pluck to allow a suffragette to starve to death, then neither their own conscience nor public opinion would be on their side but on the side of the suffragette.—(Cheers.) He hoped the movement would work steadily for the suffrage, and not allow itself to be turned off the track by such things as demanding that women should be treated as political prisoners, or that taxation and representation must go together. A political prisoner ought to be treated worse than an ordinary prisoner, because political crime was the worst of crimes. The demand for special privileges for political prisoners was simply a relic of class privileges. If a suffragette ought to be imprisoned at all he saw no reason why she should not receive treatment good enough for a common thief. If they allowed themselves to be led away by such by-ways and turnings it would end in a number of excellent women losing sight of what they were fighting for and finally getting into that ridiculous state of mind owing to which some of them were positively angry, because Mrs. Leigh had been released—(Cries of "No.")

SUFFRAGISTS IN WALES.

OPENING OF MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S INSTITUTE.

The village institute presented to Llanystumdwy by Mr. Lloyd George was formally opened on September 21. After the ceremony an open-air meeting, attended by some thousands of people, was held in the vicinity, and at least five women suffragists were removed for interrupting the proceedings. They were treated with much harshness.

To the building of the institute, Mr. Lloyd George contributed £1,000 awarded to him in a libel action some three years ago.

The opening ceremony was attended by four or five thousand people, who came from the surrounding districts. On the platform was the Rev. J. P. Lewis, rector of Llanystumdwy, and one of the managers of the institute, Mr. W. E. Williams, an old schoolmate of Mr. Lloyd George, presided.

At the outset, Mr. William George presented a deed of gift of the site of the institute. The only two conditions attached to it were that no intoxicating liquors must be sold or consumed on the premises and that the institute must be entirely non-political and unsectarian.

[SUFFRAGIST INTERRUPTIONS.

Mr. Lloyd George was received with cheering on rising to speak. He began with a reference to the possibility of a disturbance, but the sentence was left unfinished owing to an interruption from a woman near the platform, who shouted, "Votes for Women." There was immediately much excitement, and cries of "Put her in the river" were raised as she was being got out of the crowd, escorted by a policeman and baffeted by the bystanders.

Resuming, Mr. Lloyd George appealed to his fellow-countrymen not to do the women any harm whatever happened. "If you like to clear them out," he said, "do so by all means; but do no harm to them. By their misguided conduct they are inflicting damage upon their own cause, which it will take years to repair." (Cheers.) A woman retorted that they would not damage their cause, and there was renewed disorder. Mr. Lloyd George asked that the interrupter instead of being forced through the crowd should be brought to the platform, and an attempt was made to do so, but the people surged excitedly around, and the passage to the platform became blocked. Eventually the woman who was very roughly treated, was got out of the crowd. Meantime the meeting had got out of hand, and some frightened women climbed on to the platform to escape the pressure. Order was to some extent restored by the singing of "Land of our Fathers."

Mr. Lloyd George, resuming, said:—"I am sorry in my heart. I would do my best to protect their lives, but I cannot be responsible any longer. We will now proceed with the work." Thereupon he mounted the chairman's table, but almost at once there were two more interruptions from women who were promptly taken out of the crowd. There were demands that they should be ducked in a stream, close by, but this was not done. On the outskirts of the crowd, however, they were further ill-treated, pieces of their clothing being torn from them, and a handful of hair being dragged from a woman's head. Only the intervention of a policeman and the congestion at the spot, saved one woman from being placed under the village pump.

FAIRNESS IN POLITICS.

In the course of his speech, which was not further interrupted, Mr. Lloyd George said that that gift was due not to the greatness of his benevolence but to the depth of some of his enemies' hatred; and he was glad to have been able, through the alchemy of legal procedure, to convert that unsavoury product to a more attractive and a more serviceable purpose than that which it served in its cruder state. During nearly a quarter of a century he had been in political life and in the hottest of the conflict. There was no country in the world where political warfare was fought under stricter and more honourable rules of fair play and personal chivalry than in Great Britain. He was glad to see there men of all political parties and of all religious denominations, and he hoped that in the institute that atmosphere would be preserved. The trustees were drawn from all parties and all denominations. The rector, one of the ablest controversialists he had to encounter in another sphere, but who was also one of the fairest, was, he was glad to find, one of the trustees.

Mr. Lloyd George went on:—"I am the last man in the world to deprecate political controversy. Freedom, independence, and progress would be impossible without it, but I should be sorry to see the nation divided into two irreconcilable camps, with an unbridgeable chasm between them, never co-operating as citizens for any common purpose. When political animus saturates our blood to that extent, then, you may depend upon it, there is no health in us. Above all is such a condition of things to be deplored in a small village like this."

The depopulation of the rural districts was a danger to the nation. For this there were many reasons, and one was the unutterable tedium of the long winter hours. "The unutterable tedium of rural life during the long dreary hours of the winter evenings," said Mr. Lloyd George, I "shall never forget. We had no meeting-place. When it was fine we congregated on the village bridge; when it was wet we crowded into the village smithy, and that was my first Parliament." (Laughter and cheers.)

The following telegram was received by Mr. Lloyd George from Lord Murray:—"Allow me, in memory of jolly visits to Criccieth, and of the days when we worked together in the Ministry and as a party at a hot pace, to send a contribution of £25 to be expended upon your institute in any manner you may think may be useful."

In the evening a Welsh concert took place at the institute, presided over by Sir Rufus Isaacs. Mr. Masterman conducted.

BY AEROPLANE TO INDIA.

Princes' Prizes for Flight from Britain.

4,800 MILE CONTEST.

An aeroplane flight from England to India is now under consideration, and there is every prospect of the project taking definite shape before the end of the year.

The distance along the proposed route is 4,800 miles, and it is estimated that each day's stage would be 400 miles, so that the great journey would be completed, weather and other circumstances permitting, in 12 days. There will, however, be no attempt to set up a record, the main idea being to test the possibilities of the route and the capabilities of the machine.

In India the proposal is being supported by a number of native princes, including the Maharajahs of Jodhpur and Bikaner, who have intimated to the Advisory Committee their willingness to give prizes of Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 5,000 (£200 and £266) respectively. The Begum of Bhopal has also offered a prize of Rs. 3,000.

The Royal Geographical Society has rendered every possible assistance in selecting a suitable route which has been laid out as follows:—

London.	Adana.
Calais.	Alexandretta.
Brussels.	Meskene.
Cologne.	Along the Euphrates to Bagdad.
Along the Rhine to Frankfort.	Along the Tigris to Basra.
Ratisbon.	Across Persian Gulf to Bushire.
Along north bank of the Danube.	Along the coast to Karachi.
Constantinople.	
Konieh (Asia Minor).	
Cilicia.	

Several offers of machines have been received by the committee, but up to the present no definite arrangements have been made.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—Sept. 27.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Major G A Beazeley, R E
Major F C Webb-Ware, C I E
Capt F M Dobson
Capt J R Brunker, S T C
Capt J Scruby, 82 Punj
Mr J W Hose, U S I
Mr H B Graveston
Mr M T Echlin
Mr J H C Kelly
Mr F M Howlett
Mr D Brodie
Mr A H Ley
Mr F A R Sempkins.

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Brig-Gen Sir R E Grimston, K C V O, C I E, Insp-Gen I Service Troops to Nov 15 1912
Col P E Dixon, R E, to Feb 26, 1913
Col N G Woodyatt, 2-7 G R, 14 days.
Lieut-Col K Prasad, 6 mo, M C
Major E A W Stotherd, 30 Lrs 4 mo, M C
Major H S Alexander, 43 Erinpuri R, 3 days
Major A R H Garden, Q V O, Corps of Guides, 14 days
Major H M Turton, 104 Rifles, 4 mo, M C
Major F C Webb-Ware, C I E, 4 days
Capt E M Brind, 37 Dogras, to Feb 18, 1913
Capt M H L Gale, 8th Cav, 1 day
Capt G A G Shepherd, 57 Rifles, 2 days
Capt W K Cook, S T C, 2 days
Lieut C D Daly, 32 Sikhs, 2 mo M C
Lieut V P Norman, I M S, 3 mo, M C
Lieut C W Maxwell, 2-8 G R, to Oct 20, 1912
Lieut A H Mankelow, 39 Garh R, to Nov 8, 1912
Lieut W H L J Welman, 27 Punj, 14 days
Nursing Sister Miss M E Gray, Q A M N S I, to date of arrival
Mr M Kriebel, 3 mo M C
Miss S M Bonser, 3 mo, M C
Miss M E A Garrett, 6 mo, M C
Mr A T Halliday, 3 days
Mr C G E Dawkins, 7 days, M C
Mr L J Peck, 3 mo, M C
Mr H Sherring, 3 days
Mr. H. Rigg, 1 mo.
Mrs. W. G McKinnon, 1 mo. M. C.
Mr, H. B. Peirce, 1 mo.
Mr. A. G Romilly, 1 mo 24 days.

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Lieut. Col T H Henderson, Mily. Accts Dept.
Capt J C Fraser, I M S.
Capt C F Mackenzie.
Lieut J F Meiklejohn, 33 Cav.
Mr F W Brownrigg.
Mr A J Clark.
Mr H E Davies.
Mr G D Roechling,
Mr A P Wolferstan.
Mr L G R Vanderspar.
Mr A W Schonemann.
Mr F O Townsend.
Mr H Sherring.
Mr F P Rennie.
Mrs. W. G. McKinnon.
Mr R E Lemon.
Mr P J Mead.
Rev. H E Price.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

GETTING IT ALL.

The doctor told him he needed carbohydrates, proteids, and, above all, something nitrogenous. The doctor mentioned a long list of foods for him to eat. He staggered out and wobbled into a restaurant. How about beefsteak? he asked the waiter. Is that nitrogenous? The waiter didn't know. Are fried potatoes rich in carbohydrates? The waiter couldn't say. Well, I'll manage it, declared the poor man in despair. Bring me a large plate of hash.

CALLING TERMS.

Mrs. Ginks—I've just been speaking to your neighbor, Mrs. Noggin. Are you on calling terms with her? Mrs. Littledrop—Yes. She called me no lady, and I called her a bottle-nosed old table-tale.

ATTRACTION WANTED.

First Suffragette—If we want to get the young girls interested in our meetings, we must have something to attract them. Second Suffragette—Which had it better be? Refreshment or men?

NO WONDER.

When I was shipwrecked in South America," said Captain Bowsprit, "I came across a tribe of wild women who had no tongues."

Mercy, cried one of his listeners of the fair sex. How could they talk?

They couldn't, snapped the old salt. That's what made 'em wild.

A CHANCE TO RISE.

I want a boy about your age, said the butcher, and will give you eight shillings a week.

Shall I have a chance to rise? asked the boy.

Yes, replied the butcher. I want you to be here at 4 o'clock every morning.

THE GUIDWIFE'S MISTAKE.

A tourist, who had been caught in a severe storm up in the Highlands, congratulated himself, after finding a solitary cottage, on being asked to stay overnight.

After dining, while wearing a suit of the guidman's clothes [illegible] were dry, he met the mistress on the stairs with a broom in her hand, and she, mistaking the stranger for her husband, gave him a thump on the head with the broom, remarking, That's for askin' the man to stay a' nicht!

GOT A BITE.

For the purpose of advertising fishingrods, a shopkeeper hung a large rod outside his shop with an artificial fish at the end of it. Late one night Perkins, who had been dining a bit too well, happened to see the fish. Going cautiously to the door, he knocked gently. Who's there, demanded the shopkeeper from an upper window, Sh-h. Don't make a noise, but come down as quietly as you can, whispered Perkins. Thinking something serious was the matter, the man dressed and stole downstairs. Now, what is it he enquired. Hist, said Perkins. Pull in your line, quick; you've got a bite.

A MATTER OF PRECAUTION.

One day a very nervous, timid-looking woman accompanied by a robust farmer man, came on the platform of a little railway station at a remote country spot. For a short time she seemed to devote her attention to the time-table, but not finding there the satisfaction she sought, she stepped up to the stationmaster as he came out of his office. Will you please tell me if the 3.15 has gone yet? she asked in apparent concern. Yes, about 20 minutes ago, he replied. And when will the 4.30 be along, do you think? Why, not for some time yet, of course. Are there any expresses before then? Not one. Any luggage trains? No. Nothing at all? Nothing whatever. Are you quite sure? Certainly I am, or I wouldn't have said so. Then, said the timid woman, turning to her husband I think we'll cross the tracks William.

HER PRODIGAL HUSBAND.

A young and therefore romantically-disposed lady, who was recently staying at an old farmhouse in the west of England, had her curiosity greatly excited by an action of her hostess, who used each night before retiring to place a lamp in one of the windows at the front of the house, which faced the only approach to the farm. One night her curiosity got the better of her discreation, and she ventured to ask the old lady her reason for doing, saying:

I suppose you have a prodigal son away in some distant land, and you place a lamp there nightly so that should he return, he will find that he has not been forgotten?

Lawks, no! replied the dame. I ain't got no prodigal son away in distant lands, but I've got a prodigal husband down at 'is club in the village, who couldn't find is way up the lane after club hours without a light if 'is life depended on it!

REMEMBER AND RECOLLECT.

What's the difference between remember and recollect? asked one club man of another the other evening.

None, was the answer.

Yes, there is. Some time ago I lent a man who was temporarily short 10. As there was no sign of his returning it, I said to him, I remember lending you some money last year, but I don't recollect that you paid it back.

MAINLY AHMOSPHERIC.

I have always been interested, said little Binks, in the utilisation of waste. Now, where do you suppose all the burst tyres go to in the end?

I don't know, said the genial philosopher, but if they go where most people consign 'em there must be a terrible smell of rubber in the nereafter.

SHE WAS EQUAL TO IT.

A young man, the other day, said to his best girl, I visited that fashionable palmist this afternoon, and he told me I'd marry a blonde.

The girl, who was very dark, said thoughtfully:—Did he say when the marriage would take place?

Yes; in three months.

Well, I can easily be blonde by that time, dear, said the girl, with a shy smile.

THE WOMAN OF THE DOMINO.

He was a healthy agricultural labourer, but persuaded himself that he needed the services of a medical man, so his better half was at length prevailed upon to send for one.

Well, said the doctor to his patient, your wife must give you a black draught and I will call and see you again.

The doctor called as promised, and asked if she had carried out his instructions.

I have as far as I can, doctor. I could not find a black draught in the house, so I gave him a double-six domino instead.

ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

Senator Ogle, a member of the Pennsylvania Assembly, had been deputed to compose an address to the newly-elected President, Andrew Jackson. When the bluff old warrior submitted his document to the House a fellow-member, a dapper little man from Philadelphia, observed:—

Pardon me, general—I hesitate about making any suggestion to so distinguished an individual; but I cannot refrain from saying that it is customary with cultured letter-writers to write the first personal pronoun with a capital, I instead of a small "i."

Senator Ogle returned a look of scorn. Sir, said he, when I write to so great a man as General Andrew Jackson, Democratic President of the United States, I abase myself. I abase myself, sir. I use as small an "i" as I can put on paper. But sir, if ever I should have to write to a little snipe like you, I would use an "I" sir that would fill two pages of foolscap.

A SMART RUSE.

As a train was approaching Llandudno a man noticed a ladylooking troubled and asked her what was the matter.

I've lost my ticket, said the lady.

Oh, never mind. I'll work a little dodge on the collector and he got his own ticket out of his pocket and tore the corner off and gave the ticket to the lady.

When the train arrived at the station the collector took the tickets.

Where is your ticket, sir? he asked the gentleman.

I gave it to you.

No, you didn't, replied the collector. I shall have to call the station-master.

When the station-master arrived he said:—Where is your ticket, young man?

I gave it to the collector. See if he has a ticket with a corner torn off, replied the sharp man.

On searching, the collector found it.

Now, said the young man, see if this fits it, as he gave him the corner of the ticket.

The collector crept away from the carriage dumfounded.

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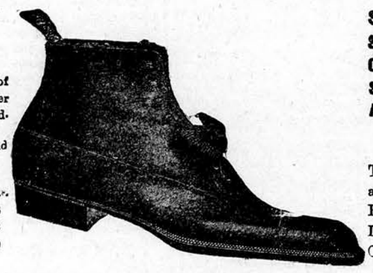
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CAPITAL ISSUED	... ...	Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	... ...	Rs. 8,62,618
RESERVE FUND (In Govt. Papers)	...	Rs. 8,50,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

BRANCHES.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt., Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ % p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to SRI RAM B. A., Manager.

Bombay, 89, Apollo Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	...	Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	...	,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS...	...	,, 17,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Syojun (Port Arthur
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Laoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent, per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 307, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.

4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AT:—

Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
PAID UP .....£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application:

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yiolio

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON, Agent.

Carlton House, Ostram Road, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

Norwich Union Life Insce. Socty.

PURELY MUTUAL. CLAIMS PAID £24,000,000 ALL PROFITS TO POLICY-HOLDERS.

EXTRACT FROM "THE REVIEW":—
"From every point of view it may be unhesitatingly affirmed that there is no better Life Office in Great Britain than the Norwich Union."
For full particulars apply to

W. & A: GRAHAM & Co.,
General Agents

AGENTS WANTED.
Address: Grahams Buidings.

O. C. B. WIMBUSH, *Manager*.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON, OCT. 10.] [BOMBAY, OCT. 11.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	74		unchgd
do. Rentes ...	89 1-2		unchgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	91		unchgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	64		1-16
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	29 1-4		1-4
do. 2 months' hence...	29 3-8		3-16
Bar Silver in New York ...	63 3-8		1-2
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·27 1-2		unchgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20 49	1-2	
do. do. New York...	4·85 1-2		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4	since 29th Aug	
do. Short London Bills 3 months' sight...	4 1-8	3-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4 3-16	3-16	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 3-8	1-2	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-2		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 7-8		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-4		unchgd

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Fall caused by India and China selling.
Amount with drawn from the Bank of England about £425,000.
The Bombay mails of the 28th ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday afternoon.
THE BANK OF ENGLAND Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Total Bullions	...£37,900,000	Dec. £1,000,000
Public Deposits	...£10,400,000	Dec. £3,500,000
Other Deposits	...£45,309,000	Inc. £2,200,000
Government Securities	£13,300,000	unchgd
Other Securities	...£32,900,000	Dec. £1,300,000
Notes and Gold	...£27,200,000	Dec. £500,000

The Bank's Reserve is 49 per cent. of the Liabilities.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Easier good business done.
Futures ... Steady.
Manchester ... Quiet with a moderate enquiry.
Total Sales ... 12,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500 "
Imports ... 10,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 6·26—05
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 13-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·01	5·95	5·95	5·96	5·98
+04	+04	+04	+03	+04

Mar.-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May.-June	June-July.
5·99	6·01	6·02	6·02
+03	+04	+04	+04

New York 11 a.m., Dec. 10·68 Mar. 10·80
New York official Noon call Dec. 10·67 Mar. 10·82
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 10·83 Mar. 11·04.

NEW YORK— Sales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 61,000
" Receipts at " last year ... 68,000
" Exports to Great Britain ... 27,000
" Exports to Continent ... 37,000
" Spot Cotton ... 11·10+05

Futures—Month of Dec. 10·79+08 }
Futures—Month of Mar. 10·93+10 } Declined owing to longs unloading and advanced later on unfavorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 10 7-8 unchgd
Futures month of Dec. ... 10·95+12
Futures month of Mar. ... 11·16+11
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Firm.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... ...
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat White Karachi ... 39 1-2+1-4
Do. Months ... Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Buyers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... ...
Do Months— ... Nominal

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-61lbs. ... }
Do. Month— ... } unchgd
Barletta Russo 62 1-2 lbs ... }

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... ... unchgd.
Do Months ... .

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... 49 1-2unchgd.
Do. Months— ... Sept.-Oct.
Do Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nearest—Value

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 61 + 1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed Calcutta ... ... 59 3+3d
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Quiet but steady.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 53 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Done.

COTTONSEED.—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-19-0 unchgd
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 14 7-8 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber... ... ... 4 6 1-4 +1-4
Oct.-Nov.—Buyers—Steady.

METALS—
Copper Braziers G M C ... £ 88 1-2 unchgd
Yellow Metal ... d 7 1-2 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 77 1-4 unchgd

FREIGHTS—
Coals—Cardiff to Bombay Canals...15s 3d

ARRIVALS :—
"Sicilia"

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C F India (Double bags) ... 12 3 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but Steady.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ... 12 2 1-4 unchgd
Do Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Mar.—Sellers
Tone—Steady very little doing.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 3 1-4—3-4d
Months of Shipments ... Oct—Sellers
10 0 1-4—1-2d—May—Sellers
Tone—Opend steady closed rather easier.
B A B & similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 13 9 unchgd
Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone.—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12—unchgd.
Month of Shipments ... Oct.—Value.
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar Tone—Firm. Prices unchgd.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [11TH OCT. 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
24 Boxes Bulns.	14,28,480	London	National Bank
Sovereigns ...	15,000	do	do
2 Boxes Sovs...	1,50,000	Aden	do
1 Box Buln...	38,400	London	Russo-Asiatic Bank
1 Box Buln......	38,400	do	Indian Specie Bank
2 Boxes Bulns.	38,400	do	Hongkong Bank
Sovereigns ...	32,500	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 9th Oct. 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.........	7	8,640
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	25	29,870

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—
The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T., 1s. 4 1-16d. on Demand and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 months' sight credits. There has been some enquiry for Bank remittance, but three months' sight bills are still scarce. Far Eastern rates are easier following the fall in silver.

We quote :—
T. T. on London ...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft ...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight ...1s. 4 5-16
Do. do forward ...1s. 4 11-32d. Dec.
Do. do France ...171 1-4
Do. do Marks ...139 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...151 1-4
Shanghai " ...211
Japan " ...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened quiet at 95 15-16 for Cash and 95 13-16 for the Settlement and has fluctuated slightly during the day. A small business has been done and rates close as under.
We quote :—
Cash ... Rs. 95 15 0 to 96 0 0
Settlement ... " 95 13 0

BULLION:—
Advices from London report a sharp drop of 1-4 in ready bar silver and 3-16 for forward delivery owing to India and China Selling. Rates now are 29 1-4 for ready and 29 3-8 for delivery in two months. New York was 1-2 down at 63 3-8. The local market opened easier at 73 13-16 for ready and 73 15-16 for the first Settlement and declined 3-8 during the morning. Rates have since fluctuated and close as under for ready and forward. A moderate business has been done. Bar Gold is steady.
We quote :—
English Bar Gold ... ... Rs. 23 14 9
Australian " ... ... " 23 14 9
Sovereigns " ... ... " 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)
Ready ... ... " 73 12 0
1st Settlement ... ... " 73 15 0
2nd Settlement ... ... " 74 3 0
Silver (cum duty)
Ready ... ... " 83 2 0
1st Settlement ... ... " 83 5 0
2nd Settlement ... ... " 83 9 0

COUNCIL BILLS:—
At the weekly Biddings on Wednesday last for 60 lakhs allotments were made of 57 lakhs bills and 3 lakhs T.T. tenderers for the former at 1s. 4 1-32d. receiving only 1 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening last was 81 60 lakhs, and for next week 60 lakhs is again offered for allotment.
The steamer which left London on the 20th September and arrived to-day with the mail of the 27th September brings £150,000 silver, £170,000 bar gold and £10,000 sovereigns for Bombay, as also the following Council Bill:—
Calcutta ... ...Rs. 45,80,000
Bombay ... ... " 6,30,000
Madras ... ... " 8,30,000
Total... ... " 60,40,000
The steamer which left London on the 27th September and comes with the mails of the 4th October brings £120,000 silver and £120,000 bar gold for Bombay, as also the following Council Bills :—
Calcutta ... ...Rs. 51,80,000
Bombay ... ... " 18,70,000
Madras ... ... " 9,50,000
Total... ... " 80,00,000
The steamer which left London on the 4th Oct. and comes with the mail of the 11th October brings £280,000 silver, £110,000 bar gold and £10,000 Sovereigns for Bombay, as also the following Councils Bills.
Calcutta ... ...Rs. 43,90,000
Bombay ... ... " 11,40,000
Madras ... ... " 1,70,000
Total... ... " 57,00,000
The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay, for the last week, as compared with the previous one :—

	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
LIABILITIES—		
Public Deposits	......	23,23,000
Other Deposits............	......	1,60,000
Sundries	82,000	......
ASSETS—		
Government Securities ...	22,58,000	......
Other Authorized Securities	Unchanged.	
Credits on Govt. and other Authorized Securities...	......	2,99,000
Loans on Govt. and other Authorized Securities...	......	54,05,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	......	83,000
Bullion	......	40,000
Balance with other Banks.	1,07,000	......
Sundries............	34,000	......
Cash	10,23,000	......

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales 1912.	Bales. 1911.	Bales Differences.
Receipts for the week..	3,204	7,629	— 4,425
Receipts from 1st to 10th Oct....	3,619	8,412	— 4,793
Shipments from 1st to 3rd Oct ...			
Europe ...	250	145	+ 295
China, Japan, Coast Ports ...	2,240	330	+ 1,910
Total...	2,590	475	+ 2,115
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 10th Oct.			
Europe ...	845	327	+ 518
China ...	......	......	......
Japan ...	1,900	330	+ 1,570
Coast Ports ...	440	......	+ 440
Total...	3,185	657	+ 2,528
Afloat in Harbour—			
Europe ...	10,160	2,201	+ 7,959
China, Japan, Coast Ports ...	Nil	150	— 150

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st October 1911 to 31st August, 1912, 38,633 bales.
Total exports from Bombay, by B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st Oct. 1911 to 28th September 1912—54,702 bales.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous season:—

....	Total for the week	Total since 1st Oct. 1912.	Total same time last year.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	......	......	3
Central India... ...	......	......	6
Barsee and Nagur ...	148	148	338
Berar ...	......	......	119
Central Provinces ...	......	104	215
Total Oomras ...	148	252	681
Dholleras	38	38	404
Broach	......	......	......
Compta and Dharwar.	660	681	3,572
Westerns	1,493	1,563	3,572
Bengals (N.-W. Provinces)	671	671	1,219
Bengals. (Rajputana)	43	43	1
Sind	......	10	182
Persian	52	52	73
American	......	215	270
Egyptian	· 94	94	......
Other sorts	......	......	1,710
Total ...	3,204	3,619	8,412

a Or 175 original bales of American Cotton imported since 1st October 1912.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October, 1912.	300,000 a
Receipts from 1st October, 1912, to 10th Oct, 1912	3,619
	303,619
Less Shipments from 1st October, 1911, to 10th Oct ,1912 ...	3,185
	300,434
Less Afloat	10,160
	290,274
Less Estimated mill consumption ...	30,000
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands on 11th Oct, 1912 ...	260,274
Difference since last week ...	—23,854

a Approximate subject to revision.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—
Fluctuations in the home markets have been wider during the past week, but there has been no decided swing of the pendulum one way or the other though prices are slightly easier on the week. There is a good trade demand on declines and the Manchester Market is firm with a fair business doing. The outbreak of war in the Balkan may check any advance for a time owing to political uneasiness but hostilities are likely to be localized and should have no permanent effect on the market. The time for any large damage by killing frost is daily growing smaller. Spot cotton in New Orleans is easier and altogether the outlook for the coming week is rather in favour of somewhat lower prices. We are still of opinion that anything below the level of 6d. will attract buyers, and though the market may go temporarily lower we should rather go long than short at anything in the neighbourhood of this price. The closing tone of the market is steady. The New York market will be closed on Saturday for a holiday (Colombus Day).

The following are comparison of prices in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday morning and to-day :—

	Last week.	This week.	Differences.
New York—			
Futures Dec. ...	10·92	10·79	—·13
" Mar. ...	10·99	10·93	—·06
Spot ...	11·25	11·10	—·15
New Orleans—			
Futures Dec. ...	10·97	10·95	—·02
" Mar. ...	11·18	11·16	—·02
Spot ...	11 1-8	10 7-8	—1-4
Liverpool—			
Futures Nov.-Dec...	6·04	5·95	—·09
" Feb.-Mar...	6·07	5·98	—·09
Spot ...	6·31	6·26	—·05

In the local market prices have more or less followed home advices and frequent fluctuations have occurred. In the bazaar the usual speculative business in suttas has been going on, though only to a moderate extent. Japan shippers have been in the market for fine M. G. Khamgaon-Akola January and are still buying but the amount of business doing is restricted owing to scarcity of sellers, though a few lines have been put through. Export houses have covered some previous sales of fine M.G. Scinde Punjab, and have also occasionally been sellers of good Broach. There is, however, little life in the market, and trade is by no means general. There is no enquiry at present prices from the Continent. This morning the market opened steady with good Broach quoted Rs. 294-95.

Ready cotton has been moving slowly and prices are easier. Mills are buying only for their actual requirements. A few small lots of new crops Bengals have arrived, and have been taken up by mills at about Rs. 270 to Rs. 278 according to quality. In the up-country markets the arrivals of Bengal Kappas are increasing, and freer receipts of cotton are expected here shortly.

Rain has fallen during the week in the Barsi Nagar districts and crop prospects have improved. There has been no rain in the Berars, Central Provinces or Khandeish and the weather is unusually hot. More rain is needed. The plants are showing bolls, which in parts of Khandeish are rapidly ripening. The Bengal and Punjab crops are progressing favourable and picking is general. In Broach the plants are flourishing and healthy but more rain is required. The same applies to Kathiawar. The Southern crop are doing well. Prospects are in favour of a fair average yield over the entire area, and this may be improved by rain where required.

LATER.

The market has been quiet during the day with very little business doing. Buyers are not inclined to follow the advance while sellers are steady.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach ... ... Rs. 302 March
Good M. G. Broach ... ... Rs. 294 1-2 "
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hinganghat ,, 290 Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ... ... ,, 287 "
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon ,, 281 "
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola... ,, 278 "
Fine M. G. Khandeish ... ,, 268-9 "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ... ,, 258-9 "
Fine M. G. Bengal ... ... ,, 257-8 "
Fine M. G. Bengal ... ... ,, 259 Dec.
" " " ... ,, 261 Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ... ,, 244 1-2 Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—
Opening Tone ... ... Quiet—Steady
Estimated Sales ... ... 8,000 Bales
Total Imports ... ... 18,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·04	5·98	5·98
+03	+03	+03
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr
5·99	6·01	6·02
+03	+03	+03
Apr.-May.	May-June.	June.-July.
6·04	6·05	6·05
+03	+03	+03

FREIGHTS.

The market has been steady to firm during the week and the following business is reported :—
ANTWERP :—About 1,800 tons ready loading at 19s. light seeds, and 21s. to 21s. 6d. seeds.
DUNKIRK :—1,000 tons October at 22s barley, and 23s. 3d. seeds. Also 2,000 tons for November shipment at 20s. barley, 21s. 6d. seeds and 22s. 6d. cotton.
GENOA :—1,500 tons November at 22s. 6d. seeds only. Small lots ready at 24s. 6d. seeds.
HAMBURG :—500 tons ready at 18s. light seeds.
HANSA LINE :—For November and December about 500 tons each month at 23s. to 23s. 6d. seeds cotton.
The market closes firm.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

There has been little business doing during the week, no settlement having yet been arrived at regarding the arbitration dispute between buyers and sellers.

LINSEED :—
The market has been quiet during the week with little business passing. Rates are however rather steadier in sympathy with home advices.
We quote:—
Ready ... ...Rs. 9 14 0 B.T.
December ... ...,, 10 10 6 R.T.
April-May, ...,, 10 6 6 R.T.

RAPESEED :—
The market has ruled quiet but steady with little or change in prices.
We quote :—
Brown Delhi, Ap-May ... Rs. 8 5 3 R.T.
Ready ,, Cawnpore ... ... Rs. 7 14 0 B.T.
Yellow ,, ,, ... Rs. 8 14 0 ,,

WHEAT :—
The market has been quiet and little business has been done during the week.
We quote :—
Ready White Pissi 85 p. c. Rs. 5 5 0 R.T.
White Delhi, Ap-May, ,, 5 7 3 ,,

GINGELLYSEED :—
The market is steady.
We quote :—
Bold White 85 per cent. Rs. 54 8 0
Small White ... ,, 53 8 0
Jubulpore ... ... ,, 51 0 0
Black Kutni... ... ,, 47 0 0

POPPYSEED:—
A quiet market with little doing.
We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 12 10 0 B.T

CASTORSEED :—
The market is steady and unchanged.
We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 39 0 0

COTTONSEED :—
Quiet but steady. No change.
We quote :—
Ready ... ...Rs. 26 0 0
Dec-Jan ... ... ,, 24 8 0

GROUNDNUTS :—
This market has also been quiet and prices are unchanged.
We quote :—
Bold Jan.-Feb. ... Rs. 45 12 0
Small " ... ,, 44 8 0

MOWRASEED :—
Market steady.
We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 8 3 0 B.T.

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the week ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	3,204	bales.
Wheat	79,162	cwts.
Linseed	15,100	"
Rapeseed	3,940	"
Gingellyseed	5,504	"
Poppyseed	626	"
Groundnuts...	3,182	"
Castorseed	36,788	"
Rice	70,073	"
Myrabollams..	1,243	"
Cottonseed	2,935	"
Mowraseed	4,135	"
Gram	39,827	"
Joowar	11,804	"
Maize	1,391	"
Barley	22,514	"

LOCAL YARNS.

The market has remained quiet but steady during the week with a small business doing for China in 10's and 12's at current rates. There is nothing of importance to report.

	Bales.
Fornightly sales from Shanghai..........	2,000
Unsold stock at Shanghai............	67,000
Sold but uncleared Shanghai..........	26,000

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.

WHITE GOODS:—There is little business doing and the market is slack.
GREY GOODS:—There is a moderate business passing with prices steady.
PRINTS AND DYED GOODS:—The market continues quiet and prices are unchanged.
TURKEY RED PLAIN GOODS:—The local market is quiet and prices are steady. In the home market prices are firm and delivery distant.
TURKEY RED PRINTS:—Market here remains quiet. Prices at home are steadily advancing and only very distant shipments are quoted by manufacturers.
DHOOTIES:—The home market is firm and deliveries offered are distant. The Bombay market is quiet and prices keep steady.

METALS.

Copper and Yellow Metal.—There is no change to report this week. Market continues quiet but steady.

COAL MARKET.

The conditions remain practically unaltered, and there is no business reported as passing.
Approximate quotations :—

	Rs.
Powell Duffryn	24
Davisons W Hartley	21
Australian	18-8
Natal	18-8
Desherghur	18
Jhetriah	17-8

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's quotations for the Burmah Oil Company's productions :—
Ex-Godown Price. Delivery charges extra.

	Rs. a. p.
Kerosine Oil "Waterlily" per case of two tins	5 8 0
Kerosine Oil "Firefly" per case of two tins	4 10 0
Kerosine Oil "Chukkar" per two tins ...	4 0 0
Kerosine Oil "Chukkar" per 8 gallons ...	3 6 0
Kerosine Oil "Victoria" per two tins ...	3 11 0
Kerosine Oil "Victoria" per 8 gallons ...	3 1 0
Burmah Wax per pound, 1st quality ...	0 4 0
Burmah Wax per pound 2nd quality ...	0 3 0
Burmah Candles per pound ...	0 4 0

The following are the rates ruling to-day for the undermentioned brands of the Asiatic Petroleum Coy., (India), Ld :—

	Rs. a. p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per unit...	3 6 0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair......	4 0 0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3 2 0
Bull Brand New Tins per pair	3 12 0
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3 1 0
Swan Brand New Tins per pair	3 11 0
Anchor Tins per pair	4 2 0
Shell 150 cases per case...............	5 4 0
Anchor cases per case	4 8 0

The following are to-day's rates for the Standard Oil Company's brands :—

			Rs. per case.
Snowflake Brand ...150°	American	,,	6 0 2
White Rose Brand..150°	American	,,	5 12 2
Chester Brand ...... 75°	Abel A'can	,,	4 12 2
Devoe's Imp. Brilliant 76°	Abel A'can	,,	4 8 2
Monkey Brand ...125°	American	,,	4 6 2
Tiger Brand ...125°	American	,,	4 8 2
White Camelia Brand in tins ...125		per 2 tins ,,	4 0 0
Elephant Brand Bulk in tins ...125°		,,	4 0 0
Elephant Brand Bulk without tins125°		per 8 I gals. ,,	3 6 0
Camel Brand in tins 125°		per 2 tins. ,,	4 0 0

Firm.

SHARES.

The market is firm and advancing and almost all mill shares have improved in prices during the week. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced to Rs. 1,760 ; Bank of Indias have ruled at and about Rs. 66 ; Indian Specie Bank shares are unchanged at Rs. 75 to Rs. 75 1-2 Murat Settlement. Bombay Merchant Bank shares at Rs. 13 ; Eastern Bank shares have advanced to Rs. 92. In Press companies, Indian Cotton are steady at Rs. 142 1-2 ; New Mofussils at Rs. 387 1-2 ; New Berar's at Rs. 590. In mill companies, Bombay Cotton have improved to Rs. 375 ; Bombay United to Rs. 540 ; Century Mill shares to Rs. 297 1-2 ; Central India's to Rs. 2,420 ; Colaba Land and Mill Company shares have kept at and about Rs. 1,575 ; Crescents have improved to Rs. 127 1-2 ; Currimbhoy's to Rs. 1,220; David's to Rs. 562 1-2 ; Edward Sassoon mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 213 3-4 ; Fazulbhoys have advanced to Rs. 560 ; Finlay's to Rs. 455 ; Gold Mohur's to Rs. 460; Jamshed's to Rs. 202 1-2; Khattau Makanji mill shares to Rs. 1,425; Kohinoor's to Rs. 895 ; Luxmi Cotton are quiet at Rs. 1,460; Madhavji Dharamsey are steady at Rs. 1,640; Maneckjee Petit's at Rs. 3,270, Morarji Goculdas mills shares at Rs.3,200; New Great Eastern at Rs. 280; New City of Bombay are unchanged at Rs. 1,125; Phoenix have improved to Rs. 142 1-2; Southern Mahrattas to Rs. 110; Standard's to Rs. 1,540; Sun Mill shares are steady at Rs. 160; Swan mill shares during the earlier part of the week were reported to have changed hands at and about Rs 260 later on they jumped up to Rs. 340 and at the close have declined to Rs. 310. Swadeshis have improved at Rs. 1,920; Textile's to Rs. 1,520. In miscellaneous companies, Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation have changed hands at Rs. 555 to Rs. 557 1-2. The Bombay E. S. and Tramways Co., Ld. ordinary shares are unchanged at Rs. 174; Preference shares are steady at Rs. 185 ; Badham Piles have changed hands at Rs. 94 Bombay Steam Navigation Company Ld ordinary shares at Rs. 292 1-2; and preference shares at Rs. 295. Port Canning and Land Improvement Co. shares have changed hands at Rs. 780 Shivrajpur's at Rs. 22 ; Tata Iron and Steel Co ordinary shares have declined to Rs. 98; deferred shares to Rs. 207 and preference shares are unchanged at Rs. 185; Bombay Telephones have changed hands at Rs. 60; Treachers are steady at Rs. 485. Tata Hydro E P S Co. Ld ordinary shares have changed hands at Rs. 770. In Railway companies, Ahmedabad Prantej Railway shares are unchanged at Rs. 700; Amritsar Pattis are steady at Rs. 136; Tapty-Valley at Rs. 577 1-2; Ahmedabad Dholkas at Rs. 138; Central Provinces have changed hands at Rs. 74; and Gujerat railways at Rs. 126. The rest are unchanged at previous quotations.

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings for the week ending 21st September 1912 were Rs. 3400 making the total earning for the period 1st January 1912 to 21st September 1912 Rs. 1,19,050.

Balances held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of :—

Sept. 1910	...	...Rs. 18,65,78,000
Do. 1911	...	...Rs. 17,72,33,000
Do. 1912	...	...Rs. 26,05,55,000

Messrs Royse and Co's report, dated Manchester Sept 27 says :—
Iron Ore is moving well as can only be expected in the present state of the iron trade : imports are heavy and there is plenty of new business, higher prices being paid for the Ore, and also higher rates of freight in consequence of scarcity of vessels. Manganese Ore also is in good position, and more business is being done at the higher values now ruling. For Pyrites there is plenty of enquiry, and consumers are prepared to pay advanced figures, but the difficulty is to fine sellers. Brimstone is selling steadily, and prices are rather better.
In Phosphates of Lime considerable business has been done at increased prices and further large enquiries are on the market, but the matter of higher rates of freight is rather standing in the way of business. Business in China Clay is very brisk, and works have difficulty in keeping pace with orders : for next year there is a good enquiry, and higher prices are being paid.

KARACHI MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
KARACHI, OCT. 11.

Though exchange is very steady, no further rise in rates has yet been caused by the state of tension in the Balkan Peninsula. At the same time dear money is probable in London this autumn, and should India draw gold in large quantities, discounts will probably be higher than usual.
Crop prospects continue to be favourable to a large trade, and all transporting agencies,—railways and steamers in particular,—are looking forward to an exceptionally busy time.
Steamer freights homeward for December are over 23s, whilst coasting rates for coal from Bengal are almost prohibitive. It is rumoured that the Indian Railways have openly informed Calcutta coal interests that the railways, coal requirements must be supplied first, exactly as contracted for, and that unless and until this be done, coal for the public cannot be carried by rail.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, OCT. 11.

The share market opened to-day with coal shares ruling fairly steady, but without a large volume of business in evidence. There was no alteration in the position of jute shares, which continued fully firm, with prices well maintained. In coal, East Indians at 43·8 so 45·8 showed an advance of 1·8 on Wednesday. The price of Equitable at 35 was four annas up and New Zetuliya at 12-12 were eight annas up. The jute market was quiet with sellers quoting 62 but buyers were quoting one rupee less, and no business was done. In the gunny market, business was slow and there was no demand.

MANCHESTER WEEKLY REPORT.

Messrs. James F. Hutton and Co., Ltd., write from Manchester, on 19th September, the following weekly report :—

Cotton Figures from August 31st last to last Friday	Bales this year.	Bales last year.
Liverpool Stock. All kinds of cotton	533,830	281,000
Liverpool Stock. American cotton	386,710	138,020
American Del'd Spinners for the week	173,000	140,000
American into sight for the week	259,000	306,000
American into sight for the season	426,000	537,000
Receipts at American Ports ...	301,000	387,000
Visible Supply. All kinds of cotton	2,198,000	1,70·,000
Visible Supply. American cotton	1,404,000	1,020,000
Visible Supply. Egyptian cotton	94,000	83,000
Visible Supply. East Indian cotton	121,000	106,000
Visible Supply. Other kinds of cotton	141,000	104,000

Last week New York Spot was 11. 66 cants and Liverpool 6. 72d. and violent fluctuations have occurred in the former market during the week, especially in futures, while Spot was up at 11.90 cents on Saturday the 14th and Liverpool reached 6. 80d on the same day, declining again since and advancing to-day as above.
The various kinds of phenomena which the weather in the American States develops from day to day is almost too bewildering to follow, but its vagaries act upon the cotton markets daily and in the confusion of reports it is impossible to decide whether or not the depreciation in the condition of the growing cotton during the present month is as serious as made out in some quarters.
We are as usual likely to have an uncertain time until November, when the crop begins to show itself, and estimates can be formed with some accuracy of its probable size.
The Egyptian crop is estimated at 8 million cantars, which would be a record figure, but we have had large estimates before, and through overwatering or other causes, the third picking has been a failure, and we are apprehensive of the same misfortune happening again.
In any case it does not appear likely we shall have too much cotton, or enough to force prices down much below the present level, and in this market the feeling appears to be generally "bullish".
The cotton crops in India and China are likely to be larger than usual, and the prospects of both countries are good for a general large yield in other crops—there are no adverse reports so far from India, and it is now announced that the Chinese loan is completed in London for 10 million pounds and a payment of half a million already made; this being regarded as a score for the Stock Exchange, the firm identified with the negotiation of the loan, being members.
There is a fair business placed on this market daily from various India markets and a considerable proportion gets on books, in white, dyed and also in printed doods—China also is doing perhaps a little more, reports from Shanghai to the 30th ult., announced a rather better feeling, owing to orders from Shantung and Chili, Newchwang and Corea—the re-establishment of business (however) can only be gradually brought about a stable government is required, and funds are necessary to bring about the stability, and restore confidence.
Manufacturers here are having a good time, and doing a healthy trade and spinners are keeping some margin on production, although less than some time back—the increase in weaving is helping them, and it is said loom makers require as long for delivery of the machinery as Shirting and Dhooty makers require now for further doods—the new spinning mills which were looked upon as superfluous are now full of orders, and with the further increase of looms their position of course improves. The continued opening of new weaving sheds and the enlargement of others, has long ago enabled merchants to place orders which had previously been impossible, and as the process continues our Eastern friends will understand the apparent anomalies redeliverd.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld	100	100	18 p.c.	361
Alliance Bank of Simla	100	100	14 p.c.	
Ld.	500	500	13 p.c.	283
Bank of Bombay	100	50	6 ,,	1760
Bank of India	500	500	14 ,,	66
Bank of Bengal	500	500	12 ,,	1750
Bank of Madras.........	100	100	7 ,,	1420
Bank of Rangoon	100	50	7 ,,	109
Bank of Baroda	50	10	5 ,,	67
Credit Bank of India Ld...	25	12½	12 p.c	12
National Bank of India...	100	100	9	570
Punjab National Bank...	50	30	8	125
People's Bank of India...	100	50	7	27½
Specie Bank				75
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100	10	6½	13
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		32
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank	£20	£20	15 p.c.	£59
Eastern Bank	£ 10	£ 4	4 ,,	92½
Mercantile Bank	£25	£12½	7 ,,	£19
Do.	25	12½	7 ,,	18-10
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ld	$ 125	$ 125	£2	...

Interest at 4 per cent. payable while line under construction. Interest has been paid upto 30th June 1911.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi).........	1100	1100	45	825
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	35
Breul's Cawnpore	200	200	6p.c.	128x
Broach City.........	200	200	14	170
Fort	475	475	22½	1280
Godavery Valley.........	100	100	6	...
Harvey & Sabhapatty ...	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P. and M.	250	250	15	...
Hingolee	100	100	6p.c.	80
Indian Cotton	125	125	10	142½
Jamna Gin. & Pressing Co..	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum	400	400	9p.c.	800
Mahomedpura Cotton......	125	125	7½	...
Mahuva	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile	125	125	nil	21
Manmar Mfg.	250	250	15	280
New East India	1000	1000	75	910
New Mofussil Co.	400	400	60	890
New Berar.........	500	500	40	590
New Prince of Wales	500	500	80	755
Oomri	100	112	nil	...
Purbhany	100	100	10	...
...nd	400	400	30	650
Surat City	200	200	20	245
Volkart U. P. Co., Ld. ...	500	500	50	720
Wadhwan G. & P.	150	150	12	N

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	yr. 10	890
Alliance	1000	1000	...	80
Berar Mfg	200	200	...	126½
Bombay Cotton Mfg	500	500	40	375
Bombay Dyeing and M. Co.	250	250	15	750
Bombay United	250	250	Nil	540
Century	100	100	3	297½
Central India	500	500	70	2415
China	1000	1000	...	950
Chho Silk	500	500	20	440
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1575
Coronation Mills	500	500	...	500
Connaught	300	300	...	200
Coorla	1000	1000	yr. 20	740
Crescent	100	100	4	128 3-4
Currimbhoy	1000	1000	...	1225
Crown	500	500	20	600
David	250	250	10	561 1-4
Emperor Edward	500	500	10	560
Empress	500	500	...	250
Edward Sassoon Mill......	200	200	nil	215
Fazulbhoy	250	250	...	562½
Framji Petit	1000	1000	25	1760
Finlay Mills	250	250	10	455
Gold Mohur	500	500	yr. 20	460
Hindustan	1000	1000	25	775
Howard and Bullough ...	500	500	15	490
Hyderabad	1000	1000	40	1200
Imperial Cotton.........	500	500	...	100
Indian Mfg.........	1000	1000	...	550
Indo-China Mfg.........	1000	1000	nil	850
James Greaves	500	500	...	325
Jamshed Mfg.........	250	250	5	208 3-4
Jivraj Baloo	1000	1000	...	500
Jubilee Mills	1000	1000	...	275
Khandesh	1000	610	25	880
Khatow Makonjee.........	1000	1000	45	1425
Kohinoor	500	500	15	892½
Leopold	100	100	...	72
Lakshmi Cotton.........	1000	1000	yr. 100	1460
Madras United	1000	1000	50	2875
Madhauji Dharamsay......	500	500	65	1645
Maneckji Petit	1000	1000	80	3272½
Morarji Goculdas	1000	1000	60	3200
Mysore Spinning	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning	30	30	...	...
Moon	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern	200	200	6	280
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	20	1125
Phoenix	100	100	6	142½
Presidency.........	1000	1000	...	500
Ripon	1000	1000	...	40
Sassoon Cotton	1000	1000	50	840
Sassoon Silk.........	500	500	yr. 35	475
Sholapur.........	1000	1000	125	5025
S. Mahratha	250	250	15	110
Standard Mills	500	500	25	1545
Sun	250	250	nil	160
Swan	250	250	10	312½
Swadesh	500	500	25	1910
Textile	500	500	20	1580
Vishnu Cotton ....O.	500	500	nil	497
Do. ...P.	500	500	nil	553
Western India	1000	1000	25	690

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Al'ck Ashdown & Co......	100	100	6 p.c.	170
All India Ut. Co. Ld......	100	20	5 ,,	15
Bamankua	10	10	...	7
Back Bay Bath	50	50	6 p.c.	28
Badham Pile	70	70	7 p.c.	94
Baroda Tram. Co	100	100	4 p.c.	53
Bombay Burmah T. Corpn	125	125	15 p.c.	555
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co. Ld. ....O.	£10	£10	Nil.	174
Do do. P.	£10	£10	6 p.c.	185
Bombay Ice Mfg.........	100	100	2 p.c.	20
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	20	995
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p.c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co. ......O	250	250	7-8	292½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	295
Central I. M. Co., Ld. ...	10	10	3½	34
Delhi Flour.........	200	200	10	130
Empire of I. L. A.	500	50	30 p.c.	200
John Roberts and Co. ...	100	100	5 p.c.	205
Josts Fans Supply Co. ...	100	50	7 yr.	50
Kemp and Co.........	200	175	12½ ,,	175
Karachi Landing	200	75	12	115
Marcks and Co	100	100	8	104
Marsland Price and Co O.	100	100	4 p.c.	...
Do. do. P.	100	100	7 p.c.	75
Napier Hotel Co.	100	100	...	...
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co.	200	50	20 p.c.	311
Oriental Mining	...	...	...	6
Phillips and Co.........	40	40	10 p.c.	34½
Port Canning Co.	1000	1000	yr. 42	780
Shivrajpore Syn. etc. ...	10	10	...	22
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.	100	100	5	90
Soundy and Co.........	100	100	...	20
Tata Iron Steel Co. Ld. O.	75	85	...	93
D.	30	80	...	207
P.	150	130	...	185
Thacker and Co.	50	50	30 p.c.	220
Telephone Co.........	25	25	yr. 1½	60
Treacher and Co.	500	500	yr. 30	485

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway	500	500	8 p.c.	700
Amritsar-Patty	100	100	6 ,,	136
Sindh Light Railways Ld. (Mirpur Khas—Jhudo Feeder) ...	100	100	6 ,,	} 142
Do. Mirpur Khas—Khadro Feeder...	100	100	...	}
Tapti-Valley Railway Co	00	500	4½.,	575
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	100	5¼ ,,	138
Central Provinces	25		4 ,,	73¼
Gujrat Railway	100		4 ,,	126

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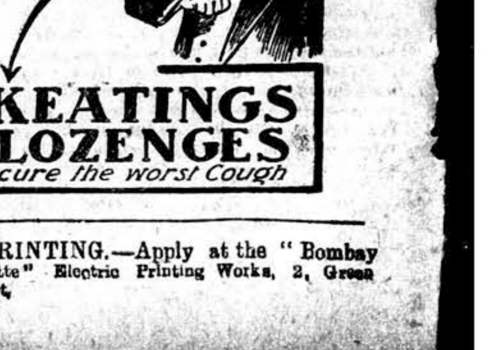
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GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

London, Sept. 27.

It is expected that the King will be present at the Second October Meeting at Newmarket for the Cesarewitch, when he will occupy his usual suite of rooms at the Jockey Club. Since his Majesty was last at Newmarket, Sir Ernest Cassel has become the possessor of the famous sporting estate of Six Mile Bottom, and, according to custom, the King will have a day among the partridge, during his stay.

There is an interesting rumour that the next Viceroy of India will be Prince Arthur of Connaught Despite reports to the contrary, it is probably that Lord Hardinge will remain in India until his full time has expired.

The deferred visit of the King and Queen to Chatsworth, which is expected to take place in November, will be the first important country house visit paid by their Majesties together, if the Royal progresses to Yorkshire and Lancashire be expected. Chatsworth has always been honoured by the presence of the Queen Consort when visited by the Sovereign, as the late King never stayed there without Queen Alexandra. It is probable that the theatrical for which Chatsworth was famous in the last reign will again be organized for the forthcoming Royal visit.

The place of the Princess's Theatre, on which the housebreakers are now at work, will eventually be taken by the inevitable huge hotel. The theatre has been a mystery for many years past, for although outside the ordinary theatre zone, there seems to have been no real reason why it should not have prospered as it used to do. Originally famous under the management of Charles Kean, the theatre was reconstructed more than thirty years ago. It then became well known as the house in which Wilson Barrett, playing in "The Silver King," made a fortune, and lost it on the same stage through his foolish insistence, in playing "Hamlet" for a hundred nights. He won in all back in "The Sign of the Cross," and died worth £50,000. The last successful plays to be staged at the Princess's were "Two Little Vagabonds" and the "Royal Divorce."

Sir J. N. Jordan, K.C.M.G., whose name, as British Minister at Peking, has been very much to the fore in connection with the Chinese loan, was the last representative of this country in the Corean capital. His Excellency's association with the Far East dates back thirty-six years or so, and in his spare time he has translated whole portions of the "Peking Gazette," which, it may be recalled, is the oldest newspaper in the world.

A fish harvest festival, such as is to be held at St Magnus the Martyr, the nearest church to Billingsgate Market, is somewhat of a novelty to Londoners, but it is fairly common in South Cornwall, where the pilchard fishery synchronises with harvest. At Newlyn and St. Ives and other fishing villages along the coast it is quite the usual thing to see long strings of pilchards taking the place of the more conventional decorations at the harvest festival. The only drawback to the substitution is the fact that the pilchard has a particularly pungent odour which does not promote devotion.

King George of Hanover, whose remains it is proposed to remove from Windsor to Gmunden, was stone blind; but this affliction did not prevent him from taking an active part in the war with Prussia which cost him his kingdom. He was present right through the battle of Langensalva, two aides-de-camp guiding his horse by means of leading-reins. After this defeat, which he regarded as final, the King took refuge in Vienna. His Consort, however, still showed fight, and betook herself to her castle at Marrienburg, which was her private property. Here she hoisted the Hanoverian flag, and announced her intention of remaining. Manteuffel, the Military Governor of Hanover, dislodged her by an ingenious expedient. He wrote to her Majesty that, as she was on Prussian territory, she was entitled to the honours shown by his Government to all Royal visitors. He, therefore, proposed to assign her a Prussian guard of honour and ladies-in-waiting, chamberlains, and equerries of the same nationality. Within forty-eight hours of the receipt of this letter Queen Marie had joined her husband in Vienna.

The motive of the Duke of Cumberland's request is the desire that his father should be entombed beside his consort, Queen Mary, on the principle that even in death man and wife should not be divided. But it was a different motive which induced the French people to get the remains of Napoleon removed from St. Helena to Paris. Louis Philippe, on the other hand, lies quietly in the little Roman Catholic church at Weybridge, and is likely to do so until the sound of the last trump.

Gmunden, near Vienna, has been to the dispossessed Guelphs what St. Germain, near Paris, for long was to our own dethroned Stuarts; though, in the case of the former, the hospitality extended to them by the Emperor Francis Joseph was but an acknowledgment of the fact that they had sacrificed their crown and kingdom by siding with him against Prussia in 1866. The story is set forth by "Gregor Samaroff" (the penname of King George's private secretary, Oscar Medding) in his most interesting historical romance, "For Sceptre and Crown."

There is a greater nuisance in London than the street distribution of handbills, which the Commissioner of Police has just prohibited. It is the house-to-house distribution of circulars and samples of all kinds. Almost daily the careful housewife finds the entrance hall littered with these evidences of the enterprise of the local tradesmen or some of the big manufacturing firms. The warning notice found on many front gates in suburbs, "No hawkers or circulars allowed, is invariably ignored, and so is the other, Beware of the dog," for the distributor knows that in most cases there is no dog to beware of.

The death of Baron Marschall von Bieberstein was not so much of a surprise to those belonging to his immediate entourage as it was to the public in general. His huge frame notwithstanding, the late German Ambassador had not been a strong man for several years past. At the Royal garden party at Windsor in July last, a few days previous to his leaving London for his holiday, Baron Marschall, in reply to inquiries as to his health, shook his head and tapped himself over the heart. Among those whose names have been mentioned as possible successors to the post of Baron Marschall is Prince Hermann Hatzfeldt, the son of a former German Ambassador to London, and at the present moment his country's representative at Cairo. Clever, well born, speaking English perfectly, and on the best of terms with English people, a delightful musician, the husband of a charming and gifted wife (who incidentally removed his one disqualification by making him a very rich man), Prince Hermann Hatzfeldt would undoubtedly be a success from some points of view. His drawback is the enviable one of youth, as he is still on the sunny side of forty.

The new first secretary to the Russian Embassy, in succession to M. Sevastopoulo, who has been transferred as Councillor to Paris, is Prince Wiazemsky, who up to recently was a second secretary at the Paris Embassy in the Rue de Grenelle. Prince Wiazemsky will be immediately proposed for the St. James's Club by his Ambassador, Count von Benckendorff.

It is only since the beginning of the present reign that the Queen has had her Maids of Honour in regular waiting at Balmoral, a custom which lapsed after the death of Queen Victoria. In the last reign Queen Alexandra dispensed entirely with the services of her Maids except at Buckingham Palace or at Windsor. This caused some disappointment, as up to that time the Maids of Honour were accustomed to follow their Royal mistress wherever she went, succeeding each other in pairs at regular intervals.

Prince Rene of Parma, who was seriously injured in a recent motor accident, is the fifteenth of the eighteen children of Duke Robert of Bourbon-Parma Of these eight are sons, and ten daughters. In the readjustment of Italy after the war of 1859, Duke Robert, then a minor, came rather badly off, his Duchy being absorbed by King Victor Emmanuel, notwithstanding the formal protest of his widowed mother. She was a granddaughter of Charles X., last King of France, his successor on the throne, Louis Philippe, being only "King of the French"—a distinction with a difference,

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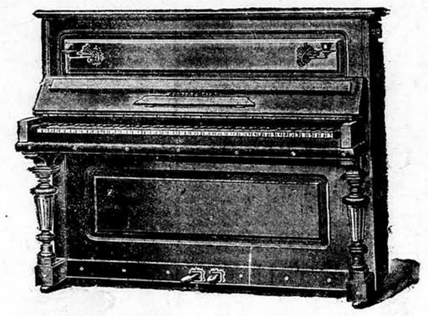
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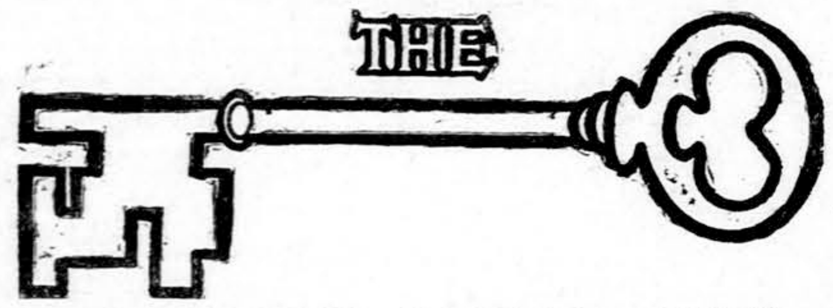


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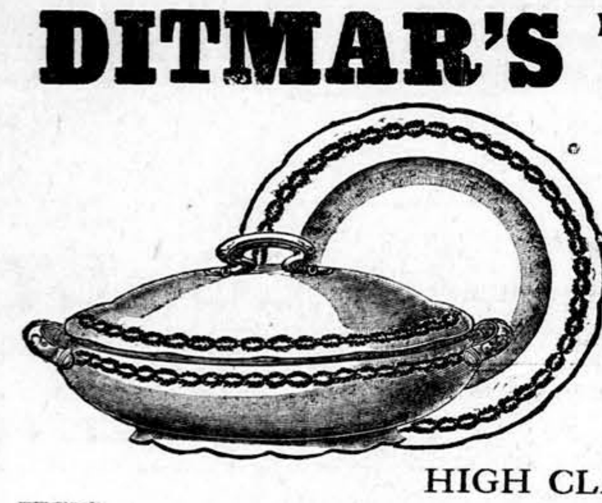
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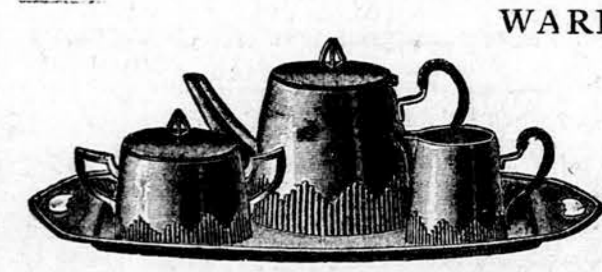
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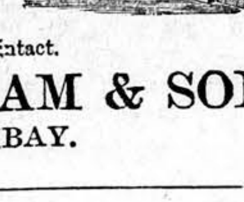
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